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New Sea Travel Policy of the War Dept.

Priority List and Allotment of Accommodations

THE Secretary of War has approved the policy of the War Department regulating the water transportation service from each of the overseas departments. A priority list which is now in effect will be continued, but the general requirements of the Army will be given consideration in the allotment of accommodations.

One month prior to the next scheduled sailing of the transport from the United States to his department, the commanding general of each overseas department will advise the Quartermaster General by radio of his local requirements for transportation of each class and kind. He will also state the number under orders and on leave and the priority list will be strictly adhered to.

As soon as possible the Quartermaster General will notify the department commander by radio what has been allotted to him on the next return voyage of the transport. The department commander will then proceed to allocate the remaining accommodations, if there are any, in accordance with his judgment as governed by the established priority list. After the allocation of accommodations to a department commander has been made his authority shall be limited to the proper disposition of this space only, and he shall have no authority over passengers issued round-trip transportation and occupying other space.

The only exception to this rule is where an emergency arises after allocation of accommodations as indicated above, such as illness or important and urgent business which requires transportation on the next transport in excess of that allocated. In this case radio notification will be promptly sent to the Quartermaster General setting forth the exceptional circumstances so that that office may be fully advised when acting on requests for return transportation, as now required by Army Regulations 30-1195 (Par. 15-e).

Round-trip transportation will not be authorized by the Quartermaster General where the return passage is on a different vessel, except where the Quartermaster General has already received and acted upon the department commander's request for accommodations on the return vessel and space is still available. In all other cases passengers will be allocated accommodations on the return vessel by the department commander in accordance with the priority list.

Chemical Warfare Service Reserve Instruction

THE War Department is planning to hold a two weeks' course of instruction for Chemical Warfare Service officers of the Organized Reserves, beginning June 4 at Edgewood Arsenal. Shortage of transportation funds is seriously interfering with a large attendance for the above camp, and it is believed that many Reserve officers who are desirous of taking advantage of this class will have to bear their own expenses in attending.

General Staff for Change in Uniform

ALTHOUGH no report has been given out from any source, it became known during the week that a majority of the General Staff favor a change in the uniform. In one division of the General Staff it is stated that three-fourths of the members voted in favor of a change in the collar.

As far as could be learned, the members of the General Staff express a diversity of views on the question of a dress or additional uniform. It is generally agreed that the question of a uniform is a vexing problem. There is an honest difference of opinion as to whether the time has arrived when an additional or dress uniform should be authorized for the Army. Not all of the members of the General Staff are in favor of an additional uniform at this time. Just how the General Staff stood on this question is not known, but the majority in favor of a change is so large that informal discussions of the subject around Washington indicated there is no doubt that the General Staff and, as far as that is concerned, officers on duty at the War Department favor a change.

It is stated that there was quite a difference of opinion as to when and how the change should be made. This will be a matter for General Pershing to decide if he accepts the recommendations of the General Staff.

Hundreds of officers have stated their views to the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL, as indicated in the Army uniform referendum reported on the succeeding page of this paper, where an interesting digest will be found.

Navy Officers Show No Desire for Line and Staff Amalgamation

AMALGAMATION of line and staff of the Navy, a proposition laid before the chiefs of bureaus by the Navy Department in the form of a proposed bill printed in this paper on March 24 and submitted to the officers of the Navy for referendum vote by a campaign opened in the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL on March 31, so far has failed to register one out-and-out favorable vote from the readers of this paper in the ballots received to this date.

The chiefs of bureaus are expected to report to the Navy Department their opinions on the bill referred to, with recommendations, during the coming week. In the meantime the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL again reprints the referendum ballot (on page 794) and presents this week two more letters from Navy officers. Both are against amalgamation. No letters so far received by this paper have taken up the cudgels for amalgamation of line and staff.

An officer of the Construction Corps writes:

No Real Benefit to Navy

THE ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL's several articles on this question meet with my commendation, especially the one entitled "Assimilation Beyond the Limit," etc. I would like to emphasize the points raised in that article by the further fact that the duties which are at present performed in corps are mostly of a nature which do not have counterparts afloat. In other words, much of this work is of an industrial nature, and detailed familiarity with such work can only be attained through association and practice. No amount of executive ability can possibly compensate for lack of special skill and training required to perform efficiently such duties.

As the result of this condition the specialized duties under consideration cannot be performed efficiently by officers untrained to the specialties, and it is beyond the reach of human endeavor to attain the skill required in these specialties, or

any one of them, and at the same time measure up to the present all-around requirements of a line officer.

The above remarks are mainly applicable to the amalgamation bill as proposed, that is, amalgamation without specialization. Amalgamation with specialization is, of course, much less objectionable, but likewise cannot accomplish any real benefit to the Navy as a whole for the following reasons:

1. It would be amalgamation in name only.

2. It would make possible (it might invite) the exercise of technical control by those least skilled to exercise it for the Navy's best interest.

3. It would invite a nondescript body of specialists, and would preclude organizing or welding them into an efficient organization for definite duty, both in peace and in war.

4. It would destroy that "esprit de corps" whereby corps members are urged to teach and to learn, thus to bring greater credit to the corps by increasing the average ability of its members; also to attain individual superiority and be assured of such recognition.

5. It would militate to the disadvantage of "specialists" in the matter of promotion by selection.

6. It would invite the under-assignment of officers for "special duty," thus restricting the efficiency of various functions. This objection is especially weighty in time of war, when the demand for officers is accentuated.

7. It would not guarantee "specialists" for special duty. This statement is justified by the recent history of officers trained in engineering and ordnance.

CONSTRUCTION.

From a line captain there comes this week the following:

Team Work Should Not Be Neglected

MY objection to the bill lies in the harm it will do to the Navy—first, to the line; second, to the efficiency of the work (Continued on page 794)

Army Outshoots Navy Men in Panama

Thirty-third Infantry Defeats U.S.S. Mississippi Team

SHOOTING over a course somewhat harder than the regulation qualification course, the 33d Infantry rifle team defeated a picked team of marines and sailors from the U.S.S. Mississippi at Fort Clayton, Panama, C.Z., recently, by 27 points with totals of 2,392 for the Infantry to 2,365 for the Navy forces. Ten shots were fired at 200, 300 and 500, slow fire, with twenty at 600 yards and ten shots at 200 and 300, rapid fire.

Col. W. O. Johnson, U.S.A., who has commanded the 33d Infantry since September, 1920, is a strong believer in introducing the competitive spirit into all phases of Infantry training. Sixteen officers and men tried out in four days elimination for the eight who were to carry the colors of the 33d in this match.

Lt. Col. E. C. Abbott was the team captain and coach and the personnel of the team was as follows, in order of scores made in the contest: 1st Sergt. Bochrath, Co. I, 305; Sergt. Thomas, Co. I, 304; Capt. F. E. Shaw, Co. B, 301; Sergt. Fluty, Co. E, 301; Pvt. Brunsell, Co. E, 300; Maj. C. Blumel, 299; Corpl. Moudry, Co. G, 295; Lt. Taylor, Co. A, 287, and Corpl. Ross, Co. I, and Lt. Turner, Co. H, alternates.

For the Marines-Sailors the lineup and scores were: Anderson, 302; Siler, 301; Lt. A. V. Henderson, 299; Whitt, 299; Amy, 298; Wells, 296; Drayer, 287, and Redmond, 283. This team, during the visit of the Fleet to the Canal Zone, has shot against some of the best of the clubs, and this is the first time it has been forced to dip its colors.

The U.S.S. Mississippi lost in each stage of the match except at 500 yards, when the Navy men at this stage beat the Infantry by a margin of 7 points. At no time, however, after leaving the 200 off-hand were the men of the 33d ever headed, and as this is the first time they have been tried out under the pressure of actual competition the showing is all the more remarkable.

Lt. Harry L. Lewis, who was largely instrumental in securing the contest, acted as team adjutant and supply officer. Neither team made feature scores because of the difficulty of shooting in the puffy winds which mark the dry season in the Canal Zone and because they had to use 1918 ammunition.

Field Artillerymen Highly Specialized

THE Field Artillery of the Regular Army at the outbreak of the World War consisted of nine regiments, with 408 officers and 8,252 enlisted men. On Nov. 11, 1918, the Field Artillery of the U.S. Army consisted of 22,393 officers and 439,760 enlisted men. Out of every hundred Field Artillery soldiers, 62 are highly trained specialists. In the battle of Ypres, in 1917, there were 85 Artillerymen to every 100 Infantrymen. On Nov. 1, 1918, during the attack of the American 5th Corps, the Artillerymen outnumbered the Infantrymen in this offensive.

ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL

Referendum on Army Uniform

AS indicated in preceding issues and hereinafter, the question of changing the Army uniform is exciting keen interest in all arms of the Service among the officers of the three components of the Army of the United States. Additional expressions of opinion are given on this page, and a check of the ballots received from March 24 up to April 11 shows the following result:

For a change in cut of the field uniform	432
For a change in color of the field uniform	40
For no change in the field uniform	126
For one additional uniform	203
For two additional uniforms	61
For dress uniform (no color or style specified)	76
For blue dress uniform	259
For civilian evening dress	76
For special evening dress	56
For present style of collar on coat	3
For turnover or roll collar on coat	247
For British or civilian type of collar	142
Time allowed for change:	
For six months or less	90
For one year	194
For two years or more	

Army Uniform Referendum Ballot

THE ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL asks the officers of the Regular Army, National Guard and Organized Reserve these questions. (Where space is insufficient, add sheets):

1. Do you favor a change in the present field uniform, (a) in cut, (b) in color?

Answer

2. If you favor a change, indicate briefly what it should be?

Answer

3. Do you think any additional uniform advisable and why?

Answer

4. If so, what in addition to the field uniform should be authorized?

Answer

5. How much time should be allowed for change?

Answer

Officer's Signature

Date

Suggestions as to Changes in Army Uniform

NOT IN FAVOR OF THE BLUE.

TO THE EDITOR:

HAVING been on duty at the Field Artillery School since September, I was much surprised to read the letter of "Field Officer, U.S.A.," to the effect that the sentiment there is in favor of the return of the blue uniform. My own impression, based on conversation with many officers, is that the sentiment at the school is just the opposite.

Several objections appear to apply to the return of the blue uniform. First of all, it is no longer the garment of a fighting man. Not a single shot was fired by an American wearing blue during the World War and unless military conditions change entirely blue will never again be used in combat.

No special sentiment can rightly apply to our last model of blue, as it was adopted and used during a long period of peace. The Civil War uniform differed from the 1917 dress uniform in almost everything except color.

If an officer will spend for an olive drab uniform the amount he would have to pay for a blue uniform he can have garments so well tailored and of so fine fabric that he looks not only soldierly, but sufficiently elegant to appear well at any formal function. Also, when his best olive drab uniform begins to get worn he can use it for drill and at work, whereas a shabby blue uniform is a total loss.

MAJOR OF INFANTRY.

Colonel, Infantry:

"Give us the Italian collar, colored tabs or pipings to indicate arm, regimental number in color on collar (large enough to be seen at ten feet). Abolish all dog-collar metal ornaments and give us a uniform that can be worn for dress, when new, for drill and every day when slightly worn, and at last for the target range and maneuvers before going to the discard."

Major of Infantry:

"In judging the roll collar one should not be guided by the appearance of the carefully chosen and usually wealthy members of a British military mission, but rather by the appearance of the officers of a line regiment, who often are anything but snappy and military. That the British adopted the roll collar for reasons other than those of comfort is borne out by the fact that the British enlisted men always have worn the closed collar on the olive drab coat."

Captain of Cavalry, U.S.A.:

"I am glad that Major, O.R.C., in the issue of March 31, designated ours as the 'field uniform.' That is what it is, and that is just where it should be worn—in the field. Must we, because we are devoting our lives to the Army, be sentenced to wear our field uniform to all of our social functions because some Reserve officers, who may have occasion to wear such a uniform perhaps twice a year, dislike buying a blue? Think of us, Major, O.R.C. Weigh the balance of your side and ours. Put yourself in our place and then decide whether we aren't entitled to have, or at least have the sole responsibility of deciding whether we shall have, a 'party dress' for our parties the same as you have in civil life."

Major of Infantry:

"I believe that the majority of the officers with whom I have spoken do not favor the adoption of the roll collar for the olive drab blouse. The present collar protects the neck in cold weather and has a distinctly military appearance. I have recently been in Europe and noticed many times that the British officers looked much less smart in their open-throated tunics than did the American officers in their high-cut blouses. Furthermore, I was told

by several British officers that they found the roll collar "sloppy" for all but the most carefully dressed officers, and that they wished they had never abandoned the old high-cut."

Colonel, Cavalry, O.R.C.:

"It seems an injustice to the Regular Army to deprive them any longer of the privilege of getting out of their working-clothes for social occasions and the like, and I believe a blue uniform should be restored at once. The adoption of any uniform regulations that would require an officer of the National Guard or Reserve Corps to purchase several different uniforms upon his being commissioned, or by a certain date, might result in the loss of some excellent material, and it has occurred to me that a uniform order which would permit the wearing of a dress or full dress uniform after a certain date but would not make it compulsory, might solve the problem."

Lieutenant, Engineers, U.S.A.:

"I am in favor of the system outlined in your article, from which the enclosed ballot was clipped, which would provide a new tailor made field uniform as 'dress uniform' with the following additions:

(1) Colored insignia in the form of patches, similar to French for branch and regimental designation.
 "92. Brass buttons."

Lieutenant, Infantry, U.S.A.:

"I am in favor of an open or roll collar, so cut that it may be turned up and fastened around throat and neck by a tab or otherwise. Permit the wearing of trousers for purely garrison duty, parades, ceremonies, etc., and the wearing of civilian clothing on post after retreat when not on duty."

Lieutenant, Cavalry, U.S.A.:

"By all means replace the present type of choke collar with the open or British collar. As to the likelihood of 'catching cold in the chest' from wearing the above mentioned type of blouse, which I noticed was an objection in a recent issue of the JOURNAL, permit all officers who have to soldier in chilly offices to wear shawls."

Major, Q.M.O.R.C.:

"The National Defense act contemplates one homogeneous Army. Therefore, there should be only one uniform for the Regulars, National Guard and Organized Reserves. In time of peace the uniform should be a thoroughly military uniform. My observation while on duty where there were officers of the British army indicates the roll collar does not do this. Aside from the above, many ex-officers who have accepted Reserve commissions can not afford for merely two weeks' training in camp to discard their present uniforms and buy new ones."

Lieutenant, Infantry, U.S.A.:

"The present high collar on the blouse should be replaced by a soft, roll collar, similar to the present civilian lapel collar. The present collar tends to choke the wearer, collars and stocks are difficult to keep in a natty appearing condition; the collar tends to weaken resistance of the neck and throat if exposed to the elements. The enlisted man in the Navy wears a low-cut V-collar, which certainly has not caused a prevalence of bronchial or pulmonary troubles in the Navy."

Major, Q.M. Corps:

"I understand the main objection to the dress uniform is additional cost. I have worn both uniforms, the dress and the olive drab, for approximately twelve years, and have found that the cost in the upkeep of uniforms was no more for two than for one. I have dealt with one tailor during my entire service since 1905, and in looking over my tailor bills I find

Fort Bliss Shows Up Well at Inspection

MAJ. GEN. EDWIN M. LEWIS, U.S.A., commanding the 8th Corps Area,

made his annual garrison inspection of the post at Fort Bliss, Texas, commanded by Maj. Gen. Robert L. Howze, March 12 to 15, inclusive. A reception was given March 12 in honor of Gen. Lewis at the post Officers' Club, all officers and their families attending, together with many citizens of El Paso and many delegates of the Southwestern Cattleman's Association then in convention at El Paso.

The 1st Cavalry Division (less the 1st Cavalry Brigade stationed at Marfa and Fort Clark) turned out for garrison review March 13 and made a splendid showing. This was followed by a general inspection of the area lasting three days, including William Beaumont Hospital. The general made a minute inspection of all headquarters, post schools, barracks, store-rooms, stables, animals, personnel and troops at drill. He showed keen interest and satisfaction in the various training activities and demonstrations given by the Cavalry, Machine Gun, Artillery, Engineer, Air Service, Signal and Medical troops. In speaking of the 1st Cavalry Division, the general stated generally that he never saw a better command, a command in better condition, better ready to take the field, and that he might even go farther in expressing his estimation and appreciation of its efficiency.

British Army Desires Dress Uniform

THE British army, like our own, is agitating a return to the dress uniform, and the Army, Navy and Air Force Gazette of London has received a number of letters on the subject, with the majority in favor of a dress uniform.

"Even with khaki as the best working dress," says the Gazette, "the credit of our Army, it is contended, must be upheld on ceremonial occasions, with guards of honor in full dress. We do not imagine that it would impress the Emperor of China, Ameer, Shah or Sultan of sunny lands and bright coloring to watch the Aldershot troops march past for one and a half hours in an indistinguishable column of brown on a sunless day. In a big ceremonial the distinctions of uniform are important—the garb of the Highlander, the green of the rifleman, the blue of the gunner, scarlet with bearskin, fusilier cap or bonnet, plastron, and proud traditional facings."

"Most of us remember how the army drilled, marched and maneuvered in hot red flannel. Then came the blessed relief of service dress. The period of reaction is with us now, and if we can hit a compromise in cost, color and comfort, units might gladly emerge from out of the brown."

now that I use twice as many olive drab uniforms as I did when I also used the blue dress. In other words, when I put on the blue uniform it took the wear off my olive drab. The blue uniform and olive drab of good quality cost about the same. There is absolutely nothing to the statement that it will increase the expenses of officers."

Captain, Infantry, D.O.L.:

"I would like to see the following changes in the field uniform:

1. Roll collar.
2. Loose fitting Norfolk jacket.
3. Large roomy pockets.
4. Abolition of breeches for dismount troops.

"This would, I believe, provide a field uniform that would be comfortable and sensible in the field, which is its paramount purpose. I would like to see either the old blue dress return, or better yet some modification of it."

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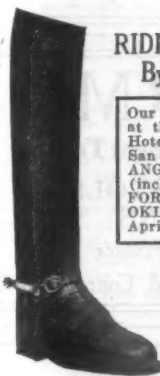
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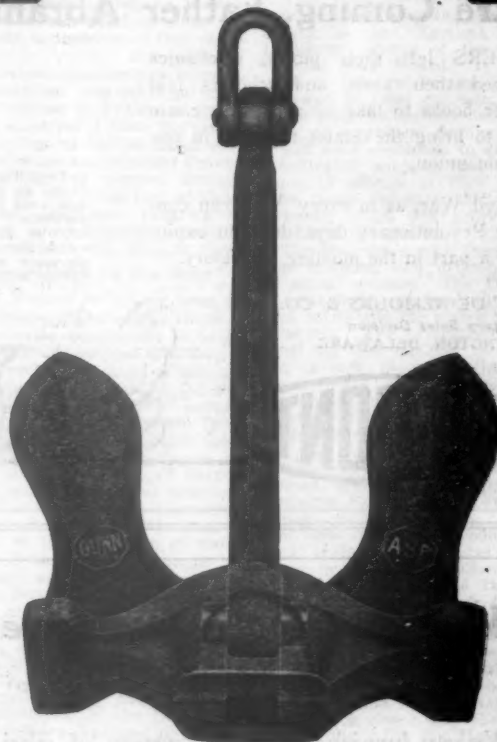
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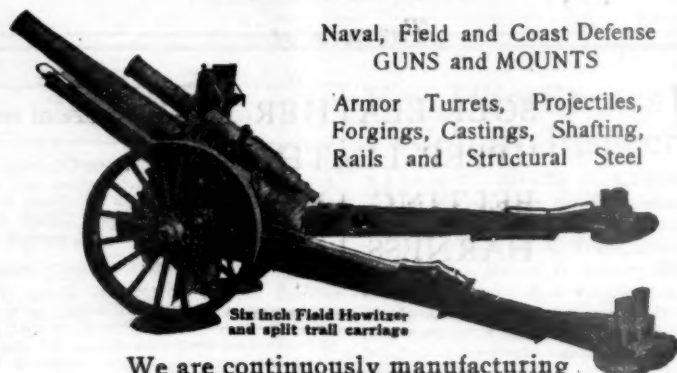
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THE THREE "AGES" OF SHOEMAKING

For centuries and centuries the method of making footwear did not vary. A mural painting discovered in the ruins of ancient Thebes shows Egyptian sandal-makers at work after the manner of the early New England cobblers. Until a few generations ago boots and shoes were made entirely by hand, and wholly by the individual craftsman. This was the first "age" of shoemaking.

In the Eighteenth Century small domestic shoe-shops arose, and groups of men and women, in shops and homes, made the footwear of the people, the work being more or less divided, but all still done by hand. This was the second "age".

About the middle of the Nineteenth Century the factory system developed and the introduction of shoe machinery began, until to-day in no field of manufacture has greater progress been made or more efficiency been attained through machinery. This is the third "age".

There is a machine now available for practically every process in the making of shoes. And, by the way, there are one hundred and forty different operations in the making of a Goodyear Welt Shoe, universally recognized as without a peer in those qualities which make a shoe desirable,—comfort, durability, appearance.

UNITED SHOE MACHINERY CORPORATION

EDITORIAL

Free and loyal discussion is necessary in order to conquer the truth.—Camille Flammarion.

Navy Needs Own Air Force

MR. ROOSEVELT, Assistant Secretary of the Navy, has announced that reports submitted to him demonstrate the great value of aircraft as smoke screen layers. Airplanes have some advantages even over surface vessels in laying smoke screens, since they can completely envelop ships by flying over and around them, while dense volumes of smoke are being emitted from the exhaust pipes with cut-outs left wide open.

This development emphasizes the soundness of two premises repeatedly supported in these columns. Naval Aviation must form an integral branch of the Navy itself, and must not be separated into an independent air force for employment either with Army or with Navy. The advent of air power fails to sound the death knell of the battleship.

Influence of Smoke Screen

NO novelty growing out of the late war promises to exceed in importance the influence of the smoke screen upon future sea hostilities. It introduces an element analogous to the irregularities of terrain in land warfare, which heretofore has been lacking upon the water. Cover may be afforded for tactical maneuver and for the protection of a weak force against a stronger one.

But smoke is a double edged weapon. Under the influence of wind it may easily and quickly be transformed from a valuable minor local defense to a serious major handicap, through interference with the gunfire and operations of forces enjoying an important advantage over the enemy. Smoke laying units, whether afloat or in the air, must be commanded by officers having a thorough understanding of naval tactics in all its aspects.

Air Protection of Battleships

NO others than proficient naval officers can be trusted with such a really vital function. The ability to lay smoke screens from the air affords an additional cogent reason why Naval Aviation simply cannot be unscrumbled from the Navy.

As to air power putting battleships out of date, we have consistently maintained that air power itself offers ample protection to battleships against air attacks; just as the destroyer has proved to be the best reply to the menace of torpedo attack—a greater menace to the integrity of battleships than the bomb attack. Bombers met in the air by fighting planes have little chance of reaching their objective; still less so if effective smoke screens can be laid from the air to cover the battleships from the view of the bombers.

Lessons of Fleet Maneuvers off Panama

THE benefits to be derived from combined operations of the entire Fleet were amply demonstrated in the recent annual maneuvers off Panama.

The simulated destroyer attacks clearly showed the need of a preponderance of auxiliary craft in any future wars under the conditions of a limited strength in capital ships.

The extraordinary efficiency of the naval air squadrons gave renewed emphasis of the growing value and importance of this branch of the Fleet.

The numerous, if relatively minor, deficiencies that developed during the course of the maneuvers proved that we have reached the danger point of inactivity at sea; made necessary by rigid economies in fuel appropriations.

Menace of Destroyer Attack in Battle

IN each of the destroyer attacks, conducted by only one squadron, several battleships were hit. Employment of a greater number of destroyers must have resulted in casualties to still more battleships. With the number of battleships reduced by treaty, the previously great menace of destroyer attacks during fleet battle becomes a matter of cardinal importance.

With the development of smoke screen

tactics it is no longer probable that a massed destroyer attack can be stopped by either battleship gunfire or aerial bombing. The only adequate reply is a strong force of high-speed auxiliary craft—destroyers, flotilla leaders and light cruisers—which can interpose against a hostile destroyer attack and break it up in the early stages. Without such a force a battleship superiority may easily become an inferiority at a critical period of battle.

Our Deficiency in Auxiliary Craft

THE value of these auxiliary craft is not confined to the defensive role, however. A superiority of cruisers and flotilla leaders may well enable even a small destroyer force to carry home a successful attack. It is these considerations which render our present deficiencies in cruisers and flotilla leaders so disturbing.

The British navy comprises great numbers of such vessels; so many as completely to upset the theory of equality with our fleet. The Japanese have embarked upon a great building program of combatant auxiliaries, especially light cruisers. Unless we meet this program their fleet will outmatch ours in spite of more numerous American battleships. Let us hope we will not fail to profit by the lesson of the destroyer attacks off Panama.

Efficient Performance of Air Squadrons

PERHAPS the most notable feature of the maneuvers was the performance of the air squadrons. They made no bid for the spectacular, which too often detracts from the practical value of air forces. No speed records were broken; no flying stunts pulled off. Their work was to go where the fleet went without causing any delays; to accompany it in the air whenever air craft were needed overhead; to precede it in some circumstances demanding the scouting of a large area in advance of the fleet. Plain "salt-horse" service of a most grueling character.

The freedom from accident or delay; the utility of the air forces in the naval aspects of the problems, and the amazing aggregate of 126,000 miles of flying incident to the maneuvers, are all truly astonishing achievements that have no parallel, at least on this side of the Atlantic or Pacific.

The eminently practical and rapidly growing importance of air power in close association with sea power, and the imperative need of retaining naval aviation within the organization of the Navy, were demonstrated in a most emphatic manner.

More Fuel Funds Needed

SINCE the maneuvers were witnessed by many members of Congress, it is to be hoped that next year's fuel allowances will be more liberal. No fleet can become efficient, nor maintain efficiency, except by frequent activity on blue water. Sea experience is needed from top to bottom, and is especially necessary under conditions of chronic changes of personnel, such as have always obtained in the United States Navy, due principally to the short enlistment periods and the grave deficiency in numbers of men and officers.

This year the Navy is faced with a turnover of nearly one-third of its entire enlisted force. The new recruits cannot be transformed into sailors or man-of-war's-men with ships tied up in harbors for long periods of time. Cruises must be frequent and reasonably long.

Officers also must have sufficient opportunity to handle their ships and to learn the highly intricate processes of co-ordinating the operations of one ship or squadron with another. The fleet can be welded into an efficient whole only through operating together as a whole.

Such activities require large quantities of fuel, which cannot be had at present prices for small sums of money. Provision of the necessary additional appropriations to enable our present Navy to operate more extensively in drill and maneuvers would be a more economical means of securing naval efficiency than would be an appropriation for a greater number of ships without the necessary fuel funds.

France's Dependence on Air Superiority

WHILE French ratification of the Washington treaties is still in considerable doubt, affirmative action seems to be indicated by the proposal of a leading member of the Chamber of Deputies that a new conference be called to consider the complete scrapping of all except an international naval force.

In spite of France's great financial straits, her willingness to join in further scrapping is somewhat puzzling when we consider the vital dependence of that country upon naval power. For defense against the never-ceasing German menace, freedom of passage of transports to bring North African troops to France is indispensable. For some relief from the possible smothering effect of British naval preponderance in Europe and overseas France requires the ability to menace British communications at the great foci of shipping near home. Her new program of submarines and other auxiliary craft is evidently designed with this need in view.

French Disarmament on Sea Only

WHY should France be willing even to consider disarming herself on the sea? The most probable explanation is to be found in the existing notable strength of French air power. To a large extent, air power can serve as a substitute for sea power, within the comparatively narrow waters that separate Great Britain from the continent of Europe, and France from northwest Africa.

An overwhelming superiority of French air forces can probably serve as sufficient restraint upon possible British aggression against French interests. The control, with air craft, of the 350 miles of water route between Africa and France is becoming more and more practicable.

The present degree of French air preponderance is astonishing. France maintains 130 active squadrons as against only fifteen British squadrons. In addition, France has a large air reserve, in both machines and trained men, so that within two days of mobilization she could put nearly 5,000 machines in the air. Half the towns of southern England lie at the complete mercy of the French. Under such conditions what have they to fear from a preponderant British fleet? Why should they hesitate to abolish the heavy expenses of fleet maintenance if the other powers will join in a general elimination of all men-of-war except an international force?

French Idea of International Navy

THE unpleasant menace of the French air power, and the tremendous expenses incident to meeting it while maintaining a great navy, may persuade Great Britain to lend a ready ear to the drastic proposals emanating from the French Chamber of Deputies. With a strong British representation in the international navy, and the maintenance of a supreme British merchant marine, British sea power would still be pre-eminent.

It is manifest that as regular navies are reduced the importance of the sea power represented by merchant ships is magnified. Merchant ships of certain types possess many of the qualities inherently necessary for fighting craft. A good gun and aircraft platform, large radius of action, and high speed. To equip them for war purposes is a task quickly and cheaply done. With but few men-of-war afloat, a large aggregation of merchant ships might easily control the waters of the earth.

French Proposal too Drastic for America

WHILE Britain may afford to consider the new French scrapping proposal, America cannot. The failure of the Ship Subsidy bill sounded the death-knell of the American merchant marine.

If our Navy goes into an international force, the security given us by sea power and by air power exerted over the waters will be gone. Moreover, when we consider the great diplomatic defeat administered to us by European statesmen at the Washington Conference, we should be very chary of any further conferences whose ostensible object is to pare down the burdens of competitive armaments. As before, we are likely to lose our relative strength without a reduction of expenses

in any way commensurate with those of the other nations.

Interesting Publications

TACTICAL Principles and Decisions Vol. II, "The Offensive." The Command and General Staff School, Fort Leavenworth, Kas., 1920. Revised Edition 1922. The General Service Schools Press, Fort Leavenworth, Kas., 1922.

This book is the second in the five-volume series, covering the subject matter taught in the "Tactical Principles and Decisions" course of the Command and General Staff School. It carries on the work of the first volume, which has been reviewed in these columns, although some of the subjects are introduced by the statement of a problem dealing with them.

The book continues to deal with rather complicated subjects appropriate to the study of officers of high rank. It contains some valuable field order annexes, however, which will prove instructive to officers of all grades.

The book deals with the problem of taking, retaining and utilizing the offensive in actual combat. The Development for Combat deals with two subjects; the march to a battle and the march in readiness for a battle. The principles of the conflict itself are first outlined in the sixth chapter, Attack in a Meeting Engagement, which deals with the rôle of Artillery, Machine Guns and Signal Communications. It is illustrated with the same type of problem which proved so valuable in the first volume.

The next chapter covers exactly the same ground, dealing with an Attack Against a Prepared Position, and covering Artillery, Signal Communications, Medal Service and two practical problems. The Attack against a Defensive Zone is introduced by a problem, followed by a discussion of the use of the Infantry Brigade and a second applicatory problem.

The chapter on the Passage of Lines deals with the experience in battle and the attack made after passage, while the Employment of Divisional Engineers in Attack is treated under the heads of general discussion and special situations.

The book closes with the eleventh chapter dealing with the Holding Attack, in which the division is acting as part of a corps.

"MODERN Cavalry and Fast-Moving Composite Units," by Lt. Col. Grazioli of the Royal Italian army, heads the list of articles in the Cavalry Journal for April. Other interesting articles in this number are the following:

"Razor, Some Horses and Wolves," by Capt. Gordon Gordon-Smith of the Royal Serbian army.

"Standard Instruction for National Guard Armories," by Maj. J. J. Johnson, 117th Cav., O.N.G.

"The Experiences of the First American Troop of Cavalry to Get Into Action in the World War," by Capt. Stephen H. Sherrill, Cav.

"The Briderless Squad," by Maj. Charles B. Amory, Cav.

"How Cavalry Exploits Its Victories," by Capt. J. B. H. Cruikshank (Camb.), F.R.G.S., late 18th Lancers.

"An Ideal Type of Cavalry Horse," by E. H. Carle, ex-1st Lt., 303d Ammunition Train, 78th Div.

"With the German Cavalry Advance in 1914," by Dr. Vogel, translated by Col. N. F. McClure, Cav.

"The 4th Austrian Cavalry Division in the Fight at Volchkovay, Aug. 21, 1914," by Gen. N. N. Golovine.

"Fiddlers Green and Other Cavalry Songs," by J. H. S.

"Training of National Guard Cavalry," by Col. G. C. Fair, 103d Cav.

"The Employment of Chemical Agents and the Cavalry Service," by Capt. J. W. Weeks, 2d Cav.

THE Infantry Journal for April has for its leading article, "The Reds in America," by P. M. Whitney. Other articles of interest include, among others, the following:

"Our Friends and Neighbors," by Lt. Col. E. H. Wagner, 18th Inf.

"Interesting Old Records," by Capt. S. B. Carroll, Inf.

"Respect for the Flag," by Col. A. M. Owsley, National Commander of the American Legion.

"Home from the War," by Maj. H. A. Finch, O.E.

"Company Fund at Work," by Capt. J. W. Bollonbeck, 25th Inf.

"The Principles of War," by Col. W. K. Naylor, U.S.A.

Navy Referendum on Amalgamation

(Continued from page 789)

now being performed by the staff corps named.

At the present time, whether from the pressure of certain relatively unimportant peace-time work or from a lack of knowledge of what to do and how to do it, the line of the Navy is utterly failing to prepare the Navy as a whole and the fleet in particular to fight.

The great team work required to carry on successfully a naval campaign, or even the battle phase of a campaign, is being almost entirely neglected. Line officers are so engrossed in carrying out a very few of the many details connected with the Navy's work that they give no time to training our great "battle team" in the team work of battle or to training our great "fleet team" in the team work of a naval campaign.

Were a football team to be handled as the line of our Navy handles the largest and most powerful team ever made by man, those responsible for the team could not last a minute. No college would stand from a team gotten up for sport what the United States is standing for from the team it has created to insure its welfare, if not for its very existence.

What good would a football team be that had equipment and personnel of a class as high as our Navy team has, but which spends all its time, (1) cleaning, polishing and preserving its equipment; (2) putting a few of its men on the field in uniform and having them run around in little bunches (our usual cruising and so-called "fleet maneuvers"); (3) kicking and passing the ball (target practice), and (4) running individual races up and down the field (engineering competitions), but which not only never lines up even the players it has as a team to practice the game, but also never gets them together to study its plays on the blackboard (chart and game board maneuvers)?

What could be expected of even a tiny football team if so trained? And what could be expected from an untrained and infinitely larger team when it enters a game a million times more complicated where there are no rules and no restrictions as to what can be done in the game? A team so trained could expect only defeat—and not an honorable defeat, but a disgraceful and complete annihilation, not only of the team, but also of our country's well-being.

If the line of the Navy is already so engrossed with details, necessary and important though they be, that it cannot get time to organize and train the Navy to be

a "team" in war, what will happen if we turn the line still further from the fighting end of its job to attend to supply, to design, and to building work on shore?

True, the line may not become very much worse at doing its real job if such work is put off on it than it is now, but with still more non-fighting work put on it it will be just that much more difficult for the line to brace up should it ever decide to take that very important and essential step.

If nothing more is given to the line to take its mind from the main task, it seems probable that some day the line will try to brace up, and for that reason I, for one, don't want to see anything put on the line to prevent its doing so.

Staff Corps Necessarily Specialists

As regards the harm that will come to the work now being done by staff corps, I think almost any one will admit that better work on such complicated matters can be done by specialists who devote their lives to it than by any mere "Jack-of-all-trades." To design and construct fighting ships along lines indicated by trained fighting officers is sufficiently complicated to require all the attention of a very considerable corps. So is the matter of supplying what is needed by a trained fighting team at sea, or of creating the yards to maintain it in the efficient material condition the fighting officer demands.

Just as the line will get a fearful setback if such duties are put upon it, so will the important and highly technical work now done by the staff corps suffer under the comparatively inept handling of line officers.

As it seems to me, amalgamation may possibly cure a few very minor of the Navy's ills, but in curing them it will only aggravate and forever prevent our curing the great major illness that makes our Navy impotent to-day.

And what are the minor ills this amalgamation will supposedly cure? Are they such things as (1) a failure of the staff corps to work with the line; (2) inequalities in promotion between corps, etc? If so, they can all be cured if the line but does its duty.

Line Must Clean Up Its Own House

I have never found the staff corps doing anything but their level best when the line did its part and gave them a sound plan to work to. But how can the line expect good co-ordination from the staff corps while the line itself fails to lead in the way it should?

Once the line starts attending to its one great job—that of making the Navy entrusted to its care a Navy prepared to fight—I believe there will be nothing but co-operation from the staff corps. The whole trouble is in the line. Once we of the line clean up our own big house, the other and small houses will surely take care of themselves.

If Amalgamation, Let It Be Complete

However, if amalgamation is to be forced on us in spite of all, why not have the line swallow the Medical and Chaplain Corps, too, and make a complete job of it? If in addition to being a fighting officer, I can also run supplies, design and build ships and engines, design and build dry docks, wharves, coaling plants and seven-story buildings, why, as a mere side issue, can't I also be an M.D. or a D.D.? Is it because those two professions are too complicated for even the infinitely versatile line officer who can qualify for everything else, or is it because doctors and preachers should never fight? If it is the former reason, let me protest against the aspersion cast on the line, for I, for one, feel that if I can do all the other things amalgamation might put on me, I can at the same time be an equally good doctor or preacher.

If the United States wants its naval fighters to do anything and everything but be ready to fight, amalgamation will bring that about and make us worse as fighters than we are even now. But can anyone believe that that is what the country wants or needs? I don't believe it, and that is why I am opposed to this amalgamation.

A LINE CAPTAIN.

A CITIZENS' military club was organized recently at Kingston, N.Y., when Dr. Samuel Stern, civilian aid, presided, and a Kingston unit of the C.M.T.C. was formed. Lt. B. M. Kaplan, O.R.C., explained the advantages of the C.M.T.C. The following officers were elected: President, Sprague Talbot; vice president, Ellery Morris; secretary, Eltinge Burgevin; treasurer, Richard Burgevin.

National Guard Notes

BATTERY B, 103d Field Art., Rhode Island N.G., won the Carlton Davis Memorial Cup from Battery C in a keen competitive drill on March 27, in the armory of the mounted commands at Providence. The French 75-mm. guns were used in the drill, which was finely executed. Among the officers present were: Maj. Horace L. Manchester, state Q.M.G.; Col. Herbert Bliss, chairman of the House Committee on Militia; Col. George Williams, U.S.A.; Maj. G. A. Taylor, U.S.A., instructor, R.I.N.G.; Maj. William F. Hoey, jr., Col. Herbert B. Dean and Maj. Davis G. Arnold. The trophy is donated in honor of Capt. J. Carlton Davis, who was killed in action in France on July 30, 1918. He was a member of Battery A and was captain of the 103d Field Artillery, A.E.F.

MAJ. GEN. FRANK W. COE, U.S.A., Chief of Coast Artillery, will be the guest of honor at the armory of the 13th Coast Defense Command, N.Y.N.G., in Brooklyn, N.Y., Monday night, April 23, when, upon the invitation of Col. Sydney Grant, he will review a brigade composed of the 9th Coast Defense Command, Col. J. J. Byrne, 212th Artillery (anti-aircraft), Col. Nelson B. Burr, and the 13th Coast Defense Command, Col. Grant. A feature of the evening will be a novel exhibition of an airplane attack, during which a plane will maneuver from one end of the large armory to the other amid the firing of anti-aircraft guns, etc.

THE Coast Artillery Corps, Rhode Island National Guard, on April 9, tendered a review to the Military Committee of the House of Representatives of Rhode Island. The committee was headed by Gen. Herbert Bliss, representative from Newport. The companies from Pawtucket, Woonsocket, East Greenwich and Westerly were present. An interesting series of exhibition drills was held, including artillery drill, ending with a simulated night drill, using the searchlight. Formal guard mounting and escort of the color were held. All the eight companies, headquarters detachment, medical detachment, and band were formed for the review, under command of Col. Cyril L. D. Wells, C.A.C., R.I.N.G. An interesting feature was the participation in the review of the new 43d Divisional Signal Co., commanded by Capt. John J. Finnegan, S.C., R.I.N.G., a former officer of the N.Y.N.G. The large crowd present included many visiting officers. Plans are being made for the corps to go to Fort H. G. Wright in August for field training.

THE officers of the Infantry and Medical Corps of the Michigan National Guard, stationed at the Detroit armory, and consisting of the officers of the 125th Infantry, 32d Division Special Troops, and the 107th Medical Regiment gave their annual dance at the armory on April 5. The armory was beautifully decorated and was transformed into a beautiful camp for the occasion. A solid canopy of flags overhead hung from a battleship turret made a colorful ceiling. The old Army custom of dancing the Paul Jones was carried out. In the receiving line were Col. John S. Bersey, A.G. of Michigan; Col. and Mrs. Guy M. Wilson, 125th Inf.; Lt. Col. and Mrs. Milton L. Hinkley, 125th Inf.; Maj. and Mrs. Max R. Baetcke, 125th Inf.; and Capt. and Mrs. Myles D. Savelle, Regular Army, instructor. Among the many guests were Canadian officers from Windsor and Walkerville, officers of the Air Service from Selfridge Field, officers of the 2d Infantry, U.S.A. from Fort Wayne, officers of the 106th Cavalry, the 182d Field Artillery, O.R., and prominent officers of the Reserve Corps.

THE Adjutant General of Georgia has recommended the following dates and places for the annual summer camps of the Georgia National Guard:

At Fort Bragg, N.C.—118th Field Artillery and Co. A, 164th Engrs. Tentative dates, from July 1 to 15, inclusive.

At Camp McClellan, Anniston, Ala.—1st Squadron, 108th Cav., and Hospital Co. No. 114. Tentative dates, from July 8 to 23, inclusive.

At St. Simons Island, Ga.—122d Infantry. Tentative dates, from July 15 to 30, inclusive.

THE following schedule of dates for field training of the Ohio N.G. for the year of 1923 is announced:

At Camp Knox, Ky.—July 22-Aug. 5: 62d Field Art. Brigade; 112th Engrs.; 37th Tank Co.; 112th Ordnance Co.

At Camp Perry, Ohio—July 11-25: Hqrs., 37th Division; Special Troops, 37th Division (less 37th Tank Co. and 112th Ord. Co.); Hqrs. and Hqrs. Troop, 54th Cav. Brigade; 107th Cav. July 26-Aug. 9: 73d Inf. Brigade; 37th Division Train, Q.M.C. Aug. 10-24: 74th Inf. Brigade; 112th Med. Regt.

Reserve Officers' Rental Allowances

AS was anticipated in a recent issue of the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL, the principle of the Comptroller General's decision of March 23, 1923, though dealing specifically with National Guard officers, has equal application to Reserve officers.

Even though furnished shelter if their dependents are not occupying public quarters during the period involved, Reserve officers who have dependents are entitled to rental allowances when they are on active duty at training camps. Those Reserve officers who have no dependents and while on active duty at training camps are entitled to rental allowances only if not furnished quarters of any kind for personal use. Also, Reserve officers are entitled to rental allowances, with or without dependents, while on active duty at Service schools only if not furnished quarters of any kind for personal use.

On presentation, in proper voucher form, at the Finance office at which their pay accounts for the period involved were settled, claims for rental allowance of Reserve officers, which arose by reason of the act of March 4, 1923, and the Comptroller General's decision of March 23, 1923, covering periods of attendance at the training camps during the past season, will be paid.

Both National Guard and Reserve officers, entitled for a continuous period of less than one month to Federal pay, shall receive such pay for each day of such period and the thirty-first day of a calendar month shall not be excluded from the calculation. During such period and prior to their departure to their homes the entire amount of pay and allowances, which includes mileage, may be paid. Preparations are now being made to evolve a suitable form for payments of the nature involved herein, which will shortly be approved. The War Department contemplates the distribution of these forms for use at the 1923 summer camps.

Association of Army and Navy Stores, Inc., Moves

THE removal of the home offices of the Association of Army and Navy Stores, Inc., from 505 5th avenue to the Winfield Building, 469 5th avenue, corner 40th street and 5th avenue, New York city, owned by the F. W. Woolworth Co., took place on April 10. This move to new quarters was necessitated by the remarkable growth of this association, which took its first office location in December, 1916, then contemplating the formation of the Association of Army and Navy Stores, Inc., and was located in a small office approximately 12x16 feet on 42d street, between 5th and 6th avenues.

In 1917, after the incorporation of the Association of Army and Navy Stores, Inc., the home office moved to 505 5th avenue, where two rooms were taken on the sixteenth floor. As the business grew steadily, the office had to be enlarged, and at one time office space was on the third, sixteenth, seventeenth and eighteenth floors of this building. In 1920, after purchasing two leases, the association concentrated its offices on the entire seventeenth floor of this building and in a comparatively short time, due to continued growth, finally absorbed all but two offices on the eighteenth floor, in addition to the seventeenth floor.

Starting with a personnel of the president, general manager, one salesman and one stenographer in December, 1916, the organization has grown by leaps and bounds, until to-day exactly 100 people are on the New York office pay roll, which does not include the state, city or section representatives, nor officers or directors of the company, nor those employed in the twenty-one branch offices scattered throughout the country.

For some time previous to this move the association was seriously handicapped on account of lack of space and the new offices at 469 5th avenue give ample and sufficient space and facilities for expansion for some time.

The new offices occupy the entire ninth floor in the Winfield Building, 469 5th avenue, and contain a floor space of 10,000 square feet, which is two and one-half times as large as the former one at 505 5th avenue. From the new offices a fine view is given up and down 5th avenue, with the New York Public Library directly across the street, and Arnold, Constable Co. and the Knox-Hat Co. occupying the two remaining corners.

Navy Officers' Referendum Ballot.

AMALGAMATION OF LINE AND STAFF.

The officers of the Navy are asked by the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL to use this ballot for the purpose of expressing their individual opinions upon the question of amalgamation as proposed by the Navy Department in a tentative bill.

1. Do you favor the amalgamation of the Supply Corps, the Construction Corps and Civil Engineer Corps with the Line of the Navy?

2. Do you favor the bill as submitted to the Navy Department and printed on page 726, ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL, March 24?

3. If you do not favor the bill, what is your chief objection?

Signed

Date

Army and Navy News from Washington

By E. B. Johns

FROM the Navy come confidential complaints against the depleted and neglected condition of the coast defenses. While the coast defenses are manned by the Coast Artillery branch of the Army, studies by the Navy General Board have emphasized the importance of the Coast Artillery of the Army as a holding force for naval bases. In some of the larger powers the coast defenses are under the jurisdiction of the naval authorities. More and more are the coast defenses being recognized as the point of contact between the Army and Navy in the general scheme of preparedness. There is a conviction in the Navy that the Navy Department should be consulted in building shore fortifications.

Especially are the naval authorities apprehensive as to the condition of naval bases since the limitation fixed upon fortifications by the Arms Conference. It is now no secret that the American naval advisors at the Arms Conference are of the opinion that the United States made a great sacrifice in agreeing to the limitations contained in the provisions of the treaty affecting naval bases. They are, therefore, anxious that the coast defenses that were authorized should be kept up to the highest state of efficiency and be fully manned with a well trained force. This condition of the coast defenses or naval bases is necessary to assure the freedom of the Fleet in conducting offensive operations against the enemy. The commander-in-chief of the Fleet should always have the assurance that his bases are secure against an attack from the enemy.

Navy Favors Coast Artillery Increase

NATURALLY, the Navy Department is not inclined to make public any complaint against or criticism of the War Department or the Army. As vitally as the Navy is interested in the condition of the coast defenses upon which the naval bases rest, its officers have hesitated a long time before making their views known on the great reduction that has been made in the strength of the Coast Artillery and the depletion of the coast defenses of its trained personnel. However, at a recent conference of Army and Navy officers, the high ranking naval officer who has made strategy and the larger problems of national defense his life study spoke frankly upon the subject. His address is said to have been a real sensation and of such a startling character that it has not been made public.

It is known, however, that he charged that under the present policy of the reduction in the Coast Artillery the Army would not be in condition to support the Navy in the event of war. While his address was a general arraignment of the policy under which the Coast Artillery has been reduced far below its pre-war strength the high point of it was reached when he dealt with the Philippines. Here he claimed that the policy of substituting Philippine Scouts for trained Coast Artillery troops was a positive menace to the naval base in the Islands. This address has started a quiet but intense discussion of the whole coast defense problem.

The situation is unique in that the Navy is virtually urging an increase in the strength of one of the branches of the Army.

Assignment of Colonels

WHEN the new policy of the War Department relative to colonels of the combat branches is put into effect, the first thing that an officer will ask for after he has been promoted to the grade of colonel will be the command of a regiment. The command of a regiment will then be the chief ambition of officers of the Infantry, Cavalry, Field Artillery and Coast Artillery.

Promotion in time of peace and in war will be based chiefly on demonstrated ability to command. Colonels who have failed utterly in their test with a regiment will probably go before a Class "B" board. Whether they will be eliminated by the usual process will then depend upon their records in staff work.

It is recognized that there is a large class of officers who are not natural commanders who become really experts in the Ordnance, Judge Advocate General, Quartermaster, Adjutant General and Finance

branches. There are Engineers who are not a success as troop leaders. Therefore, the new policy of a systematic rotation in the command of regiments will tend to classify officers in the Army so that in the event of war the Secretary will not be in doubt as to what assignment to give each officer.

The Adjutant General has been directed to prepare what might be called a command roster of the colonels. Questionnaires have been sent out to all the colonels in the combat branches. The chiefs of the branches have also been asked to make a report upon the record of their regimental commanders. The report from the Chief of Infantry indicates that there are about forty Infantry colonels who have not commanded regiments. The other branches, it is stated, have about the same percentage of officers who have not had an opportunity to demonstrate their ability to command a regiment or its equivalent. In the Coast Artillery, where there are no regiments a tactical command which is the equivalent of a regiment will be the determining factor.

Foreign Service Roster

IT has not yet been determined whether the foreign service roster or the new regimental roster will be given the first consideration in the assignment of officers. Serious objections have come from a number of sources to any interference with the foreign service roster. An attempt is being made in the General Staff to work out a compromise by which the policy of rotating the colonels in the command of regiments can be carried out without seriously interfering with the foreign service roster. An exhaustive study is being made of the subject so that every colonel will be given the command of a regiment about two years out of six.

In forming the new roster credit for regimental command in the Spanish War, the Philippine Insurrection and the World War will be given. It is evident that the task of making the roster is one that will require a close examination of the records of every colonel in a combat branch. The Adjutant General is now engaged in this work. It will, however, not be necessary to complete the roster by July 1, when the new policy is to go into effect, for there will be plenty of officers without service as regimental commander who will be entitled to be assigned to regiments. When an officer is assigned to a regiment, as a rule he will not be relieved for two years, unless it should become apparent that he cannot qualify. It is possible that colonels who have become convinced that they are not suited for the command of combat troops will at their own request be relieved and assigned to staff duties.

Recommendations from Maneuvers

A JOINT official report will be made on this year's maneuvers of the beet at Panama. Furthermore, it is believed that some concrete recommendations will be made to Congress by the War and Navy departments.

Secretary of War Weeks, in discussing the subject, indicated that the Army was about as much interested in the joint exercises as was the Navy. The problem of defending the canal is one for both Services to solve. In fact, the Air Services of both the Army and the Navy have functions to perform and there must be the closest co-operation between the land and sea forces.

One thing is said to have been brought out, and that is the importance of the airplane in observation. By co-operation between the Air Service of the Army and the Coast Artillery the range of the big guns of the fortifications can be extended and be made more effective. The same is true of the fleet.

Aviation in the future is going to have much to do with the control of the fire of battleships. But in both cases it is claimed that aviators must be trained to serve with the Navy if they are to be efficient in spotting for battleships, and must be especially trained for directing the fire of the shore batteries.

The reports from Panama have already indicated that some new fortifications must be installed at the canal. These will probably be outlined in the joint report to Congress.

IT is evidently the plan of the Administration to play politics with the modernization of the Navy. It is a critical hour in the history of the treaty Navy, for, if the politicians are to prevail over the advice of the naval authorities in the elevation of the guns of the Fleet, where this sacrifice of the strength of the nation afloat will end cannot now be foreseen. The crying need of the hour is a big, courageous national leader like former President Theodore Roosevelt. Up to this writing no one who can command the attention of the public to the dangers which threaten the Navy has spoken.

In effect, the Administration appears to be on the verge of adopting the Bryan idea on national defense. William Jennings Bryan has contended all along that if this nation would disarm, all of the other great powers would follow its example. Of course, the Arms Conference disproved this, but the "peerless leader" never was concerned with the facts of history when he started out on a crusade against anything or for anything. He is still crusading against the Army and Navy, despite the ridiculousness of his now famous declaration that a million men would spring to arms between sun-up and sun-down in the event of war.

Handicapping the Navy

NOW comes the Administration with the suggestion to the Navy Department that, despite the admission that this country has the right under the treaty to elevate the guns of the Navy, it should not do it. A member of the Cabinet is very insistent in urging that if the United States does not elevate the guns of its Navy when it has a right to, this will strengthen the treaty and have a beneficial effect upon the other contracting parties of the international agreement. They, it is urged, will follow the example of the United States and not build up to the allowance of the treaty. How like the Bryan theory of disarming by example is this position of one and possibly two members of the President's Cabinet!

Unfortunately, the members of the Cabinet and other public men who are advocating this handicap for the American Fleet would not be in the battleships in the event of war. Neither do they understand the problems of the Fleet, but are playing for what they think will be political ammunition for the party in the next election.

Of course, there is a possibility of a reaction in public sentiment against yielding to the influence of British diplomacy. This, it is stated, is the only possible development which makes the Administration leaders hesitate in making a further sacrifice of the strength of the Navy by refusing to use the money which has been appropriated for the elevation of the guns.

Bad Result of Skimping Maneuver Funds

SOME very disquieting reports as to the serious inefficiency in handling the Fleet in the maneuvers have reached Washington through unofficial channels. These weaknesses in the personnel of the Navy, if they exist, can be traced directly to the failure of Congress to make the necessary appropriations for maintaining the Navy at its traditional high standard.

It is stated that in marksmanship, especially in firing at the Iowa, the results were gratifying to the commanding officers. It was in maneuvering and in tactics where the Fleet proved to be inefficient, according to these advices. The battleships, it is claimed, did not maintain a good line. They were frequently out of line, and it is stated that one of the battleships blanketed another during the firing.

The destroyer torpedo practice, according to the report, was way below the standard and the requirement of battle. It is asserted that the destroyer force would have been "an easy prey" for an enemy's cruisers. In launching dummy torpedoes the destroyers did some excellent

work, but in tactics the destroyer force was faulty, much to the embarrassment of the commanders.

Too Many Untrained Men

WITHOUT regard to whether these reports exaggerate the deficiencies of the Fleet, it is known that the commanders were working under great difficulty on account of a lack of training of the enlisted personnel. The Fleet with 58,000 enlisted men is now absorbing 36,000 recruits. Even the older men did not have the opportunity last year to keep up with their work. The condition of the personnel of the Fleet and the lack of general training can be traced to the failure of Congress last year to appropriate sufficient funds for fuel.

The joint maneuver last year was abandoned on account of the lack of fuel and the Fleet was virtually tied to the dock as far as training afloat was concerned. Even this year the Fleet is compelled to economize in the use of fuel, and it will be a year or two before the Fleet will fully recover from the indiscretions of Congress in the cutting of the appropriations for fuel.

Last year Congress played politics with the Navy in the depletion of its fuel. Now in the approaching campaign it is proposed to stop its modernization in making a play for popular favor in the next election. In some quarters there is a disposition to inquire whether the Administration is forming an alliance with Bryan. Attention is called to the fact that the Commoner and the President were very neighborly during the Chief Executive's recent vacation in Florida.

The Ex-Iowa Unsinkable

IT would be easier to sink a modern battleship than the ex-Iowa under the conditions surrounding the target practice conducted at Panama. The Iowa was put into condition that made it possible for experiments with different caliber guns, and with a view to giving a severe test of the marksmanship of the Navy.

The Iowa was virtually a huge buoy with large compartments. All of her air ports were removed and steel plates riveted in their places. Practically all of the scuppers were closed by riveted plates. By the removal of the guns it was possible to close all the gun ports with riveted plates. All the doors in the coal bunkers except four were riveted water-tight; all the winged passages were sealed and filled with water to distribute the shock of impact of shells and to lessen penetration of the inner bulkheads.

The water-tight doors had gaskets removed and the doors closed and dogs set by experts. They were never opened except a few in the engine rooms and control rooms. Her pumps and drainage system were in excellent condition. In a word, the ship was stripped of heavy top weights and sealed up and every endeavor made to increase her buoyancy.

The arming of a ship for offensive operations through the gun ports would make a ship more vulnerable than one in the condition of the Iowa. Yet the reports from Panama indicate that the big guns of the Mississippi toyed with the ex-Iowa and sunk her at will. It is believed that when the official report is made public the effectiveness of the big guns of the capital ships will be fully demonstrated.

To Decide Equivalent to Regimental Command

SOME very interesting questions have already been proposed to The Adjutant General by officers who have been called upon to fill out questionnaires. What will be regarded as the equivalent to regimental command is already perplexing The Adjutant General. The question is being asked as to whether the command of a depot brigade or a large camp like Brest would be considered the equivalent of a regimental command. There is no question about the responsibility and the qualifications required to command a depot brigade. However, it is being argued in some sources that a depot brigade is not a fighting tactical unit, and does not require the same type of leadership. However, the department has not reached any conclusion on this and a number of other administrative features of the new policy.

Order of Admirals by Amalgamation

SOME very interesting studies of the effect of the amalgamation bill as it is now pending before the Navy are being made in the Navy Department. Several close students of personnel legislation have worked out in detail the effect of the bill on the entire Navy.

In one of these studies it appears that Rear Adm. Washington L. Capps of the Construction Corps will head the list of rear admirals. From a study of the subjoined list, it is evident that it will be years before a line officer will be at the head of the list of rear admirals.

The following will be the arrangement if the proposed bill in its present form becomes a law:

Rear Admirals of the Line, Supply Corps, Construction Corps and Civil Engineer Corps (54) (5 Being Extra Numbers).

Name; date of rank; age.

*Washington L. Capps (C.C.); Oct. 1, 1910; 59.
 *H. H. Rousseau (C.E.C.); March 4, 1915; 53.
 William L. Rodgers; Aug. 29, 1916; 63.
 Frederic R. Harris (C.E.C.); Aug. 29, 1916; 48.
 Henry B. Wilson; July 1, 1917; 62.
 Christian J. Peoples (S.C.); July 1, 1917; 47.
 Albert P. Niblack; March 20, 1918; 64.
 John A. Hoogewerf; July 1, 1917; 63.
 Marbury Johnston; Nov. 28, 1918; 63.
 *Edwin A. Anderson; Nov. 28, 1918; 63.
 *Charles W. Dyon; Dec. 16, 1918; 62.
 Clarence S. Williams; Dec. 16, 1918; 60.
 John D. McDonald; Dec. 31, 1918; 60.
 Hilary P. Jones; April 1, 1919; 60.
 Charles P. Plunkett; April 7, 1919; 59.
 Joseph Strauss; June 30, 1919; 62.
 Edward Simpson; July 1, 1919; 65.
 Alexander S. Halstead; July 1, 1919; 62.
 Roger Welles; July 1, 1919; 61.
 William R. Shoemaker; July 1, 1919; 60.
 Edward W. Eberle; July 1, 1919; 59.
 Robert E. Coonts; Sept. 25, 1919; 59.
 Philip Andrews; Nov. 29, 1919; 57.
 Josiah S. McKean; April 14, 1920; 59.
 Newton A. McCully; June 6, 1920; 56.
 Andrew T. Long; June 8, 1920; 57.
 Thomas Washington; June 8, 1920; 58.
 Guy H. Burrage; June 27, 1920; 56.
 Ashley H. Robertson; Dec. 8, 1920; 56.
 Samuel S. Robison; Jan. 1, 1921; 56.
 Charles F. Hughes; Feb. 11, 1921; 57.
 Henry A. Wiley; May 27, 1921; 56.
 Mark L. Bristol; May 29, 1921; 55.
 Archibald H. Seales; June 3, 1921; 55.
 Richard H. Jackson; June 3, 1921; 57.
 Benjamin F. Hutchison; June 3, 1921; 55.
 *Thomas P. Magruder; June 3, 1921; 56.
 Sumner E. W. Kittelle; June 3, 1921; 56.
 William V. Pratt; June 3, 1921; 54.
 John S. Carpenter (S.C.); July 7, 1921; 63.
 Livingston Hunt (S.C.); July 7, 1921; 64.
 Louis M. Nulton; Aug. 12, 1921; 54.
 Louis R. de Steiguer; Dec. 31, 1921; 56.
 William W. Phelps; Dec. 31, 1921; 54.
 William C. Cole; Dec. 31, 1921; 55.
 Jehu V. Chase; Jan. 1, 1922; 54.
 George R. Marvell; June 3, 1922; 54.
 Henry J. Ziegemeier; June 3, 1922; 54.
 George W. Williams; June 3, 1922; 54.
 Montgomery M. Taylor; Oct. 1, 1922; 54.
 Carl T. Vogelgesang; Oct. 15, 1922; 54.
 Charles B. McVay, jr.; Jan. 6, 1923; 55.
 John H. Drayton; Jan. 6, 1923; 54.
 Robert Stocker (C.C.); Jan. 17, 1923; 57.
 *Additional number in grade.

Shortage of Regulars Hurts Training Camps

ALREADY the War Department is beginning to feel the pressure for additional Regular officers for this summer's training camps. The Secretary of War expresses the opinion that the shortage will be very acute when the training season is at its height.

"In going over the assignment of officers," said the Secretary, "I find that practically no organization has a full quota of officers. We are hard pressed for officers both in the Regular Army and with the other components of the Army of the United States. We are just beginning to feel the effect of the reduction which Congress made in the number of Regular officers."

Two New Airplane Records by U.S. Army Flyers

AMERICAN airplane speed records for 500 kilometers (310 miles) and 1,000 kilometers (620 miles) were authenticated by the contest committee of the National Aeronautical Association April 7, both made by U.S. Army aviators. The 500-kilometer speed record was made by Lt. Alex Pearson, flying a Verville-Sperry plane with Wright motor, who maintained a maximum speed of 167.8 miles an hour. This performance exceeded the world record of Bousoutrot of France, made last year, of 86 miles an hour by more than 81 miles speed over the 310-mile course; also the mark made by Lts. Batelier and Car-

rier at Etampes, France, March 30, of 115 miles an hour by more than 52 miles.

The 1,000 kilometer record was set up at 127.42 miles an hour by Lts. H. R. Harris and R. Lockwood, flying a DH-4 plane with a Liberty motor, exceeding the French record of Bousoutrot and Bernhard of 61.68 miles an hour by more than 65 miles speed, and the mark of Batelier and Carrier, made March 30 at Etampes, 93 miles, by more than 34 miles speed an hour.

Chicago U.S.M.A. Graduates Hold Reunion in Chicago

THE Chicago Association of West Point Graduates held its thirty-fifth annual reunion at the Hotel LaSalle, Chicago, on March 10.

Brig. Gen. G. V. H. Moseley, '99, acted as toastmaster with great success and the meeting was thoroughly enjoyed by the seventy-five graduates present. It was one of the best meetings ever held in Chicago. Memories of cadet days were revived by means of stereopticon views furnished by the drawing department and by a moving picture called "The Making of a Man," which depicted the daily life of a cadet at West Point.

Stories of hazing stunts by some of the old-timers gave the youngsters present a good idea of what it really meant to be hazed.

Three short speeches were made during the evening. Brig. Gen. Charles King, '66, spoke on "The West Pointer in the Old Army"; Maj. W. W. Doe, '14, spoke on "The West Pointer in the New Army," and Col. H. B. Hackett, '04, spoke on "The West Pointer in Civilian Life."

The association paid its compliments to Brig. Gen. Charles King, '66, by presenting him with a gold-headed cane in appreciation of his interest and attendance at these dinners in Chicago for the past thirty years.

Greetings were sent to other reunions in New York, San Francisco, Detroit and St. Louis, and telegrams of allegiance were sent to the President, the Secretary of War and the Superintendent of the Military Academy.

The following officers were elected for the ensuing year: Honorary president, Brig. Gen. Charles King, '66; president, Brig. Gen. R. E. Wood, '00; vice president, Col. H. B. Hackett, '04; secretary-treasurer, Col. R. D. Smith, '07.

Inquiry Into Conger-Randle Affair to be Made

DESPITE the fact that Capt. Edwin H. Randle, 20th U.S. Inf., and Mrs. Randle have withdrawn their suit for \$100,000 damages against Col. A. L. Conger, commanding the 20th Infantry at Fort Sam Houston, Texas, for alleged defamation of character, and although Mrs. Randle had asked the Secretary of War to drop the investigation she had requested him to make in the case, Mr. Weeks is determined to go on with the investigation, and so announced on April 7.

Secretary Weeks, in his telegram replying to Mrs. Randle, said:

"I regret that it seems necessary for me to have a thorough investigation made of the case in which you are involved. It is of much broader importance than a personal difference between you and Col. Conger. The publicity which has been given it creates in the mind of the people a serious reflection on those connected with the military service, and I wish to know all the facts."

U.S.S. Denver Sails to Make Important Soundings

THE U.S.S. Denver, attached to the Special Service Squadron in Central American waters, after completing her docking, overhaul, and the installation of a Sonic depth finder, sailed for its regular station in the Gulf April 10, and en route will investigate for the Hydrographic Office of the Navy Department, by means of the Sonic depth finder, a reported 21-fathom bank reported E.N.E. of Cape Hatteras in approximate latitude 35° 33' North, longitude 74° 10' West.

There are many shoals and banks carried on the navigational charts published by Hydrographic offices, some of which are near the steamer routes. The position or existence of many of these shoals is not accurately known. There are also areas of considerable extent in the oceans which have never been explored.

The Denver during her stay in Southern waters will investigate for the U.S. Hy-

drographic Office, by means of a Sonic depth finder, some of these doubtful, dangerous and unexplored ocean areas which are to the eastward of Central America and north of South America.

Among the banks and shoals to be investigated are: Sacramento Shoal, Gulf of Campeche, lat. 20° 50' N., long. 93° W.; Misteriosa Bank, lat. 18° 50' N., long. 83° 50' W.; and Serranilla Bank, lat. 15° 50' N., long. 79° 30' W. in the Caribbean Sea.

There are two unexplored sea areas to the northward of Colombia and Venezuela of approximately 57,000 and 45,000 square miles, respectively, and one to the eastward of Costa Rica of about 15,000 square miles, in which there are no records of any soundings of the charts. The Denver will run lines of soundings across these areas. This reconnaissance of these areas with the Sonic depth finder will develop some of the contours thus enabling the Hydrographic Office to form an opinion as to the need for more extensive surveys to locate possible shoals or banks in these unexplored sea areas.

Navy Notes

ADM. JONES, Commander-in-Chief of the U.S. Fleet, transferred his flag from the Maryland to the Pennsylvania upon completion of the joint maneuvers at Panama, the former vessel then proceeding to New York, where she will be available for installation of her fire control apparatus.

THE hospital ships Relief and Mercy and the repair ships Prometheus and Vestal have interchanged duty. Upon completion of the fleet maneuvers the Relief and Prometheus were assigned to the Fleet Base Force, operating in the Pacific, and the Vestal and Mercy proceeded to Guantanamo, for duty in the Atlantic. The home yard of the Prometheus and Relief has been changed to Mare Island, the Vestal to Norfolk and the Mercy to Philadelphia.

THE whaleboat race held by the U.S. Fleet in Panama waters March 8 was won by the crew of the Arizona with the Delaware second, against some fifteen competing crews. Later the Arizona crew was disqualified and the Delaware's crew was given first place. The dinghy race was won by the crew of the New York, with the Arizona second.

THE new Navy uniform regulations book, after a number of delays, is expected to be issued the latter part of April or the first of May. Its completion has been delayed a number of times on account of the difficulties encountered in making correct pictures of the new uniforms. Most of the pictures were taken on the Mayflower.

EIGHTEEN or twenty naval officers will shortly be designated by the Navy Department to take a five weeks' course of instruction at Edgewood Arsenal in various phases of Chemical Warfare work, to begin on April 25. The course of instruction now being given at Edgewood for both Navy and Army officers will conclude on April 21.

Army Notes

COL. THOMAS A. PEARCE, U.S.A., commanding the 30th Infantry at the Presidio of San Francisco, is conducting a strenuous local recruiting campaign to complete the personnel of the 30th before it goes into camp this summer. Col. Pearce has prepared a circular entitled "A Call to Arms," containing an outline of the history of the 30th Infantry in the World War.

THE War Department has recently acquired from the Navy the radio station at Buffalo. This will be operated by the Signal Corps and, in addition to Government traffic, will handle ship business as well.

THE address of Scott Field is Scott Field, Ill., instead of Scott Field, Belleville, Ill., the Post Office Department having established a post office named Scott Field, Ill.

THE Philips pack saddle is to be given further tests by the 1st Cavalry Division to determine whether this equipment is entirely satisfactory in its present form, or whether any minor modifications should be made before its adoption as standard issue is decided upon.

THE Infantry Board has recommended obsoleting the sniperscope, which was used in trench warfare during the war.

Two Battleships for Army Air Targets

BY Sept. 1 it is expected that arrangements will be made for turning over the battleships New Jersey and Virginia to the Army for use as targets for bombing tests by the Army Air Service.

Under the provisions of the Appropriation bill, not to exceed \$50,000 is to be expended in bombing two battleships under plans that are to be prepared by the War Department. The origin of this provision is a mystery in both the War and Navy Department. In the closing days of the session it was slipped into the bill without the knowledge of either the War or Navy Department.

It is rather an unprecedented proceeding for the Army to take over naval vessels for this or any other purpose. If the War Department had been consulted it would have preferred to have the Navy handle such targets in any experiment conducted by the Army Air Service.

There, however, is no objection on the part of the Navy to such a procedure. Both of the vessels are out of commission and on sale, and the Navy Department is perfectly willing to turn the ships over to the Army. Steps are now being taken to remove any material which can be used by the Navy and to put the ships into condition for the transfer.

It is understood that a comprehensive plan being prepared in the Air Service for conducting the bombing test with the condemned battleships will contain some entirely new features.

Organized Reserve Notes

TWELVE officers of the Headquarters Troop of the 322d Cavalry, Organized Reserves, which is being established in Des Moines, Iowa, hold riding lessons every Wednesday night at Fort Des Moines. The Des Moines unit, commanded by Col. H. H. Polk, is included in the 66th Cavalry Division of the U.S. Army and is composed of regimental headquarters, 1st Squadron headquarters, service and headquarters troops and the headquarters detachment. Iowa and Minnesota are included in the 66th Cavalry Division.

LTS. L. H. DUNLAP and L. N. Eller, A.S., of the Regular Army, were given an informal dinner at the Creve Coeur Club, Peoria, Ill., by local Air Service Reserve officers, Lt. Paul S. Casey, A.S., O.R.C., squadron adjutant, 424th Pursuit Squadron, presiding. The meeting was held at the Holts Plant through courtesy of the executive manager, Col. George D. Babcock, and the manager, Mr. Murray Baker. There was a lecture on Air Service by Lt. Dunlap, and a talk by Maj. Goode, Q.M.C., on the 6th Corps Area School for Q.M.C. Reservists, and on C. M.T.C. and R.O. training camps.

IT is expected that the colors for the 313th Reserve Field Artillery and the 320th Reserve Infantry Regiment will be received soon, and Maj. John Scott, executive officer for the Washington headquarters of the Organized Reserve units, will celebrate the event by an open air demonstration. It is expected that President Harding will present the colors at the foot of the Washington Monument.

A STATEMENT was recently made that Brig. Gen. George A. Wingate, former commander of the 52d Artillery Brigade, 27th Division, U.S.A., with the A.E.F. in the World War, was the only National Guard brigadier general who entered the war in command of his brigade and came out of the war in command of it. The ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL is informed that this statement is somewhat erroneous. "Maj. Gen. William G. Price, the present commander of the 28th Division, Pennsylvania National Guard," writes a correspondent, "held the rank of brigadier general at the time the United States entered the World War. Gen. Price entered the Federal service as a brigadier general, he organized in Pennsylvania the 1st Brigade, Pennsylvania Field Artillery, took this brigade to Camp Hancock in 1917 and there trained it. He took the brigade, which was then called the 53d Field Artillery Brigade of the 28th Division to France, and commanded it and additional artillery, both French and Belgian, throughout the active operations in France and Belgium. He brought the 53d Field Artillery Brigade back to the United States in 1919 and was demobilized with it. Upon his release from the Federal service he was commissioned a major general, and assigned to command the Pennsylvania National Guard."

Military and Naval Clubs and Societies

THE Naval and Military Order of the U. S. held its spring dinner at the Army and Navy Club, New York, April 5. This date was set as being the eve of the anniversary of our entry into the World War. Comdr. Shoup of Adm. Plunkett's staff represented the Navy and spoke on preparedness and the merchant marine. Mr. Dwight Braman, president of the Allied Patriotic Societies, made an interesting address on conditions preceding the declaration of war.

ARMY AND NAVY CLUB OF WASHINGTON.

THE annual report, for 1922, of the Army and Navy Club of Washington, D.C., of which Maj. Gen. Frank McIntyre, U.S.A., is president, has just been issued. It reports a gain of 287 members during the year. The report states that the financial condition of the club shows an improvement, and that the year just closed has added \$9,124.65 to the surplus fund. Rigid economies of administration have been practiced, though necessary repairs have been made and thousands of dollars spent on new equipment. There are 981 regular members, 4,884 non-resident, 86 associate, 204 associate non-resident, 30 temporary, 4 life, 16 honorary and 2 special, making a total membership of 6,297.

SOCIETY OF WORLD WAR OFFICERS.

CAPT. THOMAS T. CRAVEN, commanding the naval air forces at North Island, was the principal speaker at the monthly dinner of the San Diego Society of World War Officers on March 26. He traced the history of aviation, and also told of advanced ideas in naval gunnery which originated in the United States. Maj. Theodore Macauley, commander of San Diego Post of the American Legion, and now in command of the Reserve Air squadrons in San Diego, also was a speaker. The toastmaster was Lt. Col. C. M. Tobin, who was introduced by Col. De Rosey Cabell, U.S.A., retired.

ARMY MUTUAL AID.

THE annual meeting of the Army Mutual Aid Association will take place at the Army and Navy Club, Washington, D.C., April 17 at 4.45 p.m. All members of the association are invited to attend. It is understood that the Executive Committee will report a considerable increase in membership and a good financial showing for the fiscal year 1922-23.

SOJOURNERS CLUBS.

SOJOURNERS' CLUB, Columbus Chapter No. 10, charter was granted April 5. The application for charter was signed by the corps area commander, his chief of staff and judge advocate, commanding officer of the Reserve depot, the adjutant general of the National Guard of Ohio, and the leading officers at Ohio State University, a lieutenant in the Navy and two warrant officers, who held commissions during the late emergency. Col. D. P. Quinlan, J.A.G.D., is one of the leading spirits in this new chapter.

MILITARY ORDER OF THE WORLD WAR.

THE New York chapter of the Military Order of the World War will hold its annual meeting on April 17 at the Army and Navy Club, New York city. In addition to the routine business, M. Gaston Liebert, Consul General of France, will confer upon Brig. Gen. S. H. Wolfe the Cross of the Legion of Honor, recently awarded him.

301st Infantry, O.R., Holds Dinner in Boston

OFFICERS of the 301st Infantry, Organized Reserves, with headquarters at Boston, held a dinner with nearly 100 present. This was the first assembly of the regiment since the completion of its officer personnel, there being now a waiting list. The 301st Infantry is commanded by Col James J. Fitzgerald, who served with distinction in the 78th Division throughout its training and combat period, becoming its inspector general. Maj. Gen. André W. Brewster, U.S.A., commander of the 1st Corps Area, who made a fine address, assured the members of the regiment of his hearty support in all matters pertaining to the Reserves. Brig. Gen. Mark L. Hersey, U.S.A., commander of the 1st Coast Artillery District, gave a

splendid talk. Maj. Clyde L. Eastman, 94th Division headquarters, executive officer of the regiment, outlined the duties of the officers, and urged that effort be made by company commanders to commence enlistment of their first sergeants, mess and supply sergeants and company clerks. Lt. John E. Bakeless made a witty talk on the trials and tribulations of a shavetail. Lt. H. E. Lobdell acted as toastmaster. Under the leadership of Col. Fitzgerald, the 301st Infantry has attained a fine esprit de corps and everything points to its becoming a very efficient and dependable element in the Organized Reserves.

Address by Adm. Gregory at Peary Memorial Exercises

REAR ADM. L. E. GREGORY, U.S.N., Chief of the Bureau of Yards and Docks, who was selected by Col. Roosevelt, Acting Secretary of the Navy, to represent him and deliver an address at the Peary memorial exercises at Arlington Cemetery April 6, in the course of his remarks said:

"Adm. Peary exemplified in his long career an inflexible determination to attain a certain objective. He brought to bear on this aim a trained and vigorous mind and body, inherent and developed qualities of leadership, and, finally, a warm-hearted consideration of the welfare of his fellows which endeared him as a big brother to the members of his party. He won."

"His career remains for all time a noble example of courage, integrity and adherence to ideals, and one which the youth of our country may well study and emulate."

"Many of us here present recall our association with him in personal and official relations; nor shall we soon forget the unflinching impress of his wonderfully virile and magnetic character."

"The Corps of Civil Engineers of the Navy, of which he was a member, takes pride in his record as one of themselves, but more largely in the fact that his accomplishment is included among the grand events in the history of our Navy."

"We meet here to celebrate his memory and to bring before the mind of youth, in particular, the true manhood of this great American. As his efforts were finally crowned with success, so are we now assembled to place these wreaths, emblematic of victory, at the shrine which was dedicated one year ago to his fame."

The ceremonies were in charge of Lt. K. L. Coontz, U.S.N., captain of the Peary ship. Chaplain of the Peary ship, Lt. T. P. Riddle (Ch.C.), U.S.N., offered prayer, and following the address of Adm. Gregory, Dr. Gilbert Grosvenor, head of the National Geographic Society, and Capt. E. W. Scott (Ch.C.), U.S.N., a member of the Peary ship, made addresses. Wreaths were placed upon the tomb by Dr. Grosvenor and Lt. Coontz.

Field Artillery Branch Army Relief at Fort Bragg

MORE than \$1,500 has been raised by the Field Artillery branch of the Army Relief Society at Fort Bragg, N. C., and forwarded to Mrs. William J. Snow, wife of the Chief of Field Artillery, who has responded to the ladies of the committee with a letter of thanks for their co-operation. Mrs. R. C. Batson headed the committee appointed by Brig. Gen. Albert J. Bowley to handle the drive and was assisted by Mmes. J. E. Mort, Stanley Reinhart, C. R. Lehner and W. H. Tefft.

The officers and enlisted men of the post donated over \$1,000, a cabaret dinner-dance held at the Officers' Club netted \$400, and the balance was made up of the proceeds from the play, "Green Stockings," given by the officers and ladies of Fort Bragg, and of donations from units other than the Field Artillery.

The menu of the cabaret-dinner was cleverly worked out to resemble an ammunition and unit supply requisition rather than a list of tasty viands. The cabaret features were advertised as "systematic zone fire," and "flare" was opened by Lt. W. B. Leitch and E. C. Englehardt in a black-face skit. They were followed by Mrs. C. R. Norton as Cleo herself in a Persian slave dance. Zone 3 was an impersonation of Ethel Barrymore by Mrs. A. E. Smith; Zone 4 was a musical act by Capt. J. W. Royse, Lt. W. Rayford, W. S. Bryant, H. P. Roberts and Russell G. Duff; Zone 5 was several violin solos given by Mrs. R. C. Batson as La Gitana, a gypsy violinist. In Zone 6 Mrs. C. F. Fleiter gave an excellent imitation of Gertrude Farrar; Zone 7 was a monologue

act by Lt. Mason Wright, a burlesque interpretation of a military field order, and Zone 8 was Hawaiian dancing by Lts. Jones and Bevins. Mmes. Schoonover and Kerr assisted as Spanish cigarette vendors, and Maj. Batson, Lts. Coyne, Wise and Duff staged a series of raffles. Dancing followed the cabaret performance.

The performance of "Green Stockings" was excellently presented at the War Department theater. The cast was selected and rehearsed by Mrs. A. E. Smith, assisted by Lt. Wright, who with his several years of experience in the theatrical world added a professional tone to the final performance.

Those who took part in the play were Maj. T. D. Sloan, James Kirk, Walter Von Zelinski, Capt. Warren Davis, P. J. O'Brien, Lts. Raymond Tompkins and A. E. Smith, Mmes. O. R. Norton, R. C. Batson, Charles T. Fleiter, J. T. Berry and A. E. Smith. The executive staff consisted of Maj. H. E. Minor, L. R. Daugherty, Lt. Mason Wright, Mmes. H. E. Minor and F. G. Rogers.

Infantry Building Corner Stone Laid

THE corner stone of the Infantry Building, Washington, D.C., was laid by Maj. Gen. John L. Hines, U.S.A., Deputy Chief of Staff, on April 6, before a large gathering of officers and others interested in the project.

Brig. Gen. Briant H. Wells presided over the corner stone exercises. The invocation was said by Col. John T. Axton, U.S.A., Chief of Chaplains, who was followed by Gen. Hines. Musical selections were rendered by the Army Band.

When the building is completed, about Aug. 1, it will be three stories in height. The foundation is being so constructed, however, that three additional floors may be added to the building later if desired. The building faces 17th street and is between L and M streets, N.W.

The first floor will be occupied by commercial houses. The Infantry Association will occupy the second floor and part of the third. In addition to the association's offices on the second floor there will be an auditorium, which will be used for business and social affairs by the association and its members.

Important Changes in Navy Commands

CAPT. DEWITT BLAMER, U.S.N., has been ordered from the War College to relieve Capt. D. C. Decker, U.S.N., as president of the board of inspection at San Francisco. Capt. Decker is awaiting orders. Capt. Ward K. Wortman, U.S.N., will be transferred from the 1st Naval District to the naval station at Guantanamo about May 1. He will relieve Capt. Robert T. Menner, U.S.N., who will be assigned to the California as executive officer.

Capt. Clark H. Woodward, U.S.N., has been ordered to report to the Chief of Naval Operations upon the completion of his course of instruction at the Naval War College. Comdr. Lamar R. Leahy, U.S.N., has been assigned to command the Wright, having been relieved from duty with the Bureau of Navigation. Capt. John Halligan, Jr., U.S.N., is to be relieved from the Navy Experimental Station at Annapolis and assigned to the Detroit, about May 1.

Gen. M. M. Patrick, U.S.A., on Inspection Trip

MAJ. GEN. MASON M. PATRICK, Chief of Air Service, left Washington on April 6 for a nation-wide inspection of Air Service activities. Accompanying the general on the trip was Maj. H. A. Dargue, who has been on duty in the office of the Chief of Air Service. From Kansas City to Fort Riley, from Fort Riley to Leavenworth, and from Leavenworth back to Kansas City the general will travel by plane.

His itinerary also calls for part of the journey to be made by motor, that is, from San Diego to Los Angeles and from Los Angeles to San Francisco. Gen. Patrick will be gone approximately a month and is due back in Washington on the afternoon of May 9. His itinerary includes the following stops after San Antonio and El Paso: San Diego, April 14; Los Angeles, April 18; San Francisco, April 22; Portland, Ore., April 27; Seattle, April 29; Kansas City, Mo., May 5; Fort Riley, May 6; Fort Leavenworth, May 7; Kansas City, Mo., May 7, and Washington, May 9.

Promotions and Retirements

MAJ. GEN. H. T. ALLEN, U.S.A., was retired for age on April 13, 1923, after a distinguished record of service in many fields of duty. He was awarded the D.S.M. for exceptionally meritorious and distinguished services in battle during the World War, in command of the 19th Division he had the important position of conducting the right flank at the St. Mihiel salient. The brilliant success there gained and later repeated in the Argonne-Meuse offensive showed him to be an officer of splendid judgment, high attainments, and excellent leadership. Later he commanded the 8th Army Corps with skill and judgment.

He was decorated with the order of Grand Commander of the Legion of Honor by Gen. Degoutte, commanding the French army in the Rhineland. The citation accompanying the award said, in part: "He has served in all his high capacities with the greatest distinction, and by his lofty ideals and high moral qualities contributed to render even closer the bonds in which the American Army and the Allied armies are united in their mission on the Rhine." He received from Georgetown College, Ky., the degree of A.M. in 1898.

Gen. Allen was born at Sharpsburg, Ky., April 13, 1859, and was graduated from the U.S.M.A. in 1882, and was assigned to the 2d Cavalry.

Among other duties he was engaged in the exploration of Alaska in 1885 and 1886. In the Spanish-American War he became major and assistant adjutant general of Volunteers, June 3, 1898; participated throughout the Santiago campaign. He was commissioned major of the 43d U.S. Infantry Vols. Aug. 17, 1899; lieutenant colonel, May 31, 1901, serving in the Philippines. He was Governor of the Island of Leyte, from April to July, in 1901, and July, 1901, was appointed Chief of the Philippine Constabulary, with the rank of brigadier general. He resigned as Chief of Constabulary, June 30, 1907. He served as military attaché at St. Petersburg, Russia, 1890-1895; military attaché at Berlin, 1897-1899; military attaché at Seoul, Korea, 1904, while engaged in watching the operations of the Japanese against Russia.

Gen. Allen is the author of a report on the reconnaissance of Copper, Tanana and Koyukuk rivers, published in 1896, and a work on the military system of Sweden, published in 1895. He is a member of the American Geographical Society and medalist of the Imperial Russian Geographical Society. He was chief of staff of President Wilson's inaugural parade, and was assistant to Hon. Henry Brockbridge in carrying funds to Europe.

He served in the Punitive Expedition in Mexico, and was commended by Gen. Pershing. During the World War he was appointed a temporary major general, organized the 90th Division and took it overseas, where he commanded it on the battle line. His last assignment overseas was in command of the American Army of Occupation in Germany with headquarters at Coblenz, remaining on duty there until that force was ordered to return to the United States in 1922.

THE following officers of the Navy have become eligible for promotion to the ranks indicated: To be lieutenant commander April 1, 1923, Ingram C. Sowell vice J. J. Saxer (Res.). To be lieutenant, April 1, 1923, William K. Johnstone, vice I. C. Sowell (Pro.); Robert S. Savin, vice J. S. McReynolds (Res.).

PHARM. EDWARD G. DICKINSON, U.S.N., has become eligible for promotion to chief pharmacist, from March 20, 1923.

STAFF SERGT. JAMES DAVIES, 24th Inf., U.S.A., was retired from active service March 20, 1923, at Fort Benning, Ga., and Col. Nicklin, in appreciation of his long and honorable service, tendered him a regimental review on March 21. Staff Sgt. Davies entered the U.S. Army, July 10, 1899, and has served continuously since that date. He has served seventeen years seven months six days in the 24th Infantry. He participated in various engagements and skirmishes during the Philippine Insurrection on the Island of Luzon. He took part in the Punitive Expedition in Mexico, 1916-17, and was in action against Villistas, Juarez, Mexico, June 15-16, 1919.

"The very best wishes of all officers and enlisted men of the regiment," says Col. Nicklin in regimental orders No. 6, "follow him into his well earned retirement from active service."

Sixth Corps Area Summer Camps

G. O. 4, March 15, 1923, 6th Corps Area, announces the schedule of field training, summer of 1923, for the 6th Corps Area, as follows:

CAMP TO BE CONDUCTED.

The following training camps will be established and conducted by the commanding officers thereof:

Camp Custer, Mich.—Regular Army troops; National Guard Artillery of Illinois; Organized Reserves (less Air Service); R.O.T.C. (less Air Service, Field Art. C.A.C.); U.M.T.C. (less Air Service); Air Service (H.A.), R.O.T.C. Selfridge Field, Mich.—Air Service (H.A.), Organized Reserves.

Scott Field, Ill.—Air Service (L.A.), Organized Reserves.

Camp Grant, Ill.—National Guard of Illinois (less Art. and Cav.).

Camp Lincoln, Ill.—National Guard Cavalry of Illinois.

Camp Douglas, Wis.—National Guard of Wisconsin.

Grayling, Mich.—National Guard of Michigan.

The following places in other corps areas have been designated as training points for specified branches of the Reserve Officers' Training Corps from the 6th Corps Area:

Camp Knox, Ky.—R.O.T.C. Field Artillery.

Aberdeen Proving Ground, Md.—R.O.T.C. Ordnance.

Fort Monroe, Va.—R.O.T.C. Coast Artillery.

Trainees of the R.O.T.C. from other corps areas have been designated by the War Department to attend summer camps in the 6th Corps Area as indicated below:

From 5th Corps Area—Engrs., Rose Polytechnic Institute; Cavalry.

From 7th Corps Area—Signal.

REGULAR ARMY.

The following Regular Army troops are designated for Camp Custer, Mich.:

12th Inf. Field Hqrs., Fort Sheridan (Brig. Gen. George V. H. Mosely, comd.); travel by marching; arrive about May 15.

Garrison at Fort Wayne (less Det.); marching; May 1.

Garrison at Fort Brady (less Det.); marching and railroad; May 15.

Garrison at Fort Sheridan (less Det.); marching; May 15.

6th Inf. (less 1 Bn. and Det.), Jefferson Barracks, Mo.; railroad; May 15.

1 Flight—15th Obs. Squadron, Chanute Field, Ill.; flying and marching; May 25.

5th Photo Section, Chanute Field; flying and marching; May 25.

1 Pursuit Flight, Selfridge Field; flying and marching; May 25.

NATIONAL GUARD.

The following fifteen-day camps are, with the concurrence of the state authorities, announced:

Illinois.

202d Art. (A-A); 123d Field Art. (155mm. Hqrs.), 1st Bn. (complete)—Camp Custer, July 6-20.

122d Field Art. (complete); 124th Field Art. (75mm. Guns), complete—Camp Custer, July 7-21.

182d Inf., complete—Camp Grant, July 7-21.

106th Cav., 2d Sqdn. (complete)—Camp Lincoln, July 7-21.

131st Inf.—Camp Grant, July 21-Aug. 4.

8th Inf. (colored), complete—Camp Grant, Aug. 4-18.

Hqrs. Co., 33d Div.; 32d Signal Co., 33d Tank Co., Co. B, 106th Engrs.; 129th Inf.—Camp Grant, Aug. 18-Sept. 1.

130th Inf., complete—Camp Grant, Sept. 1-15.

Michigan.

Hqrs. 32d Div.; Special Troops, 32d Div. (less M.P. and Tank Cos.); 63d Inf. Brigade, complete; 107th Medical Regt., less Vet. Co.—Grayling, Mich., Aug. 4-18.

106th Cav., 1st Squadron (complete); 119th Field Art. (complete); 182d F.A., 155mm., less 2d Bn.—Grayling, Mich., Aug. 8-22.

Wisconsin.

1st Inf., complete; Hqrs. 22d Cav. Div.; Hqrs. Troop, 22d Cav. Div.; 53d Cav. Brigade, Hqrs. and Hqrs. Troop; 1st Separate Sqdn. Cav., less Med. Det.; Med. Supply Sec. 135; Med. Lab. Sec. 135; Co. A, 107th Engrs. (combat); Co. A, 127th Engrs. (mounted); 23d Div. Trains, Q.M.C.; 23d Cav. Div. Trains, Q.M.C.; Bakery Co. No. 1—Camp Douglas, July 14-28.

32d Military Police Co.; 64th Inf. Brigade, Hqrs. and Hqrs. Co.; 127th Inf., complete; 128th Inf., complete; 105th Cav., complete; Ambulance Co. No. 183—Camp Douglas, July 30-Aug. 13.

32d Tank Co.; 120th Field Art., complete; 121st Field Art.; 107th Ammunition Train—Camp Douglas, Aug. 15-29.

ORGANIZED RESERVES.

The fifteen-day camps of instruction for 1923 for the Organized Reserves will be as follows:

Inf., Cav., Engrs., Med. Corps, Q.M.C., Sig. Corps, Chem. Warfare, Art. (including A-A), Ord.—Camp Custer, July 17-31.

Air Service (H-A)—Chanute Field, July 17-Aug. 31 (in periods).

Air Service (H-A)—Selfridge Field, July 17-Aug. 31 (in periods).

Air Service (L-A)—Scott Field, July 17-Aug. 31 (in periods).

RESERVE OFFICERS' TRAINING CORPS

Camps of instruction for Reserve Officers' Training Corps units in this corps area will be held as follows:

Inf., Engrs., Cav., Sig., Med., Vet., Dental—Camp Custer, June 14-July 25.

Air Service—Chanute Field, June 14-July 25.

Coast Art.—Fort Monroe, June 14-July 25.

Field Art.—Camp Knox, June 14-July 25.

Ord.—Aberdeen Proving Ground, June 14-July 25.

The following units will be included with the above:

From 5th Corps Area—Cavalry, Rose Polytechnic Institute Engineers.

From 7th Corps Area—Signal.

CITIZENS' MILITARY TRAINING CAMP.

The C.M.T. camp of instruction in this corps area will be held as follows:

Minimum number of candidates to be trained in 6th Corps Area 3,600, allotted as follows:

All branches; Basic Red, 2,250; Camp Custer, Aug. 1-Sept. 1.

Inf., Adv. Red 927, White 273, Blue 93; Cav., 89, 72, 24; Field Art., 120, 109, 30; Sig., 54, 49, 21; Engrs., 46, 87, 12; all at Camp Custer, Aug. 1-Sept. 1.

Summer Training Camps

THE following are the dates for summer camps to be held in the 7th Corps Area for the National Guard, Organized Reserves, R.O.T.C. and C.M.T.C., as given out from the headquarters of the 7th Corps Area, under date of April 6.

The statements relative to the National Guard camps are tentative, pending the approval of estimates by the Chief of the Militia Bureau:

NATIONAL GUARD.

Arkansas N.G.—At Camp Pike, Aug. 6 to 20, inclusive. 153d Inf., 216th Ambulance Co., 216th Hospital Co. Approximately 1,515 officers and men.

At Fort Sill, Okla., Aug. 6 to 20. 141st Anti-Aircraft Artillery. Approximately 323 officers and men.

Missouri N.G.—At Nevada, Mo., July 15 to 29. Hqrs. and Hqrs. Co., 70th Inf. Brigade; 138th Inf., 110th Engrs., 35th Tank Co. Approximately 3,160 officers and men.

At Fort Sill, Okla., Aug. 6 to 20. 128th F.A., 203d Anti-Aircraft Artillery. 1,520 officers and men.

Kansas N.G.—At Fort Riley, Aug. 12 to 26. Hqrs. and Hqrs. Co., 69th Inf. Brigade; 137th Inf., 114th Cav., 35th Signal Co. 1,440 officers and men.

At Fort Riley, at a date not yet determined. 130th and 161st F.A. Approximately 1,495 officers and men.

Nebraska N.G.—At Ashland, Neb., Aug. 6 to 20. 134th Inf., 110th Medical Regt., 35th Div. Train. Approximately 1,415 officers and men.

Iowa N.G.—At Camp Dodge, Ia., Aug. 7 to 21. Hqrs. and Hqrs. Co., 67th Inf. Brigade; 133d Inf., 168th Inf., 113th Cav., Ambulance Co. 186. Approximately 3,922 officers and men.

At Camp Knox, Ky., Aug. 12 to 26. 185th F.A. Approximately 380 officers and men.

Minnesota N.G.—At Fort Snelling, Minn., Sept. 1 to 15. Hqrs. and Hqrs. Co., 68th Inf. Brigade; 135th Inf., 5th Inf., 34th Tank Co., 109th Observation Squadron, A.S. 2,960 officers and men.

At Lake City, Minn., July 1 to 15. 6th Inf. 1,160 officers and men.

At Camp Custer, Mich., date not determined. Hqrs. and Hqrs. Battery, 59th F.A. Brigade; 125th F.A., 151st F.A., 1,116 officers and men.

North Dakota N.G.—At Devils Lake, N.D., June 7 to 21. 164th Inf. 1,575 officers and men.

South Dakota N.G.—At Pierre, S.D., June 14 to 29. 147th F.A.; 2d Battalion, 136th Engrs. 889 officers and men.

OFFICERS' RESERVE CORPS.

At Fort Snelling, July 16 to 30. 88th Div. Attached officers and officers of Non-Div. Group—300.

At Fort Des Moines, July 16 to 30. 89th Div. Attached officers and 66th Cav. Div. and officers of Non-Div. Group—300.

At Fort Leavenworth, July 16 to 30. 102d Div. Attached officers and officers of Non-Div. Group—300.

At Richards Field, Kansas City, Mo., July 16 to 30. Air Service. Approximately 75.

R.O.T.C.

At Fort Snelling, Minn., June 14 to July 25. Inf., Medical, M.T.G., Engrs., C.A.C.—1,422.

C.M.T.C.

At Fort Snelling, Minn., Aug. 1 to 30. Inf., Cav., F.A.—1,300.

At Fort Des Moines, Aug. 1 to 30. Inf., Cav., F.A.—1,350.

At Fort Leavenworth, Aug. 1 to 30. Inf., Cav., F.A.—1,350.

Sports

MILITARY ACADEMY SPORTS.

Army's lacrosse team opened its season April 7 when it defeated Stevens Institute 80 to 1.

The visitors were weakest on the defense. The cadets scored almost at will. The score at half-time was: Army 13, Stevens 1. A host of substitute players got into the game on the Army side, and nearly every man on the squad got a tryout.

The Academy's baseball team on April 7 defeated Bowdoin 14 to 11 in a game that took two and a half hours to play. The Army made it an up-hill fight throughout, as Bowdoin got away to an early lead by scoring three runs in the opener. The lead was sewed until finally the cadets drew away in their half of the sixth. Stevenson's double to left, his fourth

hit of the day, scored Lancaster in this frame with the run that was sufficient to win. The Army tallied two more in the eighth, but they were not needed. Don Storck drove two men in ahead of him in the first inning when his long clout went beyond the reach of Needleman in deep left field. Bowdoin's batsmen were hitting Cragin freely when he was lifted in the sixth inning. Walker, who started on the mound for the visitors, was wild. Army's team was made up of Smythe, c.f.; Stevenson, r.f.; Wood, l.f.; Storck, p.; 1b.; Roosma, 3b.; Dasher, Lancaster, 2b.; Bonneti, c.; Reeder, 1b.; Cragin, p.; Roper, p.

TO MEMBERS OF NAVY ATHLETIC ASSOCIATION.

The Army-Navy baseball game of 1923 will be played at the U.S. Military Academy, West Point, on Saturday, June 2, at 2:30 p.m.

Those members of the Navy Athletic Association who desire tickets for this game should request tickets by letter addressed to the secretary, Navy Athletic Association, stating number desired and address to which tickets are to be sent.

Requests must be received not later than May 10 by the secretary, B. F. Perry, Lt., U.S.N.

ENTRIES CLOSE APRIL 26 FOR BUFFALO HORSE SHOW.

The spring horse show at Buffalo, N.Y., to be held at the Saddle and Bridle Club on May 10, 11 and 12, offers an attractive program, together with inviting prizes. Among the numerous events are the following open to the military services: Officers' chargers and Cavalry mounts, in the saddle horse class. In the hunters' and jumpers' class there is a military jumping for horses 14.2 hands and over, up to carrying 165 pounds, and for pairs of military jumpers, 14.2 hands and over to be shown over the regular jumps abreast. There is also an event for polo ponies.

Among the judges is Lt. Col. W. F. W. Godson, Cav., U.S.A., and among the members of the executive committee is Maj. Welton M. Modisette, Cav., U.S.A. The entries close on April 26, with the Secretary Horse Show Committee, 1018 Marine Trust Building, Buffalo, N.Y., who will also furnish programs and entry blanks to those desiring them.

FORT RUSSELL GYMKHANA.

The blizzard which isolated Fort D. A. Russell, Wyo., on March 17 was responsible for the postponement of the big post gymkhana until March 24. As a consequence when March 24 dawned warm and springlike the post overflowed with Cheyenne people, members of the National Guard, Reserve Corps and the American Legion. Among the state officials present were Governor William B. Ross and party. The riding hall was gaily decorated with flags, banners and guidons.

In addition to the silver cups furnished by the post E. and R. officer, Lt. W. R. McKay, other cups were donated as prizes in the various events by Col. Esmay, Adjutant General of Wyoming; Lt. Thomas, O.R.C., of Cheyenne; and by the staff officers of the post.

The winners of events named in order of standing were:

Best four-line team—Service Battery, 76th Field Artillery.

Teamsters' harness race—Service Troop, 13th Cavalry.

Class jump for enlisted men—Sgt. Grady, Pvt. Lynch, Hqrs. Troop, 13th Cav.; Sgt. Drobnick, Troop A, 13th Cav.

Officers' charger class—Capt. F. L. Whitaker, 12th Cav., on Karut; Lt. D. W. Mayhew, 76th F.A., on Beauty; Lt. F. D. Lyle, 76th F.A., on Bob.

Ladies' saddle class—Mrs. W. H. Neal on Boise; Mrs. H. E. Watkins on Norfolk Star; Mrs. C. C. Knight on Antelope.

Musical chair race—Pvt. Cates, Troop E, 13th Cav., on Dizzy; Sgt. Hines, Bat. A, 76th F.A., on Rascal; Pvt. Scranton, Troop A, 13th Cav., on Unknown.

Service jumping class—Lt. T. E. Voight, 13th Cav., on Tony; Lt. D. W. Mayhew, 76th F.A., on Chablis; Lt. O. A. Axelson, 76th F.A., on Billy.

Best Artillery gun team—2d Platoon, Bat. C, 76th F.A., Sgt. Eoules; 1st Platoon, Bat. C, 76th F.A., Sgt. Boyd.

High jump—Capt. F. L. Whitaker, 13th Cav., on Mister Royal; Capt. H. E. Watkins, 13th Cav., on Diamond; Pvt. Fitzj, Bat. C, 76th F.A., on Billy.

12TH FIELD ARTILLERY BASKETBALL.

The following account of the 12th Field Artillery basketball season is given by a correspondent:

In the 2d Division basketball series recently completed at Fort Sam Houston the 12th Field Artillery team galloped off with all honors. Not content with completing the season without a defeat, the Artillerymen in every game drew that double of the scores of the opponents. Many of the games were fast and hotly contested, keeping the cheering sections in an uproar throughout. In the final contest, that between the 12th and 15th Field Artillery, the cheers of the spectators mingled with the rattle of trace chains could be heard for blocks.

In the line-up Lt. Sprull at center out-jumped and outplayed all opponents. Lts. Burns and McClure and Sgt. Fleming starred as forwards, while Lt. Bartlett and Sgt. Cosmo as guards kept the ball from under their basket continually.

The 12th believes this season's record shows its team to be one of the fastest regimental aggregations in the Army. Following is the schedule as played: The 12th made 98 to 1st Inf's 8; 62 to 23d Inf's 11; 68 to 4th Cav's 7; 78 to Brooks Field's 23; 60 to 9th Inf's 26; 84 to St. Edwards College's 23; 44 to 20th Inf's 24; 88 to 2d Engineers' 18; 75 to 15th F.A.'s 17; or a total of 607 to 157.

Remarkable Scores of Seventh Infantry

THE 7th Infantry, U.S.A., indoor rifle team of Chilkoot Barracks, Alaska, defeated the 7th Infantry, U.S.A., Anchorage team in a recent contest, the results of which are remarkable, considering the teams were each drawn from the enlisted men of only two companies.

Every man of the Chilkoot Barracks team made all possible in prone and sitting. The score follows:

	Prone	ting.	ing.	Total
Chilkoot Bks.	600	600	593	579
Anchorage	594	598	588	567

Teams of twelve men shot at fifty feet at "X" targets on succeeding days with the ordnance issue caliber .22 rifles, shooting 22 short Western ammunition.

Maj. George C. Donaldson, 7th Inf., coached the winning team, assisted by 1st Sgt. Robert M. Martin, Co. F, 7th Inf.

The Chilkoot Barracks team was drawn from Cos. B and F and Anchorage team from Cos. E and G of the 7th Infantry.

The individual scores of the winning team were:

	Prone	and	Kneel-stand-	sitting.*	ing.	Total
Pvt. R. Skinner.....	50	49	50	199		
Sergt. F. Kitz.....	50	50	49	199		
Sergt. C. E. Behrens...	50	49	49	198		
Corpl. E. Colburn....	50	49	49	198		
Pvt. D. G. Bagley....	50	50	48	198		
Corpl. B. E. Dunbar...	50	50	48	198		
Pvt. G. Rudy.....	50	50	48	198		
Pvt. W. T. Hargrave...	50	50	48	198		
Corpl. R. V. Loftin....	50	49	48	197		
Corpl. E. C. Manderson...	50	50	47	197		
Corpl. G. O. Russell...	50	48	48	196		
Sergt. J. L. Hogwood...	50	49	47	196		

*Each individual made a 50 in both prone and sitting.

WEST POINT.

West Point, N.Y., April 4, 1923.

Miss Elsie Stuart, daughter of Mrs. E. R. Stuart of Washington, spent Easter as the guest of Col. and Mrs. Carter. Mrs. Hines entertained with two tables of bridge on March 27 for Miss Dempsey, who is visiting her sister, Mrs. Hogan.

Mrs. Rice has had as guests over Easter her parents, Mr. and Mrs. L. M. Wagner of Philadelphia. On April 2 she had two tables of bridge for her mother and for Mmes. Laflamme, Morrison, MacMillan, Card, Lee, Devers, Buckner, Weaver, Ladd and Dumont. Tea was poured by Mrs. Ladd.

Col. John Conklin is the guest of his son and daughter-in-law, Capt. and Mrs. Conklin. Mrs. Bonesteel has returned from a visit at Plattburg with her parents. Mrs. Alexander Pendleton has returned from Pittsburgh. Mrs. Rice spent a few days last week visiting in Bloomfield, N.J.

Miss Mary Baldwin has been the guest of her sister, Mrs. Alexander.

The Altar Guild met on March 30 with Mrs. Sladen. The next meeting will be on April 27. Franklin Kemble gave a jolly party on March 31 to celebrate his eleventh birthday anniversary. Among the guests were Anne Bodine, Marian and Jack Weaver, Helen and Charles Hines, Dolores and Gabriel Ascensio, Willie and Dorothy Cavanagh, Day Surles, Dan Daly, Glenn Anderson and George Griswold.

Col. and Mrs. Timberlake's guests at dinner were Misses Hackett, Nell Rhea, Mary Cassie Linn, Mary Averil, Cadets Galusha, Lawrence, Ely and Timberlake, and Mr. Coleman Timberlake.

BOLLING FIELD.

Washington, D.C., April 5, 1923.

Mrs. Earl J. Carpenter entertained the Bolling Field Bridge Club Monday.

Lt. and Mrs. Courtney Whitney, in honor of Maj. and Mrs. G. E. A. Reinburg, had a table at the City Club super-dinner on Monday. Covers were laid for Maj. and Mrs. Reinburg, Maj. and Mrs. G. E. G. Lovell, jr., Capt. and Mrs. V. T. Scott, Lts. and Mmes. A. B. Baker, St. Clair Street, R. A. Dunn and Talcott P. Smith.

Mrs. Leo A. Walton and Mrs. Oliver P. Echols entertained for Mrs. G. E. A. Reinburg Tuesday with a bridge-luncheon. The guests numbered twenty. Mrs. Paul C. Wilkins entertained with bridge Wednesday in honor of Mrs. Reinburg and for Mmes. Reynolds, Scott, Sherry, Bogert, Baker, Carpenter, Mayer, Beston and Smith.

FIELD ARTILLERY SCHOOL.

Fort Sill, Okla., March 27, 1923.

Mrs. John Kennedy had a luncheon recently for Mmes. Hinds, Sharpe, Parrott, Bevan, Starkey, Rawls and Odell. Capt. and Mrs. S. M. Smith gave a tea on Saturday for Maj. King, C. M. Clark, Capt. and Mrs. Cheban, Brenizer and Butler, Lt. and Mrs. Cheban, Capt. Yates, Whitlock and Robinson, and Lt. Horne.

Maj. A. Gardner was host at a midnight supper for eighteen on Saturday. Capt. and Mrs. Cyril Bassich gave a tea on Saturday in compliment to their sister, Miss Marguerite Bassich of New Orleans, who is spending a few months with them.

Capt. and Mrs. H. B. Allen entertained Maj. and Mrs. Kennedy, Capt. Ristino, Crane and Zimmerman at dinner Thursday. Capt. and Mrs. J. L. Guilan gave an elaborate hot-supper Saturday for forty-five guests. Each of the twelve tables had a different color scheme.

Mrs. E. C. W. Davis entertained the Tuesday Afternoon Sewing Club.

Officers' Reserve Corps Commissions

THE following acceptances of commissions in the Officers' Reserve Corps, in the sections indicated, were announced on the dates noted:

Appointments Accepted March 28.

Anderson, H. F. Capt., F.A., Tacoma, Wash.
Augustine, M. E., 2d Lt., Sig., Pittsburgh, Pa.
Avery, C. M., Capt., Inf., Hopland, Calif.
Bair, R. R., 2d Lt., C.A., Wilkesburg, Pa.
Beckett, E. F., Capt., Engr., Boonville, Mo.
Bisball, J. H., Maj., C.A., West Palm Beach, Fla.
Bock, T. E., Capt., Q.M., Sioux Falls, S.D.
Brockenbrough, E. C., 2d Lt., A.S., Baltimore, Md.
Burris, T. L., 2d Lt., Vet., Anderson, S.C.
Bushnell, S. W., Capt., C.A., Snohomish, Wash.
Campbell, C. K., 1st Lt., Inf., Jacksonboro, Tex.
Cobey, J. F., Capt., Med., New Haven, Conn.
Drowry, W. F., Jr., 2d Lt., Engr., Fort Des Moines, Va.
Duffill, H. P., 2d Lt., Engr., Springfield, Ill.
Edmond, R. Jr., 2d Lt., C.A., Atlanta, Ga.
Fields, H., 2d Lt., Inf., Lamar, S.C.
Gay, L. P., Capt., Med., St. Louis, Mo.
Goebel, R. N., 2d Lt., F.A., Urbana, Ill.
Gowen, E. R., 2d Lt., Inf., Biddeford, Me.
Hammond, W. T., Capt., Inf., Louisville, Ky.
Harter, A. E., 2d Lt., A.S., Columbus, O.
Hayward, E. J., Jr., Danville, Ky.
Herron, R. E., 2d Lt., Engr., Canonsburg, Pa.
Houston, N. L., 1st Lt., F.A., Fort Huachuca, Ariz.
Irby, H. W., Capt., I.G., Fort Smith, Ark.
Jack, H. T., 1st Lt., Cav., Pansutawney, Pa.
James, W. R., Capt., Inf., Jacksonville, Ill.
Jefferson, G. S., 2d Lt., Inf., Philadelphia, Pa.
Johnson, R. W., Capt., Sen., New Brunswick, N.J.
Kirchner, H. C., Capt., Cav., Newark, N.J.
Kitchens, W. F., 1st Lt., Q.M., El Paso, Tex.
Krueger, P. F., 2d Lt., Cav., Chicago, Ill.
Kuechenmeister, A. A., Col., F.A., Milwaukee, Wis.
Loeb, S. A., 1st Lt., F.A., Racine, Wis.
Low, F., 2d Lt., Vet., Oakes, N.D.
Lowendfield, R. A., 1st Lt., Q.M., El Paso, Tex.
McQuade, J. M., 1st Lt., Peoria, Ill.
Mangine, W. J., Capt., Inf., Albany, N.Y.
Marrinan, J. W., Jr., Capt., F.A., Pittsburgh, Pa.
Marshall, J. E., Maj., Inf., Sioux City, Ia.
Marx, H. J., 2d Lt., Cav., St. Louis, Mo.
Mead, E. R., 2d Lt., Engr., Iowa City, Ia.
Moore, B., Maj., Engr., New York City, N.Y.
Moore, E. B., 2d Lt., Inf., Bozeman, Mont.
Morrison, T. R., 2d Lt., Inf., Greensburg, Ind.
Nixon, E. J., Capt., Med., Petersburg, Va.
Norcorp, M. R., 1st Lt., Inf., Ann Arbor, Mich.
Owen, B. S., Maj., Sig., Madison, Wis.
Parks, J. E., 2d Lt., Sig., Elgin, Ill.
Pennington, V. P., 2d Lt., A.S., Brooklyn, N.Y.
Phipps, L. C., 1st Lt., Inf., Springfield, Mass.
Powers, L. S., 2d Lt., F.A., Chicago, Ill.
Riely, L. A., Maj., Med., Oklahoma City, Okla.
Roquette, H. L., 1st Lt., Inf., Dickinson, N.D.
Sexton, F. J., Capt., Med., Brookline, Mass.
Shaw, L. B., 1st Lt., Ord., Fort Sill, Okla.
Small, F. W., Capt., Vet., Washington, D.C.
Stearns, C. H., Maj., Med., Palo Alto, Calif.
Sypher, M. H., 2d Lt., Inf., Milton, Pa.
Thompson, P. W., Capt., Inf., Waynesboro, Ga.
Tully, L. P., 1st Lt., Med., Milwaukee, Wis.
Williams, N., 2d Lt., Inf., Ithaca, N.Y.
Wilson, V. A., 2d Lt., Inf., Bozeman, Mont.
Witham, R. B., 2d Lt., A.G., Fort Lyon, Colo.
Young, A. DeB., Maj., Med., Oklahoma City.
Zinkand, P. W., 1st Lt., F.A., Pittsburgh, Pa.

Appointments Accepted March 29.

Bacon, H. P., Capt., Med., Milaca, Minn.
Berthelsen, C. M., 1st Lt., Inf., Sioux City, Ia.
Bryant, H. E., Capt., Q.M., Denver, Colo.
Carron, H. M., 1st Lt., Inf., Mayaguez, P.R.
Claggett, T. J., 1st Lt., Dent., Easton, Md.
Clark, F. R., Capt., Ord., Lansdowne, Pa.
Chandler, R. R., Capt., Dent., Kingston, Pa.
Davis, L. A., 1st Lt., Inf., Meira, Pa.
Eames, H. N., Capt., Vet., Wilmington, Mass.
Eden, W. E., 1st Lt., Inf., Honesdale, Pa.
Edwards, F. B., Col., Cav., Northfield, Vt.
Fortin, H. J., Capt., Med., Fargo, N.D.
Petersman, R. B., 2d Lt., Inf., Scranton, Pa.
Phillips, M. D., Jr., Capt., Ord., Boonville, Mo.
Schneider, F. J., Lt. Col., Cav., Neenah, Wis.
Smale, W. A., 2d Lt., Inf., Habana, Cuba.
Stearns, H. E., 1st Lt., Vet., Kasson, Minn.
Wells, E. F., 2d Lt., Inf., Seattle, Wash.

Appointments Accepted March 30.

Amend, M. B., 2d Lt., Inf., New York, N.Y.
Auffm'Ord, C., 1st Lt., M.L., Paris, France.
Aylward, T. J., 1st Lt., Med., Milwaukee, Wis.
Barnes, L. H., 1st Lt., F.A., El Paso, Tex.
Bedsoe, C. R., 2d Lt., Inf., Petoskey, Mich.
Brennan, E. L., Capt., F.A., Brooklyn, N.Y.
Daly, L. F., 2d Lt., Inf., Peoria, Ill.
Dann, E. A., 1st Lt., Inf., Seattle, Wash.
Elmquist, H. A., 1st Lt., Dent., Des Moines, Ia.
Franklin, J. P., 1st Lt., Med., Chestertown, Md.
Gibbs, J. L., Capt., Chap., Stanton, Va.
Glos, K. F., 2d Lt., Inf., Portland, Ore.
Goodell, R. H., 2d Lt., Inf., Lancaster, Pa.
Hager, C. J., 2d Lt., Q.M., Jefferson, Wis.
Hiatt, A., 2d Lt., Inf., Seattle, Wash.
Hodge, C., Maj., Cav., Radnor, Pa.
Hughes, L. S., Lt. Col., Med., Pasadena, Calif.
Israel, F., 1st Lt., Chap., Woonsocket, R.I.
Kelly, T. P., 1st Lt., J.A.G., Tampa, Fla.
Kenan, J. M., Maj., Med., Selma, Ala.
King, C. H., 2d Lt., Engr., Battle Creek, Mich.
Klinefelter, W. R., 2d Lt., Inf., Dickinson, N.D.
Leggett, R. W., 2d Lt., Q.M., Lawton, Okla.
Ligon, L. L., Capt., Q.M., Anderson, S.C.
Lockwood, J. W., Capt., Inf., Atchison, Kas.
Luna, G. J., Maj., Med., Brooklyn, N.Y.
Mace, F. A., 2d Lt., Med., Delavan, Wis.
Maruge, B. S., 2d Lt., F.A., Tracy City, Tenn.
Marvin, K. G., 2d Lt., C.A., Bloomsburg, Pa.
Merk, L. J., 2d Lt., Inf., Carbondale, Pa.
Mickey, S. W., Capt., Engr., Junction City, Kas.
Milburn, G. R., 2d Lt., A.S., Craig, Mont.
Miles, S. H., Capt., Med., Flushing, N.Y.
Moore, S. B., 2d Lt., Inf., Council Bluffs, Ia.
Morrison, G. LeR., Capt., Q.M., Philadelphia, Pa.
Parke, G. A., Maj., F.A., Boston, Mass.
Rosen, F. H., 2d Lt., Q.M., Lowell, Mass.
Rehberger, G. E., Capt., Med., Phoenix, Baltimore Co., Md.

Roberts, R. L., Capt., Inf., Utica, N.Y.
Rosenthal, V. M., Capt., Dent., Tampa, Fla.
Shay, W. J., 1st Lt., Inf., Boulder, Colo.
Tausch, A. I., Capt., Inf., Austin, Tex.
Voyer, F. E., 1st Lt., Q.M., Philadelphia, Pa.

Appointments Accepted March 31.

Bassler, H. N., Capt., Chap., Wilkensburg, Pa.
Brown, J. O., Capt., M.A., Fort Humphreys, Va.
Buck, F. L., Col., C.A., Potsdam, N.Y.
Campbell, L. O., 2d Lt., Cav., Hagerstown, Md.
Campbell, R. W., Maj., Inf., Lexington, Mo.
Carey, J. H., 2d Lt., C.W., Anderson, S.C.
Chatt, O., 1st Lt., J.A.G., Tekamah, Neb.
Chase, J. M., 2d Lt., A.S., Los Angeles, Calif.
Coates, W. E., 2d Lt., A.G., Lansing, Mich.
Coward, R. W., Capt., C.A., Knoxville, Tenn.
Dowell, C. P., 1st Lt., F.A., Port Richmond, N.Y.
Dunn, T. S., Maj., Engr., Atlanta, Ga.
Evans, C. R., Capt., Q.M., Vancouver Barracks, Fogg, R. S., 2d Lt., A.S., Concord, N.H.
Fritter, E. M., 1st Lt., S.S., Boonville, Mo.
Garrity, E. C., 2d Lt., F.A., Lowell, Mass.
Homet, D. J., Maj., Med., Des Moines, Ia.
Knight, R. T., Maj., Med., Minneapolis, Minn.
Labowitz, D. B., 2d Lt., M.A., Pittsburgh, Pa.
Le Craw, R., 2d Lt., Inf., Atlanta, Ga.
Levin, W. F., Capt., Q.M., Fort Sam Houston, Texas.
Lewis, M. A., Capt., Q.M., Seattle, Wash.
Maddox, J. A., 2d Lt., Inf., Atlanta, Ga.
Mann, G. B., 2d Lt., Cav., Bryn Mawr, Pa.
Marden, L. O., 2d Lt., Engr., Worcester, Mass.
Miller, R. F., 1st Lt., F.A., Detroit, Mich.
Mouthrop, H. S., 2d Lt., Ord., Du Bois, Pa.
Mueller, G. E., 2d Lt., Cav., Akron, O.
Mueller, G. F., 1st Lt., Med., Milwaukee, Wis.
Nelson, S., Jr., 1st Lt., Q.M., Omaha, Neb.
Patterson, H. V., 1st Lt., Q.M., Oklahoma City.
Reardon, W. T., 1st Lt., Inf., Kansas City, Mo.
Reilly, W., Capt., Q.M., Fresno, Calif.
Richardson, J. G., Capt., Inf., Conway, Ark.
Richardson, L., 1st Lt., Fin., Alpena, Mich.
Short, W. B., 2d Lt., Sig., Atlanta, Ga.
Teely, R. A., Capt., F.A., Philadelphia, Pa.
Wang, E. O., 2d Lt., M.A., Mondovi, Wis.

Appointments Accepted April 2.

Aikens, F. C., 2d Lt., F.A., Barnard, Vt.
Barnes, H. M., Capt., Inf., Doylestown, Pa.
Bellamy, J. P., 2d Lt., Fin., Hartford City, Ind.
Berquist, J. P., 2d Lt., Sig., Fargo, N.D.
Blevins, D. O., 1st Lt., Inf., Chattanooga, Tenn.
Boland, R. I., 2d Lt., Ord., North Adams, Mass.
Burns, W. J., 1st Lt., C.A., New York City.
Crossett, J., 1st Lt., Inf., Little Rock, Ark.
Crowley, D. J., Capt., Dent., Waltham, Mass.
Duffy, J. W., Capt., F.A., Philadelphia, Pa.
Fitts, G. B., 2d Lt., Inf., Northampton, Mass.
Fortier, R. M., Maj., Med., Santa Ana, Calif.
Foster, N. L., 1st Lt., F.A., West Roxbury, Mass.
Green, W. P., 1st Lt., Inf., Austin, Tex.
Harris, R. O., 2d Lt., F.A., Mobile, Ala.
Hirst, O. G., Capt., Med., Prescott, Ark.
Howard, C. E., N. Col., C.A., Washington, D.C.
Jones, C. J., 2d Lt., F.A., Chicago, Ill.
Keller, W. J., 1st Lt., F.A., Philadelphia, Pa.
Knittel, J. R., Capt., F.A., Vermillion, S.D.
Marlin, D. C., Capt., Inf., Indiana, Pa.
Meredith, W. M., Capt., Engr., Florence, Ala.
Monton, L., Lt. Col., Engr., Louisville, Ky.
Musser, R. L., 2d Lt., Sig., Philadelphia, Pa.
Paine, H. M., 1st Lt., Inf., Worcester, Mass.
Paul, L. J., 1st Lt., Med., Salt Lake City, Utah.
Rice, M. J., 2d Lt., C.A., Georgetown, Ky.
Romberger, E. E., 1st Lt., Vet., Reading, Pa.
Rowley, N. W., 2d Lt., Cav., Philadelphia, Pa.
Sherwood, D. K., Capt., Inf., Honolulu, H.T.
Vassar, J. D., 2d Lt., Inf., Craigsville, Va.
Vetter, P. J., Jr., Capt., Med., New York City.

THE ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL.

In compliance with the requirements of the postal laws affecting periodicals, the following information is published:

Statement of the ownership, management, circulation, etc., required by the act of Congress of Aug. 24, 1912, of the Army and Navy Journal, published weekly at New York, N.Y., for April 1, 1923.

State of New York, County of New York, ss.

Before me, a notary in and for the state and county aforesaid, personally appeared C. R. Baines, who, having been duly sworn according to law, deposes and says that he is the Business Manager of the Army and Navy Journal, and that the following is, to the best of his knowledge and belief, a true statement of the ownership, management, etc., of the aforesaid publication for the date shown in the above caption, required by the act of Aug. 24, 1912, embodied in Sec. 443, Postal Laws and Regulations, printed on the reverse of this form, to wit:

1. That the names and addresses of the publisher, editor, managing editor, and business manager are: Name of publisher, American Army and Navy Journal, Inc., 354 Fourth Ave., New York City; the owners of which are: Henry J. Reilly, 354 Fourth Ave., New York City; Clarence Robert Baines, 354 Fourth Ave., New York City; Thomas M. Hobbs, 354 Fourth Ave., New York City; R. H. Parkinson, 140 S. Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill.; Abel Davis, 10 S. La Salle St., Chicago, Ill.; William J. Donovan, 1432 Marine Trust Bldg., Buffalo, N.Y.; A. W. Bjornstad, Fort Snelling, Minn.; Noble Brandon Judah, 154 S. La Salle St., Chicago, Ill.; Francis S. Peabody, 332 S. Michigan Ave., Chicago, Ill.; A. A. Sprague, 600 W. Erie St., Chicago, Ill.; Wallace C. Winter, 219 S. La Salle St., Chicago, Ill.; Marshall Field, 34, 14 Wall St., New York City; Peirce Anderson, 80 E. Jackson Blvd., Chicago, Ill.; J. Ogden Armour, 208 S. La Salle St., Chicago, Ill.; William Wright, Jr., Wrigley Bldg., Chicago, Ill.; Walter B. Wolf, Corn Exchange Bank Bldg., Chicago, Ill.; Dean Sage, 49 Wall St., New York City;

2. That the owners are: (Give names and addresses of individual owners, or, if a corporation, give its name and the names and addresses of stockholders owning or holding one per cent. or more of the total amount of stock.)

American Army and Navy Journal, Inc., 354 Fourth Ave., New York City; the owners of which are: Henry J. Reilly, 354 Fourth Ave., New York City; Clarence Robert Baines, 354 Fourth Ave., New York City; Thomas M. Hobbs, 354 Fourth Ave., New York City; R. H. Parkinson, 140 S. Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill.; Abel Davis, 10 S. La Salle St., Chicago, Ill.; William J. Donovan, 1432 Marine Trust Bldg., Buffalo, N.Y.; A. W. Bjornstad, Fort Snelling, Minn.; Noble Brandon Judah, 154 S. La Salle St., Chicago, Ill.; Francis S. Peabody, 332 S. Michigan Ave., Chicago, Ill.; A. A. Sprague, 600 W. Erie St., Chicago, Ill.; Wallace C. Winter, 219 S. La Salle St., Chicago, Ill.; Marshall Field, 34, 14 Wall St., New York City; Peirce Anderson, 80 E. Jackson Blvd., Chicago, Ill.; J. Ogden Armour, 208 S. La Salle St., Chicago, Ill.; William Wright, Jr., Wrigley Bldg., Chicago, Ill.; Walter B. Wolf, Corn Exchange Bank Bldg., Chicago, Ill.; Dean Sage, 49 Wall St., New York City;

National Guard Mobilized by Radio

A NEW method of mobilizing a National Guard regiment was used by Col. L. S. Conelly, commanding 145th Infantry, Ohio National Guard, during the federal inspection of its headquarters company at Cleveland on March 15. Col. Conelly sent out a call at 2.45 p.m. by radio to mobilize all units of the regiment.

Less than one hour later replies from company commanders, by telephone and telegram, began to arrive at headquarters, and by 5 p.m. practically the entire regiment, stationed in twelve cities and towns in northeastern Ohio, was assembled and ready to move. This exercise was executed for practice only and to obtain reliable data on the efficiency of radio as a means of communication in an emergency as well as a test of the readiness of the command for immediate active service.

The message was broadcast from the Union Trust Building in Cleveland. A 485-meter wave length was used.

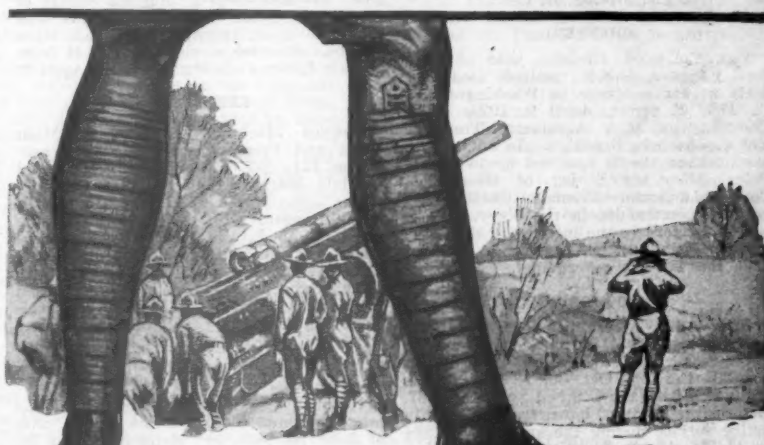
Maj. Albert T. Rich, U.S.A., inspecting officer, obtained copies of the order and of the replies as well as a special report on this highly satisfactory method of distributing orders.

owner; and this affiant has no reason to believe that any other person, association, or corporation has any interest direct or indirect in the said stock, bonds, or other securities than as so stated by him.

C. R. BAINES, Business Manager.
Sworn to and subscribed before me this 30th day March, 1923.

PAUL E. STAHL, Notary Public.
New York County No. 376.
New York Register No. 4198.

My commission expires March 30, 1924.



For ARTILLERYMEN

IT MAY be "Hi, hi, hee for field artillery" but you won't feel so "Hi, hi, hee" at the end of a long day on the range or march if you don't put on a pair of Fox's Spiral Puttees in the morning. What's the use of coming in at night with legs feeling like half-ton weights when you can go through the day with a light swinging stride that smiles at the miles.

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desired upon notification; not otherwise.

Obituaries

ALLEN.

Raymond Cecil Allen, son of William H. Allen, Jr., and the late Helen Cecil, died at Syracuse, N.Y., April 5, 1923, aged eight and a half years. He was a grandson of Col. and Mrs. G. R. Cecil.

CHESTER.

Mrs. Colby M. Chester, wife of Rear Adm. Chester, U.S.N., retired, died suddenly at her residence in Washington, D. C., 1736 K street, April 9, 1923. Mrs. Chester was Miss Antoinette Tremaine and was born in Brooklyn. In addition to her husband she is survived by two sons, Colby M. Chester, Jr., of Greenwich, Conn., and Arthur Tremaine Chester, formerly a commander in the Navy, who is now in Angola in the interest of the Chester concessions which his father obtained from the Turkish government.

COUDEN.

Rear Adm. Albert R. Couden, U.S.N., died at the Naval Hospital, Washington, D.C., April 7, 1923. Adm. Couden was born in Indiana, Oct. 30, 1844, and was graduated from the U.S.N.A., class of 1867. Before graduating, however, he was in active service during the summer of 1864 on the Marion in pursuit of the Confederate steamer Florida. He reached the grade of rear admiral in 1907 and was retired for age Oct. 30, 1909. His first duty after graduation was on the Franklin, the flagship of the European Squadron. Other vessels he served in included the Plymouth, Wyoming, Ashuelot, Pinta, Wheeling, Mohican and Louisiana. He was on the Darien Expedition, 1871; was on duty at the torpedo station, 1874-78, and in the Bureau of Ordnance, 1882-88. Adm. Couden was inspector of ordnance at Indian Head during the war with Spain. When he reached flag rank he was relieved of the command of the battleship Louisiana and went on duty in Washington as a member of a board to report on the merits of the Crozier and Brown systems of wire gun construction, and was also president of the special board on naval ordnance.

DERBY.

Capt. Richard Derby, Air Ser., U.S.A., on duty at McCook Field, Dayton, Ohio, was instantly killed April 7, 1923, when his plane fell 1,500 feet near the field. He was flying a Thomas-Morse scout plane. Capt. Derby was married and had one child 18 months old. He had been at McCook Field since Aug. 15, 1922. Capt. Derby was born in California, Oct. 7, 1894, and entered the Regular Army Aug. 9, 1917, as a second lieutenant in the Coast Artillery. He was transferred to the Air Service in July, 1921.

DRAYTON.

Dr. Henry S. Drayton, father of Mrs. Edmund Banks Smith of Governors Island, N.Y., died April 7, 1923.

KNAPP.

Rear Adm. Harry S. Knapp, U.S.N., retired, was suddenly stricken with heart disease on a trolley car at Hartford, Conn., April 6, 1923, and died while being taken to the Hartford Hospital. Adm. Knapp was born in New Britain, Conn., June 27, 1856, and was graduated from the U.S. Naval Academy June 26, 1874. His first sea duty, for two years prior to final graduation, was spent aboard the Pensacola of the Pacific station, under command of Capt. K. R. Breese. Among his classmates on the same ship were Rear Adms. J. H. Glennon and William L. Rodgers and Vice Adm. Harry McI. P. Huse. Adm. Knapp served in vessels in various parts of the globe and performed service in the Coast and Geodetic Survey, at the Smithsonian Institution, Naval Academy and in the Hydrographic Office. During the war with Spain he served in the Dorothea of the North Atlantic Fleet, being second in command, then holding the rank of lieutenant. Among other duties he was at the Naval War College, was in command of the cruiser Charleston, and was in command of the Cruiser Force at San Domingo city during the troubles there in 1916, his flagship being the Olympia. He was in command of the battleship Florida and served as a member of the General and Joint boards. As rear admiral he was assigned to command the Cruiser Force of the Atlantic Fleet in November, 1916, and he was later on duty as naval representative at Paris, and on the return of Adm. Sims to the United States he was assigned to duty at the London headquarters of the United States naval forces operating in European waters. Subsequently he was assigned to duty aloft with the Pittsburgh as his flagship in Adriatic waters, in order to keep in close touch with the situation in the Mediterranean. His last duty was as commander of the U.S. naval forces in European waters. He was retired from active service for age on June 27, 1920, after an efficient record of service. He performed a total sea service of twenty-one years and five months and shore duty of twenty years and three months. Funeral services were held from his late home, 41 Lorraine street, April 9.

LEFFERTS.

Charles Mackubin Lefferts of Main street and Prospect avenue, Port Washington, L.I., son of Clara Fay Lefferts and the late Marshall Lefferts, died suddenly at his home March 17, 1923. He was in his 50th year. Mr. Lefferts, who is survived by an invalid mother, was a lieutenant in the 7th Regiment, N.Y.N.G. Funeral services were held at his late home March 20, members of a squad from the Engineer Corps and Co. K of that regiment being honorary pall bearers. Interment was at Englewood, N.J.

LUKE.

Kathryn Logan Luke, daughter of the late Capt. and Mrs. William Logan, wife of John W. Luke and sister of Sidney M. Logan, Archibald H. Logan, Mrs. Richard Courla and Mrs. John T. Van Arsdale, died at Birmingham, Ala., April 2, 1923.

MOORE.

Rear Adm. C. B. T. Moore, U.S.N., retired, whose death at the Naval Hospital, League Island, Pa., on April 4, 1923, was noted in this paper April 7, is survived by a widow, Mrs. Helen John Moore; a son, Lt. Comdr. Charles J. Moore, commanding U.S.S. McDermott; a grandson, Charles Kittelle Moore; a daughter, the wife of Comdr. John S. Graham, U.S.N., governor of the Naval Home, and a granddaughter, Jane Graham. Adm. Moore was a son of Brig. Gen. Jesse Moore, Union Armies; also later a member of Congress. The interment took place April 8 in Decatur, Ill., his home town. "During the World War," writes a correspondent, "Adm. Moore endeavored to get active duty, but former Secretary Daniels declined to approve the request, so the admiral turned to as a four-minute man, a member of the Executive Committee of the Illinois State Council of Defense. He also worked with the Navy League, making many addresses throughout the upper Mississippi valley. His last public duty was as a member of the Illinois Constitutional Convention. Adm. Moore was noted for his candor in expression, rugged honesty and his oft-repeated slogan, 'Do right because it's right.'"

MURPHY.

Thomas R. Murphy, for forty years armorer of the 8th Regiment, N.Y.N.G., known as the Washington Grays, died

April 8, 1923, at his home, 1118 Avenue T, Brooklyn, N.Y., at the age of 84 years.

ORD.

Maj. Edward O. C. Ord, U.S.A., retired, died at Eagle Rock, Calif., April 4, 1923, of heart failure. Maj. Ord was one of a long line of military men as members of his family have been continuously on the rolls of the Army since the Revolutionary War. He was the last surviving son of Maj. Gen. E. O. C. Ord, who with his Army of the James cut Lee's retreat at Appomattox. Maj. Ord's brother, Lt. Jules Garasche Ord, was killed at the battle of El Caney, in 1898. Maj. Ord was born in California, Nov. 9, 1858, and entered the Army from civil life as a second lieutenant, 22d Infantry, Sept. 1, 1879. He was transferred to the 27th Infantry May 3, 1902, and was retired Oct. 10, 1903, for disability in line of duty. Among other duties, Maj. Ord served at posts in Texas, Colorado, Montana, Nebraska in expeditions against the Indians, and in other states. He served with his regiment in the campaign in Cuba in 1898, and also served in the Philippine Islands, and was on college duty. Since his retirement he served as professor at St. Matthew's Military School, Burlingame, Calif., and was also on duty with the National Guard of Arizona. During the World War he was ordered to active duty at Fort Sam Houston, Tex., and also served at Marfa, Tex., and at Fort Sill, Okla., as Q.M. He subsequently served as professor of military science and tactics at the University of Alabama, and was in command of the student army training corps unit at that institution from June 29 to Dec. 1, 1918. Maj. Ord is survived by his wife, and his five children, Mr. E. O. C. Ord 3d, Maj. H. N. Ord, Maj. J. Garasche Ord, Miss Ellen F. Ord and Miss Mary Norton Ord, all residing at 2602 Webster street, Berkeley, Calif.

PARKER.

The death aboard the U.S.A.T. St. Mihiel on March 30, 1923, of Virginia Sturtevant Parker, aged six months, daughter of Capt. Gilbert E. Parker, Inf., U.S.A., and Mrs. Parker, is announced.

SELBIE.

William Eliot Selbie, Jr., infant son of Maj. W. E. Selbie, Inf., U.S.A., and Mrs. Selbie, died at Warren, Ariz., March 22, 1923, aged 9 months and 19 days.

THAYER.

Col. George Chapman Thayer, commanding the 103d Cavalry, Pennsylvania National Guard, died at Rutherford, N. C., April 3, 1923, in his 62d year. He began his military career as private in the 1st City Troop of Philadelphia in 1889, serving in all grades up to and including captain of the troop. He was later promoted to the grade of major, lieutenant colonel and then colonel, commanding the 103d Cavalry. He served through the Spanish-American, Porto Rican, Philippine, Mexican border campaign and the World War. The colonel was a great student of Cavalry, having spent many years in studying the fine arts of his branch and widely traveling throughout the world observing cavalries of foreign countries. Col. Thayer leaves a widow and six children, Mary Thayer, George Thayer, who is a candidate for the United States Military Academy this year; Gertrude Thayer, Elizabeth Thayer, Charles Thayer and Avis Thayer. One of his brothers, John B. Thayer, vice president of the Pennsylvania Railroad, perished in the Titanic disaster. Burial was from the Church of the Redeemer, Bryn Mawr, April 6, with full military honors, the entire regiment acting as escort.

WADLEIGH.

Lt. Col. John Winthrop Wadleigh, U.S. M.C., who died at sea April 3, 1923, aboard the U.S.S. Relief while en route from Balboa to San Pedro, as noted in the issue of this paper April 7, married Miss Mary Remy, daughter of Rear Adm. G. C. Remy, U.S.N., and Mrs. Remy, on June 1, 1910. Col. Wadleigh is survived by his widow and two sons, John and George, who are now living in Newport, R.I.

WOLF.

Lt. Col. Silas A. Wolf, U.S.A., retired, died at Paris, France, April 1, 1923. Col. Wolf was born in Pennsylvania, Dec. 13, 1853. He entered the U.S.M.A. July 1, 1874, and after graduation was commissioned an additional second lieutenant and assigned to the 4th Infantry, June 14, 1878, and remained with the 4th Infantry until March 2, 1901, when he was pro-

moted major, 19th Infantry. He was promoted lieutenant colonel, 28th Infantry, July 13, 1906, and was retired from active service Oct. 19, 1910, after more than thirty-six years' service. After his graduation leave Col. Wolf was on frontier duty at Fort Fred Steele, Wyo., during the Indian troubles and was engaged with the Ute Indians Sept. 29 to Oct. 5, 1879, at Milk river, Colo. He subsequently served at Forts Bridger, Wyo.; Leavenworth, Kas.; Spokane, Wash., and Sherman, Idaho, to August, 1889. He served as professor of military science and tactics at the Pennsylvania State College; was on duty at Fort Sherman, Idaho, and was on the expedition protecting the N.P.R.R. Other subsequent duties included the command of Fort Sheridan from April 20 to Aug. 31, 1898. He went to the Philippines in 1899 and participated in skirmishes at La Loma church, March 11 and 17, in two-armed reconnaissances to Novales, and was in command of his company in the three skirmishes on the Morong expedition. He was with the 4th Infantry on the expedition to Das Marinas, participating in the battle of June 19 and the skirmish of June —. He was commended by Gen. Lawton for bravery. Col. Wolf also saw other active service in the Philippines and was on duty in Cuba and at Fort Snelling, Minn. He was professor of military science and tactics at the University of Pittsburgh, Sept. 12 to Nov. 12, 1918, and was in command of the training corps Oct. 1 to Nov. 12, 1918.

Service Weddings

BACON—MARTIN.

The wedding of Capt. Reginald R. Bacon, Inf. (Tanks), and Miss Irene A. Martin of Los Angeles, Calif., was quietly celebrated at the quarters of Lt. Col. O. S. Eskridge, Tank School, Camp Meade, April 7, 1923. The ceremony was performed by Chaplain Ivan L. Bennett of the Tank School. The bride was attended by Mrs. Louis Hoffman of Cleveland, Ohio, a cousin, and by her aunt, Mrs. Henry Heisner of Los Angeles, and was given in marriage by her uncle, Mr. Henry Heisner. The bridegroom was attended by Lt. Howard A. Deas as best man. Col. S. D. Rokenbach, commandant of the Tank School; Lt. Col. and Mrs. O. S. Eskridge, Capt. H. R. Evans, Mrs. Frances B. Gose of San Diego and Mrs. H. A. Deas completed the wedding party. The house was decorated with forsythia and daffodils, while nature added a perfect April day as her contribution to the happy event. A fine selection, including the wedding march from Lohengrin, Mendelssohn's wedding march, "Oh, Promise Me," "The End of a Perfect Day" and other appropriate airs, was played by the Tank School band. The bride was charmingly gowned in white Spanish lace over cream satin, with a corsage bouquet of orchids and lilies of the valley. A reception to the officers and ladies of the Tank School and Camp Meade followed. Maj. Gen. Charles H. Muir, commanding the 3d Corps Area, came over from Baltimore to wish the bride and groom Godspeed. After a short honeymoon Capt. and Mrs. Bacon will be at home at Camp Meade, Md.

BOLTE—POORE.

The wedding of Miss Adelaide Carleton Poore, daughter of Brig. Gen. and Mrs. Benjamin A. Poore, to Capt. Charles Laurence Bolte, U.S.A., aid to Gen. John L. Hines, on April 3, 1923, at Fort Sam Houston, Tex., was a brilliant function. The large living room in the quarters of Gen. and Mrs. Poore were transformed for the ceremony into a bower with ferns and palms and garlands of English and Southern ivy. Before the mantel was an improvised altar lighted with massive brass candlesticks holding white cathedral candles. The matron of honor was Mrs. Donald A. Robinson, wife of Maj. Robinson of Washington and sister of the bride, and the maid of honor was Miss Catherine Foster. The best man was Lt. Nathan Twining, U.S.A., aid to Gen. Poore. The marriage service was read by Chaplain William L. Fisher, U.S.A.

The bride wore an exquisite gown of heavy white crepe satin made with a long basque trimmed with a deep bertha of Princess Louise lace overlaid with a V-shaped piece of tulle embroidered in seed pearls and chenille. The long sleeves of tulle were caught to the wrists with pointed cuffs of Duchesse lace. The skirt was draped with a single cascade at one side and a double cascade at the other edged with pearls. An elaborate design was carried out in an applique of panne velvet motifs encrusted with pearls and crystal

heads. The court train was of white satin lined with taffeta bordered with a tracery of silver white embroidery edged with pearls. The wedding veil was of priceless Russian pillow lace and has been worn by all the brides in the bridegroom's family for over a hundred years. It was held in place by a cap of Duchesse and rose point lace with a half wreath of orange blossoms. A shower bouquet of lilies of the valley and orange blossoms were carried.

The ceremony was followed by a reception of the Argonne Officers' Club. The long room at the club was profusely decorated. The long table from which ices and coffee were served, was lovely in a decoration of white carnations and white lilies. The cake table beneath a canopy formed of a large silver Japanese umbrella was covered with a cloth of old Brittany lace upon which stood a large basket of pink carnations. The bridal party passed under an arch of sabers to the cake table where the bride cut the cake with the bridegroom's saber.

Assisting with serving at intervals during the evening were Meses. Dennis E. Nolan, Edward M. Lewis, Louis M. Nuttman, Paul R. Malone, Harry Burgess, Thomas L. Slavens, Lincoln, Charles R. Williams, Arthur L. Conger, Thomas L. Knox and Willis V. Morris. Presiding at the cake table were Meses. William Elliott, John L. Jenkins and Wilbur Elliott. Others assisting in receiving were Meses. Preston Brown, Paul Wolf, Kenilworth, William Noble, Charles L. Foster, Ralph Harrison, Frederick A. Barker, Oscar Kain, W. T. Pigott, Moore, Frank L. Golden, R. M. Cheney, Robinson, Eben Swift, Ralph B. Kindley and T. H. Christman.

The going away gown of the bride was a handsome three-piece Mangon model in dark blue serge with which was worn a close fitting blue hat draped with a bordered veil of the same color. Capt. and Mrs. Bolte after their wedding tour will be at home in Washington, D.C., where the bridegroom is stationed. Among the many beautiful gifts were: 1st Infantry, five-piece silver meat set; 20th Infantry, large silver bowl; Headquarters 2d Division, silver service plate; 8th Corps Area, large silver candlesticks; 4th Cavalry, large silver platter and bowl.

BUNTING—RAND.

Mrs. Henry G. Rand of 1842 East 25th street, Oakland, Calif., announces the marriage of her daughter, Margaret T., to Ens. Sydney S. Bunting, U.S.N. The wedding took place in the Episcopal Church at Manila, Philippine Islands, and the young couple are spending their honeymoon at Baguio in the mountains of Luzon. Ens. Bunting graduated from the U.S.N.A. in 1920 and is now attached to the U.S.S. Rizal of the Asiatic Fleet.

MINTZER—DUMMER.

Lt. Leonidas Murney Mintzer, U.S.N., and Miss Ethel Sturgis Dummer, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Dummer of Coronado, Calif., were married in that city March 31, 1923. The bride is a graduate of the University of Wisconsin and Wellesley College and has been the head of the Francis Parker School in San Diego, Calif., for the past year.

WHITMORE—ANGENT.

A pretty wedding took place April 5, 1923, at the quarters of Capt. G. L. Anney, Med. Corps, U.S.N., Naval Hospital, Pensacola, Fla., when Miss Harriet Weiss Angent, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John D. Angent of Philadelphia, and niece of Capt. Angent, was married to Lt. William Harvey Whitmore, Med. Corps, U.S.N., of Lynchburg, Va. The nuptial vows were taken in the presence of a few intimate friends of the bride and groom, the ring ceremony of the Episcopal Church being used, Archdeacon Grant Shaufl officiating. The bride was charmingly attired in a wedding gown of white silk lace, with a silk-lace veil caught with orange blossoms, and carried a shower bouquet of bride's roses and lilies of the valley. An informal reception followed the ceremony, after which the bridal couple left for their honeymoon on the Florida east coast. Upon their return, Lt. and Mrs. Whitmore will be at home at their quarters at the Naval Hospital, Pensacola, where Lt. Whitmore is stationed.

Engagements

Mrs. Stephen Miller Foote announces the engagement of her daughter, Lois Brooke, to Dr. William R. Stanford of Durham, N.C. The wedding will take place in July.

Mr. and Mrs. Jonathan Evans Elliot of

Fayetteville, N.C., announce the engagement of their daughter, Agnes, to Lt. Lewis E. W. Lepper, Field Art., U.S.A. Miss Elliot is a member of one of Cumberland's oldest and most prominent families and popular in Fayetteville. Lt. Lepper is a member of the 1st Observation (Flash) Battery, stationed at Fort Bragg.

Mr. and Mrs. John Liggett, jr., of Morewood avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa., have announced the engagement of their daughter, Miss Della Elizabeth Liggett, to Maj. C. Malcolm Stanley Skene, Coast Art., U.S.A., now on duty in charge of the R. O.T.C. at the University of Pittsburgh.

Mr. and Mrs. James Leon Wood of Norfolk, Va., announce the engagement and approaching marriage of their daughter, Alys Lee, to Lt. (j.g.) Bernhard Hasstrup, U.S.N., son of the late Rev. and Mrs. Matthew S. Wolter of Bethlehem, Pa. Lt. Wolter is attached to the U.S.S. Langley.

Read G. Dilworth of Coronado, Calif., has announced the engagement of his daughter, Miss Marjorie Dilworth, and Lt. Robert R. F. McNally, U.S.N., attached to the U.S.S. Kennedy of the Battle Fleet.

Personals

Brig. Gen. Chase W. Kennedy, U.S.A., and Mrs. Kennedy, who have been spending the winter in New York, are at the Brighton in Washington for the month of April.

Mrs. Rivers and Miss Myra Rivers, wife and daughter of Col. Tyce R. Rivers of Governors Island, N.Y., are the guests of Col. and Mrs. George E. Kump in Washington.

Brig. Gen. James Parker, U.S.A., retired, who has been a patient at Walter Reed General Hospital for several weeks, was operated on April 9, and is now reported to be doing very well.

Paul Wade Freeland, six months' old son of Maj. and Mrs. Freeland, was christened on the afternoon of Easter Sunday, at their home on McKinley avenue, El Paso, Tex., by Chaplain John Chenoweth.

Brig. Gen. Franklin W. Ward, N.Y. N.G., contributed an interesting article to the Evening Telegram of New York city April 1 on the New York National Guard and its importance as a factor in the national defense and of the plans under way to further its efficiency.

Miss Genevieve Parke and Mrs. Plume, daughters of Col. J. S. Parke, U.S.A., retired, have recently returned to Washington after spending the winter at Palm Beach. Mrs. Plume, wife of Capt. S. Kellogg Plume, retired, is spending a few weeks with her sister at the Bradford.

The fourth and last of the Army dances of the season was held at Rauscher's in Washington, on April 6. Meses. John L. Hines, Merritte W. Ireland, William J. Snow, Charles S. Farnsworth, Clarence O. Sherrill and J. Duncan Elliott received the guests. Col. Duncan Major made the presentations.

Comdr. C. N. Hinkamp, U.S.N., and Mrs. Hinkamp entertained at dinner in Washington at the Chevy Chase Club on April 7, in honor of Lt. Elrop Vanderkloot, U.S.N., and Mrs. Vanderkloot of Annapolis, who spent the week-end with them, and for Mr. and Mrs. William Nelson Taft of Philadelphia.

Capt. Harry M. Gwynn, U.S.A., and Mrs. Gwynn have recently arrived at Guatemala, where Capt. Gwynn has assumed his new duties as military attaché to the Central American Republics. Capt. and Mrs. Gwynn are at present the guests of Minister Arthur H. Geissler and Mrs. Geissler at the Legation.

Col. Frank Jewell, U.S.A., and Mrs. Jewell entertained at dinner in Washington on April 6 for Dr. and Mrs. Stanley Rinehart, Col. and Mrs. Howard Dickinson, H. C. Barnes, Maj. and Mrs. Frederick Barker, Meses. Robert L. Owen, Armin Riley, Emily Smith, Mr. Matthew E. Hanna, Mr. John Clapp and Capt. John R. Nygaard.

The Secretary of War presented the D. S.M. to the following officers at the War Department April 11: Brig. Gen. Kenzie W. Walker, Chief of Finance; Col. Siebert D. Boak, D.C., and William E. Welsh, G.S.; Lt. Col. Edward M. Shinkle, G.S.; Harry C. Kramer, staff specialist, O.R.C.; and Edward G. Bliss, staff specialist, O.R.C.; Maj. Emory S. Adams, A.G.D.; John S. Upham, A.G.D.; Maxwell Murray, F.A., and James L. Frink, Inf.

Capt. James G. Field, U.S.N., and Mrs. Field have left Washington for New York, where Capt. Field has been ordered for duty.

Col. William M. Cruikshank, U.S.A., and Mrs. Cruikshank entertained at dinner in Washington at the Chevy Chase Club on April 7.

Col. W. C. Babcock, U.S.A., and Mrs. Babcock entertained at bridge in Washington on April 4 in honor of Col. and Mrs. M. F. Steele of Fargo, N.D.

Capt. and Mrs. Percy Lee Sadler, Fort Washington, had as their guests for the week-end Miss Marion Munson, Mr. Cranston Williams and Capt. Leo Donovan.

Capt. Charles H. T. Lowndes, U.S.N., and Mrs. Lowndes are guests of Mr. and Mrs. Ernest W. Roberts in Washington. Capt. Lowndes will assume command of the naval hospital.

Gen. William J. Snow, U.S.A., and Mrs. Snow entertained twenty guests at dinner in Washington on April 6 in honor of the Assistant Secretary of War and Mrs. Dwight F. Davis.

Brig. Gen. Willoughby Walke, U.S.A., and Mrs. Walke have left New York, and are at the Hotel Cecil in San Francisco. Gen. and Mrs. Walke expect to make their home on the West coast.

Comdr. Lamar R. Leahy, U.S.N., and Mrs. Leahy have as their guest in Washington, Mrs. Leahy's mother, Mrs. Charles W. Clinton of New York. Comdr. Leahy will leave Washington shortly for sea duty.

Rear Adm. Joseph Strauss, U.S.N., and Mrs. Strauss entertained at a dinner in Washington on April 2 for Miss Jacqueline Winston of New York, Miss Helen Strauss, Lt. Beresford Waller, U.S.N., and Mds. Elliott Strauss.

Col. Samuel G. Jones, U.S.A., and Mrs. Jones entertained at dinner in Washington on April 6. Their guests were Col. and Mrs. William A. Naylor, Samuel G. Shartle, William Baird, Clarence O. Sherrill and Maj. and Mrs. W. O. Boswell.

Mrs. Luby, wife of Capt. Thomas M. Luby, U.S.M.C., who has been visiting Mr. and Mrs. G. Taylor Wade in Washington, sailed on April 4 on the Cristobal for a tour of the West Indies and Panama. Mrs. Luby was accompanied by Miss Courtney Wade.

Lt. Courtney Whitney, U.S.A., and Mrs. Whitney entertained at dinner in Washington in honor of Maj. and Mrs. George E. A. Reinberg. Their other guests included Capt. and Mrs. Verner T. Scott, Lts. and Meses. Ray A. Dunn, Alfred Baker, Talcott P. Smith, St. Clair Street.

Rear Adm. Thomas Washington, U.S. N., and Mrs. Washington entertained at a small dinner in Washington on April 2 and later took their guests to the Army and Navy Relief Ball at the navy yard. The guests included Comdr. Thibaut, U. S.N., and Mrs. Thibaut, Miss Ruth McEneny, and Lt. Carr, U.S.N.

Col. Peter Field, U.S.A., and Mrs. Field entertained at dinner in Washington on April 6 in honor of Brig. Gen. and Mrs. H. H. Bandholtz. The guests included Col. and Mrs. William M. Cruikshank, Herman W. Schull, Frederick Coleman, William R. Smedberg, Matthew Delaney and Mrs. Holabird of Chicago.

Mrs. Kramer, wife of Maj. Floyd Kramer, U.S.A., entertained at ten in Washington on April 3 in honor of her sister-in-law, Mrs. Bevans, wife of Lt. Stuart M. Bevans. Mrs. Kramer was assisted by Meses. Merritte W. Ireland, Clement O. Whitcomb, Frank Jewell and Maxwell Murray. Maj. and Mrs. Kramer also had with them for the Easter season Mrs. Kramer's parents, Col. and Mrs. James L. Bevans.

Maj. Maxwell Murray, U.S.A., and Mrs. Murray entertained at a buffet supper in Washington on April 6 and later took their guests to the Army dance. The guests included Mr. and Mrs. Ord Preston, Maj. and Mrs. Jonathan M. Wainwright, William S. Dodds, William A. Snow, Mrs. Augustine McIntyre, Mr. and Mrs. Holliday, Miss Mildred Greble, Col. C. C. Collins, Maj. George C. Marshall, Campbell B. Hodges, Leonard C. Sparks, Henry Eglin and James A. Lester, and Col. and Mrs. Conrad S. Babcock.

Mrs. McIntyre, wife of Maj. Gen. Frank McIntyre, U.S.A., entertained at bridge in Washington on April 4 for Meses. Newgarden, Beach, Dunlap, Evans, Borden, Steele, Wilson, Francis, Ellis, Phillip, Swallow, Kite, McKibben, Saul, Eason, and Walcutt. Later a few additional guests came in for tea. Mrs. W. P. Evans and Mrs. John Guest poured tea. Assisting in the dining room were Meses Rose Saul, Helen Hawley, and the three school girl daughters of the hostess, Meses Marion, Margaret and Nora McIntyre.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Kiefer Mayer of Indianapolis, Ind., are the guests of Maj. Roy H. Coles, U.S.A., and Mrs. Coles at Fort Sam Houston, Tex.

Col. E. D. Scott, Field Art., U.S.A., has received official notification that he has been awarded the D.S.M. for distinguished service during the World War.

Mrs. Nash and Miss Caroline Nash, wife and daughter of Capt. Francis S. Nash, U.S.N., have returned to Washington from a visit in New York and will be joined shortly by Capt. Nash, who has been spending several weeks at Hot Springs, Ark.

Mrs. Hugh Barclay gave a luncheon of forty covers at the Officers' Club, Fort Eustis, Va., April 11, followed by bridge, in honor of her house guest, Miss Edna E. Lyons of New York, who is spending several weeks with Capt. and Mrs. Barclay, 34th Inf., Fort Eustis, Va.

Mr. and Mrs. John Lewis Smith entertained in their box at the American Legion ball at Washington, their son-in-law and daughter, Capt. and Mrs. Percy Lee Sadler, Mr. and Mrs. Morrill Chamberlain, Maj. and Mrs. W. F. L. Hartigan. Later they took their guests to Le Paradis for midnight supper.

The annual Army and Navy Relief ball was held at the navy yard in Washington on April 2. The navy yard band played for the dancing. The guests were received by Mrs. Denby, wife of the Secretary of the Navy; Mrs. Roosevelt, wife of the Assistant Secretary of the Navy; Mrs. Davis, wife of the Assistant Secretary of War; Mrs. Dayton, wife of the commandant of the navy yard, and Mrs. Liscum, president of the society.

The Fort Humphreys Amateur Dramatic Club, under direction of Maj. Philip B. Fleming, presented the one-act play "A Night at an Inn" on April 7 at the annual Engineer dinner, and again on April 10. The cast was made up of Maj. D. A. Davison, J. A. Dorst, W. F. Tompkins, C. H. Brown, Capt. H. C. Lyons, E. F. Shaifer and Lts. R. Whitaker and D. W. Griffiths. Lt. Lucius D. Clay was stage manager and Lt. Paul P. Goetz property manager.

The Reserve Officers' Training Corps Military Band of the Colorado Agricultural College, Fort Collins, Colo., is on its fifth annual tour, April 5 to 22, and will appear thirty-four times in nineteen different Colorado cities. The printed program, besides advertising the college itself, calls attention to the benefits of military training and brings before the public the importance of the R.O.T.C. feature in the National Defense act, and how the R.O.T.C. blends with other college activities.

A number of officers and ladies of Fort Benjamin Harrison, Ind., were guests recently of the Highland Country Club of Indianapolis at an elaborate dinner dance which formally opened the handsome new club house. Attending were Brig. Gen. and Mrs. D. E. Aultman, Lt. Col. and Mrs. Allan Parker, J. D. Haysinger, F. E. Hawkins, Maj. and Mrs. B. F. Ristine, W. J. Connolly, H. E. Rexach, Capt. and Mrs. George L. King, J. D. Cleland, Lts. and Meses. John L. Shea and B. M. James.

For the opening concert of the season at Walter Reed General Hospital, Washington, D.C., the Army Band, W. F. Stannard, bandleader, on Easter Sunday gave the following program: 1. March "The Army and Marine," Zehle; 2. overture "Fest," Lortzing; 3. song from "Blossom Time," Romberg; 4. fantasia "The Opera Mirror" (on favorite opera themes), Arr. Tobani; 5. characteristic "Parade of the Wooden Soldiers," Jessel; 6. selection "Gems of Boito," entwined by Tobani; 7. finale "Semper Paratus," Dahlquist.

Col. Edward Carpenter, Coast Art., U. S.A., and Mrs. Carpenter have returned to Bryn Mawr, Philadelphia, after a month in Charleston, S.C. Mrs. Carpenter recently lost her mother, Julia Turner Lee, wife of William Hill Lee of St. Louis. "Mrs. Lee," writes a correspondent, "was a woman of charming personality whose loyalty to the Service was a marked characteristic throughout her long and active life. She was closely associated with the old Army of two generations ago. Her father was Maj. Henry S. Turner of Kinloch, Fauquier county, Va., who served as a captain in the 1st Dragoons during the Mexican War. Mrs. Lee's father-in-law was Maj. John F. Lee of Sully, Fairfax county, Va., the son of Francis Lightfoot Lee and a grandson of Richard Henry Lee. He served as an officer of the old 1st Artillery, later, March 3, 1849, becoming the first Judge Advocate of the Army. These two officers graduated from the U.S.M.A. in 1834. They were roommates and the son of one married the daughter of the other."

Col. C. C. Ballou, commandant of Fort George Wright, Wash., left his station on three months' leave April 1.

Maj. U. S. Grant, U.S.A., addressed the San Francisco sector of the Association of the Army of the United States on April 2 on "Supreme War Council and Unity of Command during the World War."

Maj. and Mrs. Holmes and son, Claude, and Capt. and Mrs. D. L. Robeson of Ancon, C.Z., and Mr. and Mrs. James G. Lyons of Okmulgee, Okla., enjoyed a very pleasant trip to the Pearl Islands on Sunday, March 25, aboard the Panama Canal Yacht Gold Star.

Maj. Gen. Charles G. Morton, U.S.A., commander of the 9th Corps Area, who has been spending a month's leave in Hawaii, returned to San Francisco March 30. Brig. Gen. Ulysses G. McAlexander, who commanded the area during the absence of Gen. Morton, left for his station at Fort Douglas on same date.

Mrs. John S. Loud and daughter, Mrs. F. F. Longley, with her two boys, arrived in San Francisco, Calif., March 27, from Melbourne, Australia, where they have been for the last year. Col. F. F. Longley, who is with the Melbourne Ministry of Health, will not return to the United States until the first of next year.

Maj. H. H. Arnold, U.S.A., commandant of Rockwell Field, Calif., gave an interesting and instructive talk on "Aviation" at San Diego on March 23. Following Maj. Arnold's talk, Lt. Col. Roger S. Fitch, assistant chief of staff G-3, 9th Corps Area, outlined the War Department's plan for the Pacific coast in case of war.

Col. Edward B. Clark, O.R.C., gave an interesting talk on the subject of "Birds in Literature," at the Easter tea of the League of American Penwomen, held at their Washington club house. Mrs. Amos A. Fries, wife of Gen. Fries, conducted the program, and Miss Marjorie Campbell Ruckman, daughter of Gen. Ruckman, presided at the tea table.

Mrs. Harry Taylor, president of the Engineer Corps Branch No. 9 of the Army Relief in Washington, D.C., wishes to thank the members for their support and co-operation during the past year. This made it possible to send in a check of \$1,900 to the headquarters of the society in New York, which included the proceeds from a dance and the annual dues.

The infant daughter of Maj. Edgar Willis Burr, U.S.A., and Mrs. Burr was christened Katharine Neal at St. Margaret's Church, Washington, D.C., on Easter Even. Maj. and Mrs. Henry T. Bull of Washington and Mr. and Mrs. George F. Downs of New York were the godparents. After the christening Maj. and Mrs. Burr entertained at tea in their apartment.

Brig. Gen. Hugh A. Drum, U.S.A., commanding the 2d Coast Artillery District, made an earnest plea for a definite military policy, in an address before the Rotary Club at a luncheon in Brooklyn, N. Y., April 5. "All of our people," the general said in reference to national growth, "have not kept pace with the growth of the nation. Some desire to retain it and others still visualize it in the splendid isolation so fortunate in our early existence. They refuse to accept the world position which is rightfully ours and which is forced upon us whether acceptable or not." Gen. Drum addressed the Criterion Society in the Hotel Commodore, New York, on April 6.

Maj. Gen. R. L. Bullard, U.S.A., presented the Congressional Medal of Honor to Sergt. Michael A. Donaldson, Co. I, 165th Inf., 42d Division, at Governors Island, April 5, awarded for bravery on the battlefield. At the same ceremony the D.S.M. was presented to Samuel T. Hubbard, Jr., and the posthumous award of the D.S.M. to the late Lt. Col. Nicholas Biddle for bravery in battle, was presented to Nicholas Biddle, Jr. This medal was presented to the son at the request of Mrs. Biddle. A D.S.C. for heroism in action was presented to Lt. J. Howland Donaldson, 28th Inf., U.S.A. There was a formal parade of the 16th Infantry, U.S.A., and the recipients of the decorations received the review with Gen. Bullard.

WEDDING INVITATIONS

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SAMPLES ON REQUEST

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Mrs. E. Barclay Wharton, wife of Capt. Wharton, U.S.A., has returned to Key West Barracks, Fla., after a visit with her cousins, Mr. and Mrs. Grover Spell of Miami and Palm Beach.

Col. Earl C. Carnahan, U.S.A., retired, is now residing at 111 Myrtle avenue, Monrovia, Calif., where he has gone into the real estate business. He has just been elected president of the realty board of the town after a residence of less than three months.

Lt. Col. Ralph B. Lister, U.S.A., has begun his campaign of recruiting for the C.M.T. camps to be held in the 9th Corps Area this summer. Wide publicity is being given to the camps and Reserve officers have been urged to use their personal influence in securing desirable candidates.

Maj. John S. Lambie, Med. Corps, U.S.A., whose resignation has recently been accepted, is leaving the Service to be associated in business with his brother in the C. S. Lambie Construction Company in Denver, Colo. Maj. and Mrs. Lambie will make their future home at 600 Gaylord street.

Mrs. Donald A. Robinson, wife of Maj. Donald A. Robinson, U.S.A., with their three children, is visiting Mrs. Robinson's parents, Brig. Gen. B. A. Poore, U.S.A., and Mrs. Poore, at Fort Sam Houston, Tex. Mrs. Robinson was matron of honor at the wedding of her sister, Adelaide, and Capt. Charles L. Bolté, aid to Maj. Gen. John L. Hines, Deputy Chief of Staff of the Army, which took place at Fort Sam Houston, April 3.

Maj. and Mrs. William G. Weaver and Capt. and Mrs. Paul P. Logan entertained a hundred guests at a St. Patrick's supper dance at the Officers' Club in the Presidio of San Francisco on March 16. The club decorations consisted of green and white paper streamers arranged in a lattice work over the ceiling and walls of the ballroom, green foliage, St. Patrick's carnations and candles. An orchestra from the 30th Infantry played for dancing.

Maj. J. W. Lyon, Coast Art., U.S.A., and Mrs. Lyon, Maj. E. O. Halbert, Coast Art., U.S.A., and Mrs. Halbert gave a birthday party and dinner at their residence, 608 Elmwood avenue, Buffalo, N. Y., a few days ago. Those attending were Col. C. W. Taylor, Col. and Mrs. Ben Wade, Capt. and Mrs. Cave, Capt. and Mrs. Stuart Cutler, Maj. and Mrs. MacDonald, Mrs. Charlotte A. Griffith and Maj. and Mrs. Modisette. Cards followed dinner.

Dr. J. H. Clifford addressed a large audience at the Coco Solo Navy Y.M.C.A. on March 28. He paid a glowing tribute to the Navy, pointing out that the morale of Uncle Sam's sailors is an excellent example for civilians. He considered it a great tribute to the flag that 8,000 men could be turned loose day after day in a foreign port, and so very few overstep the bounds of propriety. Dr. Clifford served on the battle front during the World War and was awarded the Croix de Guerre.

Maj. Charles E. MacDonald, Med. Corps, U.S.A., surgeon, 98th Division, gave a lecture before the men's club of Grace Episcopal Church, Buffalo, April 2, on conditions in Southern Europe. The major has also been active in giving talks on national defense, during which he has pointed out the danger from pacifists, and has made plain that the only way to protect life and property, and secure peace and freedom for the people is to maintain an adequate military and naval force.

A formal ceremony was held at the Presidio of San Francisco March 29 for the presentation of medals for valor and distinguished service during the World War. Capt. Harold N. Gilbert, 30th Inf., was awarded the D.S.C.; Col. B. Frank Cheatham, A.C. of S., G-4, and assistant chief of staff, 9th Corps Area, the D.S.M. for distinguished service in the S.O.S.; 1st Lt. Reba G. Cameron, Army Nurse Corps, the D.S.M. for services in France, and Mrs. Grace Aubert received the D.S.M. awarded posthumously to her daughter, Lillian Aubert, who died in France.

The third annual military ball of the Army and Navy Club of Chicago, on April 27, in the gold room of the Congress Hotel, will be opened by a full military band. Music for dancing will be furnished by Copeland Harvey's orchestra from the Opera Club. The Elizabethan room, the French room, the English room, the Francis First room, the Rose room, all have been reserved, the Florentine room exclusively for those desiring to give dinner parties before the ball. Tables for any number not less than four may be obtained by writing to the secretary of the club, stating the number of covers desired.

Mrs. Frank R. Keefer of Governors Island is the guest of Mrs. James Hartly Bryson at the Cordova, Washington.

Maj. Albert T. Rich, Inf., U.S.A., detailed as senior instructor for the Indiana National Guard, has been appointed Masonic adviser of the DeMolay Drill Corps, Indianapolis.

Two colonels for the Hawaiian Division arrived in Honolulu March 7: Col. Otho W. Farr, to assume command of the 11th Field Artillery, and Col. Henry L. Newbold to command the 8th Field Artillery.

Maj. W. R. Weaver, U.S.A., left Mitchell Field on April 2 for one month's duty in the office of the Chief of Air Service. During his temporary absence Maj. Davenport Johnson, A.S., will assume command of the field.

Dorothy R. Swaney, daughter of Maj. Elbert A. Palmer, U.S.A., and Mrs. Palmer, stationed at Fort Schuyler, has been called to New Cumberland, W. Va., to enter the body of her grandfather, John S. Swaney, who died April 3 at San Diego, Calif.

Mrs. E. R. Andrews, wife of Maj. Andrews, Inf., U.S.A., of Fort Leavenworth, Kas., rendered several violin solos Easter at Central Presbyterian Church, Kansas City, Mo. Mrs. Andrews is the guest of her brother, Mr. H. Roper Bishop, and Mrs. Bishop, 5629 Harrison street, Kansas City, Mo.

Maj. Gen. E. A. Helmick, Inspector General of the Army, arrived at Schofield Barracks, March 8, to pay calls upon the officers of the Hawaiian Division. He was met by Maj. Gen. Charles T. Menoher, division commander, Brig. Gens. Kuhn, Davis, Hutchison and other officers. The 27th Infantry Regiment furnished a guard of honor.

Mrs. J. F. Gohn, wife of the post commander at Fort Thomas, Ky., recently called a meeting of the ladies of the post to form a local chapter of the Army Relief Association and to formulate plans for raising funds. Mrs. Gohn was elected president; Mrs. J. M. MacMillan, secretary; and Mrs. O. A. Newhouse, treasurer. The net proceeds of the boxing show held on March 29 were set aside for the Army Relief work.

Maj. Charles L. Williams, C.A.C., on duty with the Organized Reserves at Wilmington, Del., addressed the Rotary Club on April 5. Maj. Williams has been writing articles for the Wilmington dailies on the subject of national preparedness, and recently completed a tour of the southern part of Delaware for the purpose of bringing the question of military training camps for young men to the attention of the schools and prominent men in that section. Maj. Williams was recently elected to membership in the American Society of Mechanical Engineers. The major received the degree of mechanical engineer from Cornell University in 1905.

To celebrate the twentieth anniversary of their wedding Col. Edgar A. Sirmeyer, U.S.A., and Mrs. Sirmeyer entertained about forty of their friends at a buffet supper at the Presidio of San Francisco March 24. Supper was served at small tables, which were cleared later for bridge and mah jong. Those invited were Gen. and Mrs. Morton, Col. and Mrs. K. J. Hampton, E. V. Smith, W. Herringshaw, W. H. Tobin, F. J. Koester, Timothy Coughlan, Harrison Hall, J. C. Chambers, Julian Bernheim, F. L. Munson, J. C. Shepard, Harry Rethers, J. O. Steger, T. H. Jackson, Maj. and Mrs. Thomas Terry, Harry Jordan, Frederick Griffith, Mr. and Mrs. Edwin Eddy of San Francisco and Mr. Edward Johnson.

Maj. Henry W. Stinnes, U.S.A., speaking at a meeting of the Providence (R.I.) Post of the American Legion on March 27 made a plea for better Americans, and in the course of his remarks said that "the menace to America at the present time is not from foreign enemies outside of our borders, but from numberless secret organizations which are afraid to come into the light and which are gnawing into the very vitals of the country." Maj. Stinnes said that he was convinced that there are about 10,000 copies of various kinds of radical propaganda in circulation in Providence daily, while Boston sheltered about 25,000 of the same sort. Other speakers were Gen. Mark L. Hersey, U.S.A., and Maj. William G. Hoey, U.S.A. Gen. Hersey asserted that a powerful American Army would be, despite the claims of pacifists, the greatest peace society the world has ever seen. Maj. Hoey urged the members of Providence Post to get over the feeling that "the war is over" and maintained that the veterans should give America the benefit of their experience by joining the Reserve.

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Mmes. Amos Fries and Rufus Maddux presided at the tea table, and the hostess was assisted by her sister, Miss Olga Hull, Mmes. Alfred Rockwood, George B. Dobyns, William N. Taft, Donald Boyden and Otis Bailey.

Maj. Augustin Prentiss, U.S.A., and Mrs. Prentiss entertained at tea in Washington on April 8 in honor of Mrs. Prentiss's sister, Mrs. John D. Van Waggoner of New York, who has been their guest for the past week.

Maj. Allen W. Gullion, J.A.G. Dept., U.S.A., was presented with the D.S.M. by Maj. Gen. R. L. Bullard, U.S.A., on April 6 at the remembrance meeting conducted by the Soldiers' and Sailors' Club at the Town Hall, New York city. The medal was awarded for "exceptionally meritorious and distinguished services in the national administration of the Selective Service law from May 4, 1917, to March 26, 1918, as Chief of Publicity and Information, as acting executive officer, and finally, as the first chief of the Mobilization Division of the Provost Marshal General's office. To each of his varied and important duties he brought a high order of ability and remarkable powers of application. His services were of great value in raising our National Army."

Births

BOWER.—A daughter, Shirley Frances, was born to Lt. and Mrs. Gordon S. Bower, U.S.N., at St. Joseph's Hospital, San Diego, Calif., April 2, 1923. Lt. Bower is attached to the U.S.S. Neches.

DAVIES.—Lt. Isaiah Davies, Air Service, U.S.A., and Mrs. Davies announce the birth of a daughter, Virginia Lee, at Langley Field, Va., on March 29, 1923.

DUNCAN.—Maj. Thomas Duncan, Air Service, U.S.A., and Mrs. Duncan announce the birth of a daughter, Sarah Shields, on April 8, 1923, at Walter Reed Hospital, Washington, D.C.

EARNHARDT.—A son was born to Lt. Edwin S. Earnhardt, U.S.N., and Mrs. Earnhardt at Annapolis, Md., March 26. Lt. Earnhardt is attached to the Department of Ordnance at the Academy. Mrs. Earnhardt is a daughter of Mrs. W. X. Reid, Baltimore, Md.

HAMILTON.—Lt. William L. Hamilton, 6th Cav., U.S.A., and Mrs. Hamilton announce the birth of a daughter, Barbara Abigail, on March 10, 1923, at the Monmouth Memorial Hospital, Long Branch, N.J.

KRAUL.—Capt. G. E. Kraul, U.S.A., and Mrs. Kraul announce the birth of a daughter, Dorothy Ann, on April 1, 1923, at Fort Benning, Ga.

PERCE.—Born at Washington, D.C., March 22, 1923, to Lt. Cdr. H. J. Peirce, U.S.N., and Mrs. Peirce a son, Jeremy Headlip.

PHILLIPS.—Born at Fort Totten, N.Y., March 27, 1923, to Lt. Talmage Phillips, Q.M.C., and Mrs. Phillips, a son, Alfred.

ROBERTSON.—Born on April 5, 1923, to the wife of Mr. Robert Angus Robertson of Portsmouth, Va., a son, John Pickrell, grandson of Capt. George Pickrell, M.C., U.S.N., and Mrs. Pickrell.

RUNYON.—Born March 30, 1923, to Mr. and Mrs. Paul Weyford Runyon a daughter, Catharine Frances. The baby is a granddaughter of Col. George Wilcox Melver, U.S.A.

SARRATT.—Maj. J. A. Sarratt, Inf., U.S.A., and Mrs. Sarratt announce the birth of a daughter, Marjorie Constance, at Washington, D.C., on April 6, 1923.

STALSBURG.—Born to 1st Lt. Charles Stalsburg, Q.M. Corps, U.S.A., and Mrs. Stalsburg at 1418 Varnum street, Washington, D.C., a daughter.

STRIBLING.—Capt. S. R. Stribling, Ord. Dept., U.S.A., and Mrs. Stribling announce the birth of a daughter, Elizabeth Rodway, on Feb. 7, 1923, at Miami Valley Hospital, Dayton, Ohio.

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STATUS OF ARMY PROMOTIONS.

The following are changes in promotions and vacancies on Promotion List up to April 11:

Last Lieutenant Colonel Promoted Colonel.

Duncan K. Major, Jr., Inf., No. 10 on page 1247, Army Register for 1923.

No vacancies.

Last Major Promoted Lieutenant Colonel.

William J. O'Loughlin, Inf., No. 591 on page 1249.

No vacancies.

Last Captain Promoted Major.

Glenn P. Anderson, C.A.C., No. 2317 on page 1256.

No vacancies.

Last 1st Lieutenant Promoted Captain.

George H. Harrell, Q.M.C., No. 5928 on page 1270.

2 vacancies—1st lieutenants entitled as follows: 1. J. W. Van Osten, S.C. 2. R. L. Fain, Q.M.C.

Last 2d Lieutenant Promoted 1st Lieutenant.

James C. Welch, Inf., No. 8463 on page 1280.

2 vacancies—2d lieutenants entitled as follows: 1. M. W. Bonwell, Inf. 2. J. M. Glasgow, Cav. 602 vacancies.

G.O. 4, FEB. 10, 1923, W.D.

This order gives the awards of distinguished service crosses, distinguished service medals, and citations for gallantry in action. Among those mentioned are the following:

Awards of Distinguished Service Cross for Extraordinary Heroism in Action.

Col. W. P. Lewis, U.S.A., retired, then captain, Medical Corps.

Lt. Col. H. P. Hobbs, Inf., then 1st Lt., 17th Inf.

Maj. P. Remington, Q.M.C., then 2d Lt., 22d Inf.

Capt. C. H. Barnard, Co. C, 345th Batn., Tank Corps.

Capt. W. C. Boyd, Inf., O.R.C., then 1st Lt., 117th Inf., 30th Div.

Capt. A. B. Halsey, Inf., then 1st Lt., 16th Inf., 1st Div.

Award, Posthumous, of Distinguished Service Cross for Extraordinary Heroism in Action.

1st Lt. W. W. Baldwin, Co. A, 165th Inf., 42d Div.

Awards of Distinguished Service Medal for Exceptionally Meritorious and Distinguished Services.

Maj. Gen. A. Murray, U.S.A., retired.

Brig. Gen. R. K. Evans, U.S.A., retired.

Brig. Gen. J. A. Johnston, U.S.A.

Brig. Gen. W. B. Parsons, Engineer O.R.C., then Col., C.E., U.S.A.

Col. H. S. Berry, F.A., O.R.C., then Col., 115th F.A., 30th Div.

Col. C. C. Collins, M.C., U.S.A.

Col. W. R. Pope, Inf., U.S.A.

Lt. Col. S. Andrews, Inf., O.R.C., then Lt. Col., G.S.C., U.S.A.

Lt. Col. H. L. Cooper, then Col., Inf., U.S.A.

Lt. Col. A. F. Foote, Inspector General's, O.R.C., then Lt. Col., Inf., U.S.A.

Maj. W. T. MacMillan, A.G.D., then Lt. Col., G.S.C., U.S.A.

Maj. J. A. Rogers, then Lt. Col., F.A., U.S.A.

Maj. J. L. Schley, then Col., C.E., U.S.A.

Capt. R. A. Dickson, M.A.C., then Lt. Col., Sanitary Corps, U.S.A.

Awards, Posthumous, of Distinguished Service Medal for Exceptionally Meritorious and Conspicuous Services.

Brig. Gen. E. D. Hoyle, U.S.A., retired.

Brig. Gen. F. W. Ruckman, U.S.A.

Citations for Gallantry in Action.

1st Lt. H. A. Daly, Inf., then 2d Lt., 28th Inf., 1st Div.

Col. J. Bradley, Inf., then Capt., U.S. Vols.

Citation, Posthumous, for Gallantry in Action.

1st Lt. D. C. Scroggie, Co. L, 28th Inf., 1st Div.

G.O. 11, MARCH 26, 1923, W.D.

Publishes the metes and bounds of the Fort Sam Houston Military Reservation.

G.O. 12, MARCH 27, 1923, W.D.

I.—The appointment of Col. J. T. Knight, Q.M.C., as assistant to the Q.M. General, with rank of brigadier general, for the period of four years beginning March 8, 1923 with rank from that date, is announced.

II.—Relates to report of errors in the Army List and Directory.

III.—Relates to determination of service origin and line of duty in death and disability cases.

IV.—Relates to fuel for buildings other than public: per cent. equivalent, artificial gas.

V.—Refers to battles and campaigns of the United States.

ARMY ORDERS

Commander-in-Chief—Warren G. Harding, President.

Secretary of War—John W. Weeks.

Assistant Secretary of War—Col. Dwight F. Davis.

General of the Armies—Gen. John J. Pershing, Chief of Staff.

Deputy Chief of Staff—Maj. Gen. John L. Hines.

III.—Relates to the badge for principals and alternates on an Army of the U.S. rifle team.

A badge will be issued to officers and enlisted men who, since and including the year 1906, shall have won a place as a principal or an alternate on an Army of the U.S. rifle team selected to represent the Army of the U.S. or part of the Army of the U.S. in the National Matches. These badges will be included among those which will count in determining eligibility for classification as distinguished marksmen.

In the Regular Army the award of these badges will be limited to such teams as are selected from any one of the following parts of the Regular Army which actually represents it in the National Rifle Team Match:

Infantry (including 65th Infantry in Porto Rico), Cavalry, Coast Artillery, Corps of Engineers, Philippine Scouts.

Badges will be awarded in any one year to but one team representing any one of the above mentioned parts of the Regular Army, and then only when such team actually fires in the National Rifle Team Match. Only one alternate for each team will be considered in the award of badges.

IV.—Relates to the Procurement Code, fiscal year 1923.

V.—Announces that a part of the La Palma Military Reservation, San Juan, Porto Rico, is transferred to the people of Porto Rico and describes the boundaries of the same.

VI.—Publishes the act of Congress relating to second deficiency act, fiscal year 1923.

CIRCULAR 23, MARCH 26, 1923, W.D.

Relates to travel expenses of members of the Army Nurse Corps.

CIRCULAR 25, MARCH 29, 1923, W.D.

This circular refers to the following subjects: Effect of restoration to duty upon an executed dishonorable discharge; certificate required of retired officers.

CIRCULAR 26, MARCH 31, 1923, W.D.

This circular relates to the following subjects: Basic allowances of equipment special for Engineer organizations—amendment to Circular 295, W.D., 1921. Issue to the National Guard of star-gauged rifles especially selected for the national matches. Fitting of clothing. Annual reports of typewriters.

TRAINING OF ARMY BANDS.

CIRCULAR 27, APRIL 2, 1923, W.D.

Musical instruction in Army bands. This circular rescinds Circular 406, W.D., 1919, relating to the musical instruction in Army bands, and issues new instructions as to the "Training of Army Bands." The circular, which is one of 12 pages, deals with efficiency, systematization of methods general band training, the band leader, the assistant band leader, band sergeants and specialists, corporals and specialists, the band as the center of regimental musical activity, field music, etc.

G.O. 9, APRIL 4, 1923, 1ST CORPS AREA.

Maj. W. W. Lemmond, J.A., having reported is announced as judge advocate, 1st Corps Area, with station in Boston.

G.O. 6, APRIL 10, 1923, 2D CORPS AREA.

This order announces that the activities of all correspondence schools, 2d Corps Area, will be suspended from June 15 to Oct. 1, 1923, this period being set aside for training camp activities.

All students are urged to make a special effort to complete the subcourse on which they may be working not later than June 1, 1923, in order that they may take the examination before the close of the school and while the subject matter of the subcourse is fresh in mind. In case the student is unable to complete the subcourse by June 15, 1923, he will continue the subcourse from the point he reaches upon this date when the school reopens on Oct. 1, 1923. All lessons received by the instructor after June 15, 1923, will be filed and returned to the student Oct. 1, 1923.

No student will be permitted to start a new subcourse after May 15, 1923, unless special circumstances insure the completion of the new subcourse not later than June 15, 1923.

An announcement of Army Correspondence Courses for 1923-24 will be mailed about Sept. 1, 1923. To all Reserve officers of this Corps Area, outlining the scope of the various courses for 1923-24. In this connection it is contemplated that no material change will be made in the subject matter covered by any of the subcourses and courses, but an attempt is being made to improve the methods of presenting these subjects.

CARE AND PROTECTION OF MATERIAL.

G.O. 11, MARCH 23, 1923, 3D CORPS AREA.

1. Certain armament and equipment in the Corps Area has deteriorated due to lack of proper care and other losses have occurred through lack of proper protection or to inefficiency in carrying out property responsibility and accountability.

2. Officers on duty with National Guard, Organized Reserves and R.O.T.C. units will include in their duties instruction in proper care, preservation, storage, protection and ac-

countability of Government equipment pertaining to troops with which they are on duty.

At least once each quarter they will make minute inspection of all arms and equipment to ascertain whether any articles are deteriorating due to improper care or whether losses are occurring. In the case of the units ordinarily visited but once each half year inspection will be made at time of such visit. Whenever an unsatisfactory condition exists the case will be reported to this headquarters.

In any case where the proper method of caring for or protecting an article is not covered by regulations, instructions will be requested from this headquarters.

3. It is desired to impress upon all concerned the importance and necessity of keeping all equipment in first-class condition and ready for service.

FORMATION OF 8TH INFANTRY BRIGADE.

G.O. 14, April 6, 1923, 4th Corps Area.

Organization of 8th Infantry Brigade.—The 8th Infantry Brigade (Reinforced) is constituted with headquarters at Fort McPherson, Ga.

The following troops are assigned to 8th Infantry Brigade: Hqrs. and Hqrs. Co.; 8th Inf.; 22d Inf.; 1st Battalion, 2d Field Art.; Tank Platoon No. 4; 22d Observation Sqdn.; 4th Photo Sec.

The order prescribes the general duties of the commander, 8th Inf. Brigade (Reinforced), and in conclusion says: "While the troops of the 8th Infantry Brigade (Reinforced) are dispersed in the several stations, their discipline, administration including courts-martial jurisdiction, and supply will remain under the jurisdiction of the commanding officer of the station in which the particular unit is stationed. Brig. Gen. Edwin B. Winans is designated as brigade commander of the 8th Infantry Brigade (Reinforced)."

G.O. 15, APRIL 7, 1923, 4TH CORPS AREA.

Fort McPherson, Ga.

Transfer of Corps Area Headquarters.—Effective April 10, 1923, these headquarters will be transferred to Red Rock Building at the corner of Spring and Cain streets, Atlanta, Ga. After that date all communications, except radiograms intended for these headquarters, should be addressed to Atlanta, Ga. Radiograms should be addressed to Fort McPherson, Ga.

CIR. 28, MARCH 21, 1923, 4TH CORPS AREA.

Correspondence and Record Keeping.—1. Correspondence is being received at these headquarters containing excessive number of endorsements from camps, posts and stations. This can be remedied by commanding officers calling on their subordinates for information by telephone or memoranda. In a large portion of cases received the necessity of formal indorsement to various staff officers is not apparent.

2. Careful study of pars. 2 and 14, Sec. 1, A.R. 340-15, and strict compliance with the spirit thereof, will greatly reduce the bulk of correspondence, eliminate a certain amount of record keeping of useless transmittal indorsements, and simplify administration in all commands.

HARANT PISTOL TROPHY.

G.O. 8, MARCH 26, 1923, 23D INF.

Fort Sam Houston, Tex.

1. Attention is invited to the following communication:

Fort Sam Houston, Tex., March 18, 1923.

Subject: Presentation of the Harant Pistol Trophy to the 23d U.S. Infantry.

To: Commanding Officer, 23d Infantry, Fort Sam Houston, Texas.

1. The fact that American marksmen, armed with American Army pistols and revolvers, defeated the world at the shooting game (World's Meet) at the Beverloo Range, Antwerp, Belgium, August, 1920, is no reason why American marksmen should now mark time and live on the honor and glory of previous brilliant achievements.

2. In 1923 the U.S. International Pistol Team, made up of five civilians and one Army representative, firing at Milan, Italy, finished in third place, being led by a large margin by the Swiss and Italian teams respectively. In spite of the fact that European shots are noted for their special, heavy target pistols, and hair triggers, the defeat was uncalculated for had our American shots been more thoroughly trained and selected on a competitive basis.

3. In order that the Army marksmen are more conspicuous in numbers on future Olympic and international teams, that stronger Infantry National Match pistol teams may be selected to compete against teams representing other branches of the Army, viz.: Cavalry, Field Artillery, Coast Artillery, Air Service, Corps of Engineers, Signal Corps, Philippine Scouts, teams representing units of the National Guard, the Organized Reserves, R.O.T.C., C.M.T.C., and civilian teams, it is of greatest importance to first develop destructive shots within companies, separate battalions and regiments. In order that this end may be attained and for the purpose of fostering greater interest in pistol firing in the regiment, with hopes of seeing the 23d Infantry topping all other regiments of the Army in the percentage of qualified shots. I desire to present to the regiment, through its commanding

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officer, a pistol trophy to be known in the regiment as the Harant Pistol Trophy, to be competed for and annually awarded to the company qualifying the highest percentage of pistol shots. The scores of only those officers and enlisted men actually assigned to companies when firing will count in determining of the winning company. The trophy will be first competed for in 1923.

(Signed) LOUIS J. HARANT, 1st Lt., 23d Inf.

2. The Commanding Officer takes great pleasure in accepting this handsome trophy, and hopes it will ever be an inspiration to every officer and enlisted man in the regiment to redouble his efforts to the end that he may not only aid his organization in the winning of the Harant Pistol Trophy, but that he may also aid in building up that degree of expertness which will render the Army marksmen invincible.

By order of Col. Owenshine: R. K. WHITSON, Adjutant.

SELECTION AND ASSIGNMENT OF RESERVE OFFICERS.

Adjutant General's Office, Washington, April 4, 1923.

Letter to each Chief of Branch:

1. For your information and guidance there is quoted hereinafter a letter which was sent to each corps area commander on April 2, 1923:

"It is desirable that Corps Area Commanders in selecting and assigning Reserve officers of the Territorial Assignment Group bend their efforts to completing assignments to units of the Organized Reserves. However, corps area commanders will create a category of Reserve officers to fill active Regular Army units within their area to war strength. The numbers or percentages by grades and arms to be contained in the latter category will be recommended by corps area commanders to the War Department for approval.

"2. Reserve officers remaining available after filling the requirements of the Organized Reserves and the active units of the Regular Army may then be assigned to inactive units of the Regular Army."

By order of the Secretary of War:

ROBERT C. DAVIS, The Adjutant General.

OFFICE OF THE CHIEF OF CHAPLAINS.

Washington, March 30, 1923.

Col. J. T. Axton, Chief of Chaplains, in a memorandum issued on March 30 says in part: Signal officers in many places are co-operating splendidly in broadcasting religious services conducted at Army posts.

By Sept. 30, 1923, the chaplain personnel on duty outside the continental limits will be increased to full strength authorized for those garrisons. There will be 10 chaplains in the Philippine Department, 8 in Panama, 1 in China, 18 in Hawaii and 1 in Porto Rico. There are 19 chaplains, in addition to those now under orders, who have had no foreign service.

The curriculum of the Chaplains' School has been the subject of a special study by the General Staff, a representative of this office consulting, and a recommendation has been approved by the Secretary of War which shortens the course to three months and eliminates certain subjects the study of which may be pursued in the unit schools. The next session of the school begins Sept. 15, 1923, with twelve students, already notified of assignment.

During the training season last year twenty-four chaplains of the O.R.C. were called to active duty. Already several corps area commanders have issued orders placing Reserve chaplains on duty for training this year and many more will be designated before summer. Regular Army chaplains are making most helpful contacts with these clergymen with a view to strong co-operative effort. Special Lenten evangelistic services were conducted at Camp Lewis, Washington, under the direction of the camp chaplains, Rev. G. P. Horst, D.D., representing the Committee on Men's Work, General Assembly, Presbyterian Church, U.S.A., being the speaker. Chaplain Evans reports attendance and interest increased from night to night and all were pleasantly surprised with results. Let this serve to introduce Dr. Horst, a chaplain during the

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MEMORANDUM FOR CHAPLAINS.

Col. J. T. Axton, Chief of Chaplains, U.S.A., under date of April 10 in an official memorandum says in part:

Right Rev. Herbert Shipman, D.D., for many years the beloved chaplain at the U.S. Military Academy, senior chaplain of the 1st Army during the World War, and now Suffragan Bishop of New York, was this week commissioned chaplain in the Officers' Reserve Corps, with the grade of major. Out of 25 years of closest contact with military affairs and his rich experience in ministry to civilian congregations, Dr. Shipman comes with unusual fitness for large service in the Reserves.

The policy of having chaplains attached to units of the garrisons is serving, thereby providing continuous duty with certain organizations, will be pursued. Chaplains who have served from 10 to 25 years with their regiments have stood out prominently and have secured the finest results in service of men. Changes of station are properly becoming less and less frequent as the Army settles to its peace-time status.

Already during this fiscal year 134 rabbis, clergymen and priests have been commissioned chaplains in the O.R.C. Among them are many men of prominence in religious work who are especially well fitted for brigade, division and corps chaplains, and there are many young men of great promise who are ready for the hardest kind of field service if occasion requires. The total strength is 759.

Chaplain Burling has been conducting a thrift campaign among the men at Fort Lawton. Many enlisted men have made deposits with the paymaster and others have opened saving accounts at local banks.

GENERAL STAFF CORPS.

GEN. J. J. PERSHING, G. OF A., C. OF S.

Capt. R. B. Woodruff, G.S., Fort Amador, C.Z., is placed on detached service at these headquarters as assistant to the Assistant Chief of Staff, G-3. He will proceed to Quarry Heights, C.Z., for duty accordingly. (March 20, P.C.D.)

Leave on account of sickness for 4 months to Col. A. Starbird, G.S. (April 6, W.D.)
Lt. Col. S. B. Gieves, G.S. (Cav.), from detail in G.S. Corps April 30 and will proceed to Fort Sam Houston, Tex., for duty. (April 7, W.D.)

Lt. Col. C. A. Bach, G.S. (Cav.), from detail as a member of G.S. Corps Aug 15 and will proceed at proper time to Washington Barracks and report about Aug 15 at Army War College as student officer. (April 9, W.D.)

ADJUTANT GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT.

MAJ. GEN. R. C. DAVIS, THE A.G.

Leave for 20 days to Maj. J. G. MacDonnell, A.G., about April 10. (April 9, W.D.)

INSPECTOR GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT.

MAJ. GEN. E. A. HELMICK, I.G.

Col. W. C. Rivers, I.G.D., having reported, is announced as corps area inspector. (April 3, 2d C.A.)

JUDGE ADVOCATE GENERAL'S DEPT.

MAJ. GEN. W. A. BETHEL, J.A.G.

Maj. W. A. Turnbull, J.A., about April 25 to Washington, D.C., to Militia Bureau for duty. (April 5, W.D.)

Maj. H. A. Auer, J.A., to duty with Judge Advocate General's Dept., 2d Corps Area. (April 5, W.D.)

QUARTERMASTER CORPS.

MAJ. GEN. W. H. HART, Q.M.G.

1st Lt. G. B. McGary, Q.M.C., will report at Fort Sam Houston, Tex., for treatment. (April 4, W.D.)

Capt. W. S. Everts, Q.M.C., to San Francisco for duty. (April 6, W.D.)
Capt. W. C. Mahoney, Q.M.C., to Fort Benning, Ga., for duty as C.O. of Motor Transport Co. No. 100, relieving Capt. T. C. Knight, Q.M.C. (April 7, W.D.)

1st Lt. E. K. Henson, Q.M.C., to Fort D. A. Russell, Wyo., for duty. (April 7, W.D.)

The following promotions of officers of Q.M. Corps from 1st lts. to captains, with rank from dates given in 1923, are announced: E. J. Buckbee, Feb. 15; A. Tyree, Feb. 22; C. O. Carter, Feb. 25; F. D. Shaw, Feb. 26; C. J. Foley, Feb. 27; R. H. Begie, March 1; M. M. Clark, March 2; H. J. Hunker, March 2; F. E. Hagen, March 3; M. A. McFadden, March 5; L. C. Baird, March 10; R. C. Bower, March 16. Each of the above officers will remain on his present duties. (April 7, W.D.)

Leave for 3 months to Capt. T. J. McGrath, Q.M.C., upon arrival in U.S., with permission to apply for an extension of 1 month. (April 9, W.D.)

Leave for 3 months to Capt. W. H. Sadler, Q.M.C., upon arrival in U.S. (April 9, W.D.)

Capt. C. L. Bernau, Q.M.C., from his present assignment and duties in the Philippine Dept. upon completion of his present tour of foreign service and will report at the Bakers' and Cooks' School, Presidio of San Francisco, for duty. (April 9, W.D.)

Maj. J. L. Topham, Q.M.C., is assigned as executive officer, 95th Division Trains, with station at Syracuse, N.Y. (April 4, 2d C.A.)

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

MAJ. GEN. M. W. IRELAND, S.G.

Capt. W. L. Richards, M.C., to Fort Mott, N.J., for duty. (April 4, W.D.)

Leave for 2 months and 12 days to Lt. Col. S. J. Morris, M.C., about April 30. (April 6, W.D.)

Maj. W. S. Woolford, M.C., to Army and Navy General Hospital, Hot Springs, Ark., for treatment. (April 6, W.D.)

Capt. F. V. Kilgore, M.C., to Fort Riley, Kas., for duty. (April 6, W.D.)

Capt. W. C. Whitmore, M.C., to Fort Adams, R.I., for duty. (April 6, W.D.)

Capt. W. H. Beardsley, M.C., to Fort Williams, Me., for duty. (April 6, W.D.)

Leave for 1 month, about April 18, to Capt.

F. J. Moennighoff, M.C., Fort Des Moines, Iowa. (March 31, 7th C.A.)

DENTAL CORPS.

Leave for 2 months to Maj. F. H. Bockoven, D.C., upon his arrival in U.S. (April 5, W.D.)

VETERINARY CORPS.

Capt. S. R. Ingram, V.C., to Fitzsimons General Hospital, Denver, for treatment. (April 6, W.D.)

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

BRIG. GEN. K. W. WALKER, C. OF F.

Leave for 2 months, about April 20 to Capt. B. B. Boon, F.D. (March 21, 3d C.A.)

Leave for 4 months, about June 1, with permission to leave U.S., to Lt. Col. S. B. McInnes, F.D. (March 21, 3d C.A.)

1st Lt. B. B. Barbee, F.D., to Fort McPherson, Ga., for assignment to duty as property auditor. (April 6, W.D.)

The promotion of 1st Lt. G. W. Cooke, F.D., to grade of captain, F.D., with rank from Feb. 22, 1923, is announced. He will remain on his present duties. (April 7, W.D.)

Capt. N. D. Cota, F.D., from Langley Field, Va., Aug. 1 to West Point, N.Y., for duty as finance officer. (April 7, W.D.)

Capt. G. W. Cooke, F.D., to Langley Field, Va., Aug. 1 for duty as finance officer. (April 7, W.D.)

CORPS OF ENGINEERS.

MAJ. GEN. L. H. BEACH, C. OF E.

Sgt. W. P. Schwall is detailed to duty with Indiana N.G. as sergeant-instructor of Engrs. and will be sent to Gary for station. (April 4, W.D.)

Leave for 2 months, about April 7, to Lt. W. L. Medding, O.E., Rolls, Mo. (March 31, 7th C.A.)

ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT.

MAJ. GEN. C. C. WILLIAMS, C. OF O.

Leave for 1 month to Maj. Gen. C. C. Williams, Chief of Ordnance, effective April 7. (April 6, W.D.)

Maj. K. F. Adamson, O.D., to Fort Bragg, N.C., for duty as O.D. and as ordnance member of the Field Art. Board. (April 6, W.D.)

Leave for 1 month to Maj. T. J. Smith, O.D., upon arrival in U.S. (April 7, W.D.)

Maj. C. T. Harris, jr., O.D., will proceed at proper time to Washington Barracks and report Aug. 15 at Army War College for duty as student officer. (April 9, W.D.)

SIGNAL CORPS.

MAJ. GEN. G. O. SQUIER, C.S.O.

Leave for 2 months to Maj. A. E. Larabee, S.C., upon arrival in U.S. (April 6, W.D.)

Capt. W. C. Ellis, S.C., will proceed by rail to San Francisco and sail about May 29 for Philippines for duty. (April 7, W.D.)

AIR SERVICE.

MAJ. GEN. M. M. PATRICK, C. OF A.S.

Leave for 2 months, with permission to visit U.S., to Capt. H. W. Flickinger, A.S., to leave Cristobal about April 2. (March 30, P.C.D.)

1st Lt. L. H. Dunlap, A.S., to report in person to C.O. Chanute Field for duty with Photo Section No. 5. (April 4, W.D.)

Leave for 2 months, with permission to visit U.S., to 1st Lt. O. Moon, A.S., to leave Cristobal, C.Z., about April 2, and is authorized to apply for an extension of 1 month. (March 20, P.C.D.)

Maj. L. S. Churchill, A.S., to Omaha, Neb., for duty with Air Service. (April 6, W.D.)

Capt. A. D. Smith, A.S., having been found incapacitated for active service on account of disability incident thereto, his retirement is announced. (April 7, W.D.)

Leave for 1 month to 1st Lt. R. T. Zane, A.S., about April 9. (April 7, W.D.)

CHEMICAL WARFARE SERVICE.

BRIG. GEN. A. A. FRIES, C.C.W.S.

1st Sgt. J. Loiz, 1st Gas Regt., C.W.S., will be placed upon retired list at Edgewood Arsenal, Md., and sent home. (April 5, W.D.)

CHAPLAINS.

COL. J. T. AXTON, C. OF C.

Chaplain S. J. Smith, now at Walter Reed General Hospital, will report to Army retiring board at Washington for examination. (April 7, W.D.)

CAVALRY.

MAJ. GEN. W. A. HOLBROOK, C. OF C.

The following promotions of 2d lts. of Cav. to be 1st lts. are announced, to rank from dates noted in 1923: G. McK. Williamson, Jr., March 23; H. W. Schimmer, March 25; C. M. Smith, Jr., March 28; W. J. Muller, April 1. Each officer will remain on his present duties. (April 5, W.D.)

2d Lt. J. M. Glasgow, Cav., is assigned to 9th Cav. upon his relief from duty as aid on the staff of Maj. Gen. H. T. Allen. He is detailed to temporary duty with 61st Cav. Div., O.R., and to N.Y. city for duty. He will be relieved at proper time and proceed to Fort Riley, Kas., and report not later than Sept. 10 for duty with regiment to which assigned. (April 5, W.D.)

Sgt. C. Wilson, 10th Cav., will be placed upon retired list at Camp Stotsenburg, Pampana, P.I., and sent home. (April 5, W.D.)

Maj. H. M. Estes, Cav., is assigned to 4th Cav., Fort McIntosh, Tex., for duty. (April 7, W.D.)

The leave granted Maj. R. Talbot, jr., Cav., is extended 1 month and 10 days. (April 7, W.D.)

The promotion of 2d Lt. S. M. Lipman, Cav., to 1st lt., Cav., with rank from Feb. 2, 1923, is announced. He will remain on his present duties. (April 7, W.D.)

Leave for 1 month to Capt. R. L. Creed, Cav. (April 9, W.D.)

FIELD ARTILLERY.

MAJ. GEN. W. J. SNOW, C. OF F.A.

Leave for 3 months and 4 days, with permission to visit U.S., to Capt. R. G. Mangum,

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4th F.A., to leave Cristobal, C.Z., about May 26. (March 20, P.C.D.)

Leave for 2 months, with permission to visit U.S., to Capt. R. A. Knight, 4th F.A., to leave Cristobal, C.Z., about April 2. (March 13, P.C.D.)

1st Lt. M. M. Smith, Field Art. R.O., Sacramento, Calif., is assigned as aid to major general commanding Corps Artillery Hqrs., 19th Corps. (March 30, 9th C.A.)

Leave for 2 months, March 26, 1923, to 1st Lt. S. R. Deanes, 17th F.A. (March 26, 4th C.A.)

Maj. C. B. McCormick, F.A., from assignment to 82d F.A. Batin, and is detailed as an instructor of F.A., Oklahoma N.G., and to Ada for station. (April 4, W.D.)

Leave for 4 months to Capt. L. McHale, F.A., upon expiration of tour of foreign service, with permission to travel in China and Japan. (April 5, W.D.)

The promotion of 2d Lt. A. T. McCone, F.A., to grade of 1st Lt. F.A., with rank from Feb. 11, 1923, is announced. He will remain on his present duties. (April 7, W.D.)

1st Lt. C. R. Carlson, F.A., Honolulu, H.T., will proceed to Fitzsimons General Hospital, Denver, Colo., for treatment. (April 7, W.D.)

1st Lt. C. S. Berrien, 7th F.A., from assignment to that regiment and from further duty at Fort Ethan Allen, Vt., at such time as will enable him to comply with this order, and will proceed at proper time to N.Y. city and sail about May 17 for Panama C.Z. for duty. (April 5, W.D.)

1st Lt. L. V. Harris, F.A., having reported, is assigned to 2d Batin, 7th F.A., with station at Madison Barracks, N.Y. (April 8, 2d C.A.)

COAST ARTILLERY CORPS.
MAJ. GEN. F. W. COE, C. OF C.A.

Leave for 2 months, with permission to visit U.S., to 2d Lt. H. Hewett, C.A.O., to leave Cristobal, C.Z., about April 2. (March 9, P.C.D.)

Capt. F. S. Swett, C.A.O., to proceed at proper time to San Francisco and sail about Oct. 1 for Hawaii for duty. (April 4, W.D.)

Leave for 3 months to Capt. R. M. Carswell, C.A.O., about Aug. 1. (April 6, W.D.)

Capt. R. M. Carswell, C.A.O., to sail on transport scheduled to leave San Francisco about Oct. 24 for Philippines. (April 6, W.D.)

Capt. A. W. Jones, C.A.O., now at Letterman General Hospital, is relieved from further duty in Hawaiian Dept. and will proceed to Fort Winfield Scott, Calif., for duty. (April 7, W.D.)

Leave for 1 month and 8 days to 1st Lt. J. D. Moss, C.A.O., about April 11. (April 7, W.D.)

The leave granted Capt. M. B. Gibson, C.A. C., is extended 1 month. (April 9, W.D.)

Leave for 2 months, with permission to visit U.S., to 1st Lt. C. E. Brand, C.A.O., to leave Cristobal, C.Z., about April 2. (March 26, P.C.D.)

INFANTRY.
MAJ. GEN. C. S. FARNSWORTH, C. OF I.

The following promotions of officers of Inf. arm are announced from dates given in 1923:

1st Lts.—J. H. Crozier to capt. from Feb. 2; T. R. Gibson to capt. from Feb. 10; J. J. Fraser to capt. from Feb. 11. 2d Lts.—J. D. Cambre to 1st lt. from Feb. 10; B. G. Stevens to 1st lt. from Feb. 11; T. M. Brinkley to 1st lt. from Feb. 11. Each of the above officers will remain on his present duties. (April 4, W.D.)

Leave for 1 month, about Aug. 4, to Capt. P. L. Baldwin, Inf., D.O.L. (March 19, 3d C.A.)

Leave for 2 months, about April 1, to 1st Lt. T. E. Mahoney, Inf., D.O.L. (March 19, 3d C.A.)

Leave for 2 months and 10 days, upon arrival in U.S., to Wnt. Of. L. W. Weeks, 22d Inf. Brigade, Schofield Barracks, H.T. (April 4, W.D.)

Mtr. Sgt. D. Nadeau, Infantry School Detachment, will be placed upon retired list at Fort Benning, Ga., and sent home. (April 4, W.D.)

Leave for 2 months and 25 days, April 5, to Capt. N. C. Johnson, Inf. (April 2, 4th C.A.)

Maj. F. D. Carlock, 88th Inf., from assignment to that regiment and is detailed as professor at State College of Washington, Pullman. (April 6, W.D.)

The following promotions of 2d lts. of Inf. to 1st lts. from dates given in 1923 are announced: G. McK. Williamson, Jr., March 23; H. W. Brimmer, March 25; C. M. Smith, Jr., March 28; W. J. Muller, April 1. Each of the above officers will remain on his present duties. (April 6, W.D.)

The following promotions of Inf. officers are announced, to take effect on the dates given in 1923: 1st Lts.—N. P. Williams to capt. March 9; R. G. Couleay to capt. March 11. 2d Lts.—J. K. Buchanan to 1st lt. Feb. 16; R. W. Hubbell to 1st lt. Feb. 23; F. W. Kendall to 1st lt. Feb. 26; J. E. Farley to 1st lt. Feb. 27; C. H. Moore, Jr., to 1st lt. March 1; J. W. Freeman to 1st lt. March 2; A. J. Mackenzie to 1st lt. March 2. Each of the above officers will remain on his present duties. (April 6, W.D.)

The following promotions of 2d lts. of Inf. to 1st lts. are announced from the dates noted in 1923: W. V. Carter, March 2; W. E. Dunkelberg, March 5; A. Fulsifer, March 5; F. A. Hillard, March 8; E. Watkins, March 9; F. J. Gillespie, March 9; J. L. Gibney, March 10; R. H. Vesey, March 11; K. L. Hastings, March 16. Each of the above officers will remain on his present duties. (April 6, W.D.)

Capt. I. Gill, Jr., Inf., May 27 is assigned to 15th Tank Batin, Fort Benning, Ga., and will join. (April 6, W.D.)

1st Lt. Col. W. B. McCaskey, Inf., from duties at Fort Benning, Ga., Sept. 15 and will report to Infantry School for duty as a member of the advanced class. (April 7, W.D.)

Maj. C. P. Hall, Inf., from duty as a member of the Infantry board, Fort Benning, Ga., Sept. 15 and will report to Infantry School for duty as a member of the advanced class. (April 7, W.D.)

Maj. G. V. Heidt, 29th Inf., from assignment to that regiment, to take effect Sept. 15, 1923, and will report to Infantry School, Fort Benning, Ga., for duty as a member of the advanced class. (April 7, W.D.)

Maj. F. M. Maddox, Inf., from further duty in Militia Bureau and is assigned to 3d Div. for duty with Inf. of that division in Alaska. He will join station to which assigned, sailing from N.Y. city about April 27 for San Francisco and will proceed to Alaska on transport sailing from that port about May 28. (April 7, W.D.)

1st Lt. Col. A. L. Briggs, Inf., is assigned to 2d Div. upon completion of temporary duty directed by S.O. 239, W.D., Oct. 11, 1922, and will then proceed to Fort Sam Houston to 2d Div. for assignment to duty with Inf. (April 7, W.D.)

Capt. F. Hatfield, 29th Inf., from assignment to that regiment and from further duty at Fort Benning, Ga., June 30 and is detailed as assistant professor of military science and tactics, Georgia School of Technology, Atlanta (April 7, W.D.)

1st Lt. C. L. Hyssong, 25th Inf., from assignment to that regiment Sept. 7 and is detailed as assistant professor at the Dallas High Schools, Dallas, Tex. (April 7, W.D.)

Capt. J. H. Knebel, Inf., from attachment to 24th Inf. and is detailed as assistant professor at Atlanta Public High Schools, Ga. (April 7, W.D.)

The retirement of Col. C. E. Dentler, Inf., from active service on April 9, 1923, under the requirements of the act of Congress approved June 30, 1892, is announced. (April 9, W.D.)

Capt. H. R. Evans Inf. (Tanks), is detailed as assistant professor at Cornell University, Ithaca, N.Y. (April 9, W.D.)

TRANSFERS.

The transfer of 1st Lt. A. E. Mickelsen, C.A.O., Corosal, C.Z., to Signal Corps on March 30, 1923, with rank from Sept. 27, 1919, is announced. He will remain on his present duties. (April 5, W.D.)

The transfer of Capt. V. E. Prichard, Inf., West Point, N.Y., to F.A. on March 29, 1923, with date of rank as prescribed by act of June 30, 1922, is announced. He will remain on his present duties. So much of par. 19, S.O. 67, W.D., March 21, as relieves Capt. Prichard from duty at U.S.M.A. and assigns him to 1st Div., effective Aug. 24, 1923, is revoked. (April 6, W.D.)

The transfer of Capt. J. R. Young, Inf., to F.A. on March 29, 1923, with rank from July 1, 1920, is announced. He is assigned to 1st Div. and will report by letter to commanding general 3d Corps Area for assignment to duty and will join station to which assigned. (April 6, W.D.)

The transfer of Lt. Col. G. Compton, Inf., 207 Dauphin Bldg., Harrisburg, Pa., to Signal Corps on April 9, 1923, with rank from Feb. 22, 1923, is announced. (April 7, W.D.)

The transfer of Lt. Col. A. L. Rhoades, C.A.O., General Service Schools, Fort Leavenworth, Kas., to Signal Corps on March 30, 1923, with rank from Feb. 27, 1923, is announced. He will remain on his present duties. (April 7, W.D.)

The transfer of Capt. V. Wilson, F.A., to Ordnance Dept. on April 3, 1923, with rank from July 1, 1920, is announced. Capt. Wilson will remain on his present duties at his present station, Fort Sill, Okla., until such time as it shall be necessary for him to proceed to Watertown Arsenal, Mass., not later than June 15 for duty as student officer. (April 7, W.D.)

ASSIGNMENTS IN PANAMA CANAL ZONE.

Effective upon their arrival in the Panama Canal Department, the following officers are assigned to organizations and stations as indicated below: To 33d Inf., Fort Clayton, C.Z.—Capt. F. De Caro, Inf.; Capt. G. E. Parker, Inf. To 14th Inf., Fort Davis, C.Z.—1st Lt. C. O. Dusenbury, Inf. To 1st Batin, 4th F.A., Camp at Gatun, C.Z.—1st Lt. C. Dale, F.A.; 1st Lt. J. M. Reynolds, F.A.; 2d Lt. H. M. Jones, F.A. To Camp at Gatun, C.Z.—1st Lt. G. F. Foss, Q.M.C. To Camp Gaillard, C.Z.—Capt. C. O. Temple, Q.M.C. (March 28, P.C.D.)

WARRANT OFFICERS.

Wnt. Of. W. W. Tobin to Brooklyn, N.Y., to General Intermediate Depot for duty. (April 5, W.D.)

Wnt. Of. A. Muehlhause will report to an Army retiring board at Hqrs. District of Washington for examination. (April 7, W.D.)

Wnt. Of. A. B. Johnson will report to Army retiring board at Washington for examination. (April 9, W.D.)

Leave for 1 month, May 1, to Wnt. Of. O. C. Stauffer. (April 5, 2d C.A.)

FIELD CLERKS.

The resignation of Army Fd. Clk. J. P. Johnson, 2d Corps Area, Governors Island, N.Y., April 9, 1923, is accepted. (April 4, W.D.)

Leave for 1 month and 15 days, April 16, to Army Fd. Clk. C. S. Worick. (April 5, 2d C.A.)

D.E.M.L.

Sgt. W. H. Showalter, D.E.M.L., will be placed upon retired list at Gary High Schools, Gary, Ind., and sent home. (April 4, W.D.)

ORDERS TO RESERVE OFFICERS.

The promotion of 2d Lt. G. W. Ade, A.S. O.R.C., on duty at Chanute Field, Rantoul, Ill., to 1st lt. A.S.O.R.C., to date from April 4, 1923, is announced. (April 4, W.D.)

Col. A. T. Valentine, G.S. (Inf. O.R.C.), from detail as an additional member of G.S. Corps and at such time as will enable him to arrive at his home, San Diego, Calif., about May 15, and upon arrival will stand relieved from further active duty. (April 7, W.D.)

The promotion of Capt. E. C. Stover, Jr., Inf. O.R.C., on duty at Fort Benning, Ga., to maj., to date from April 7, 1923, is announced. (April 7, W.D.)

CHANGES OF STATIONS OF TROOPS.

The following changes in stations, etc., of organizations were announced by the War Department April 9:

Changes in Station.

Troop B, 5th Cav., Fort Clark, Tex., to Camp Michie, Del Rio, Tex.

Troop E, 5th Cav., Fort Clark, Tex., to Eagle Pass, Tex.

Troop A, 5th Cav., Camp Michie, Del Rio, Tex., to Fort Clark, Tex.

Troop G, 5th Cav., Eagle Pass, Tex., to Fort Clark, Tex.

Troop E, 8th Cav., Fort Bliss, Tex., to Camp Furlong, Columbus, N.M.

Cos. I and K, 22d Inf., Fort McPherson, Ga., to Camp McClellan, Ala.

Wagon Co. No. 1, Fort Wadsworth, N.Y., to Fort Hamilton, N.Y.

Wagon Co. No. 2, Fort Wadsworth, N.Y., to Fort Jay, N.Y.

*Cos. K and M, 10th Inf., Fort Hayes, Ohio, to Fort Thomas, Ky.

23d Co., C.A.O., Fort Hughes, P.I., to Fort Drum, P.I.

286th Co., C.A.O., Fort Mills, P.I., to Fort Hughes, P.I.

*Temporary duty.

Changes in Status.

Service Co. No. 20 demobilized.

Service Co. No. 14 disbanded and records incorporated with Service Co. No. 15.

Late Army Orders

S.O. 84, APRIL 10, 1923, W.D.

1st Lt. R. C. Hildreth, S.C., to duty at Fort Sam Houston, Tex., 2d Div., with Signal Corps.

Leave for 4 months to Col. R. H. Van Deman, Inf., upon arrival in U.S., with per-

(Continued on page 809)

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NAVY ORDERS

Commander-in-Chief—Warren G. Harding, President.
Secretary of the Navy—Edwin Denby.
Assistant Secretary of the Navy—Theodore Roosevelt.
Chief of Naval Operations—Admiral Robert E. Coontz.

JUNIOR OFFICERS, NAVY.

April 11, 1923.

The following junior officers have become eligible for promotion in various grades and ranks of the Navy:

Line.	Medical Corps.
R. Adm. J. H. Dayton	R. Adm. M. D. McCormick
Capt. C. L. Arnold	Capt. H. C. Curl
Cdr. C. R. Hyatt	Cdr. R. A. Warner
Lt. Cdr. I. C. Sowell	Lt. Cdr. F. L. Conklin
Dental Corps.	Supply Corps.
Lt. Cdr. A. G. Lyle	Rear Adm. L. Hunt
	Capt. V. S. Jackson
	Cdr. E. D. Stanley
	Lt. Cdr. J. D. P. Hodapp
Construction Corps.	Civil Engr. Corps.
R. Adm. R. Stocker	R. Adm. P. R. Harris
Capt. E. S. Land	Capt. G. A. MacKay
Cdr. G. Fulton	Cdr. G. A. Duncan
Lt. Cdr. E. M. Pace	Lt. Cdr. R. L. Martin

NAVY GAZETTE.

Orders to Officers April 4.

Capt. G. R. Evans to home and relieved all active duty.
Cdr. D. T. Ghent to command U.S.S. Gold Star.
Lts. J. S. McReynolds resignation accepted; A. D. Warwick to command U.S.S. Wilmington.
Cdrs. W. A. Angwin (M.C.) to Naval Hosp., San Diego, Calif.; F. E. Porter (M.C.) to Naval Hosp., Mare Island, Calif.; Lt. Cdr. M. E. Higgins (M.C.) to Naval Dispensary, Washington; Lt. J. H. Brannan (M.C.) to U.S.S. Mississippi; Lt. J. G. Davis (M.C.) to U.S.S. Neches; Lt. J. A. Waters (D.C.) to U.S.S. Rochester.
Lt. Cdr. B. H. Brooke (S.C.) to Naval Sta., Newport, as supply and accounting officer.
Chf. Mach. P. J. Solon to conn. f.s. U.S.S. Milwaukee and on board when commissioned; Carp. S. Buttrick to U.S.S. Arctostook; Chf. Pharm. S. Wiersbicki to treatment Naval Hosp., Washington.

Orders to Officers April 5.

Cdr. L. R. Leahy to command U.S.S. Wright.
Lt. Cdr. H. E. Snow to U.S.S. Seattle as navigator; Lts. E. E. Burke to navy yard, Boston, Mass.; J. J. Hughes to command U.S.S. O-13; J. W. Rowe to Rec. Ship, New York, N.Y.; H. V. Wiley to Naval Air Station, Lakehurst, N.J.; Lt. (j.g.) L. G. Bricker resignation accepted; Ens. R. E. Waller resignation accepted.
Medical Corps—Cdr. S. S. Rodman to Marine Recruiting Station, Los Angeles, Calif.; Lt. Cdr. J. D. Bobbitt to navy yard, Puget Sound, Wash.; Lt. C. L. Haines to 1st Brigade, U.S. Marines, Haiti; Lt. L. A. Kennell to Naval Hospital, San Diego, Calif.; Lt. P. P. Maher to Naval Hospital, Great Lakes, Ill.
Dental Corps—Lt. Cdr. H. D. Johnson to Marine Barracks, Quantico, Va.; Lts. R. M. Askin to Naval Academy, Annapolis, Md.; C. A. Chandler to Naval Air Station, Hampton Roads, Va.; S. O. Clayton to U.S.S. Maryland; D. L. Cohen to U.S.S. Wyoming; M. Cohen to U.S.S. Utah; H. F. Delmore to U.S.S. Tennessee; H. J. Lehman to Destroyer Squadrons, Battle Fleet; P. W. Murdy to Naval Hospital, Norfolk, Va.; P. W. Velsley to U.S.S. Arkansas.
Supply Corps—Lts. G. W. Armstrong to U.S.S. Mercy as supply officer; H. E. Brown to supply officer Div. 36, Destroyer Squadron, Battle Fleet; J. W. Cavanagh to Naval Operating Base, Hampton Roads, Va., as accounting officer May 1, 1923; C. R. Murray to Rec. Ship, San Francisco, Calif.; Lt. (j.g.) E. W. Hawkes to Destroyer Squadrons, Battle Fleet.
Civil Engr. Corps—Cdr. R. M. Warfield to Public Works Officer, navy yard, Portsmouth, N.H.; Lts. C. W. Coryell to navy yard, Mare Island, Calif.; H. W. Johnson to Naval Operating Base, Hampton Roads, Va.
Gunr. L. G. Pixler resignation accepted; Mach. C. J. P. Buckley to conn. f.s. U.S.S. West Virginia and on board when commissioned; Chf. Corpra. D. Nyburg to U.S.S. Altair; W. H. Squire to Naval Base, San Diego, Calif.; C. S. Taylor to Naval Air Station, Pearl Harbor, H.T.
Pay Clerk C. C. Barrett to U.S.S. Arizona for duty with supply officer; J. P. Howard to Bureau Supplies and Accounts, Washington, D.C.; A. P. Clik. P. C. Davis to U.S.S. Trinity for duty with supply officer.
Dispatch from Cdr.-in-Chief Asiatic Fleet dated April 1.
Cdr. R. C. Needham to additional duty command U.S.S. Ajax.
Lt. Cdr. L. W. Comstock to command U.S.S. S. Sicard; L. C. Davis to U.S.S. Huron; R. P. Hinrichs to command U.S.S. Isabel; H. M. Kieffer to command U.S.S. Queros; A. Loder to command U.S.S. Elcano; J. L. Nielson to U.S.S. Ajax.
Lts. A. D. Brown to U.S.S. Ajax; G. R. Boston to U.S.S. Abarenda; J. Bachalter to U.S.S. Queros; J. B. Griggs, jr. to U.S.S. S-2; E. R. Johnson to U.S.S. Abarenda; L. P. Lovette to command U.S.S. Pampanga; D. M. Steece to U.S.S. Barker; S. Umsted to command U.S.S. Monocacy; S. S. Reynolds to U.S.S. Palos; J. D. Wilson to Rec. Ship, San Francisco, Calif.
Lts. (j.g.) M. Connolly to U.S.S. Monocacy; J. A. Guard to Naval Station, Cavite; E. W. Litch to Rec. Ship, San Francisco, Calif.; C. D. Porter to Rec. Ship, San Francisco, Calif.
Ens. L. A. Abercrombie to U.S.S. Villalobos;

H. P. Althaus to U.S.S. Whipple; W. E. Brice to U.S.S. Pecos; T. H. Bunch to U.S.S. Peary; B. K. Culver to U.S.S. Pruitt; R. B. Miller to U.S.S. Elcano; F. J. Riley to Rec. Ship, San Francisco, Calif.; D. M. Page to U.S.S. Isabel; W. L. Travis to U.S.S. Ajax; C. P. Woodson to U.S.S. Finch.
Medical Corps—Lt. Cdr. C. S. Stephenson to U.S.S. Black Hawk; Lts. B. P. Davis to U.S.S. Queros; W. O. Darwin to U.S.S. Elcano; W. P. Day to Destroyer Div. 45; B. Hollander to U.S.S. Monocacy; F. L. Hubbard to U.S.S. Abarenda; W. R. Lewis to U.S.S. Isabel; J. L. R. Shipley to Naval Hospital, Canacao, P.I.; C. N. Smith to U.S.S. Abarenda.
Dental Corps—Lt. D. L. Chamberlain to U.S.S. Black Hawk; Lt. E. J. Fitzgerald to Yangtze Patrol.
Supply Corps—Lt. Cdr. W. Gower to Naval Station, Cavite; Lt. J. M. Easter to Naval Station, Cavite; Lts. (j.g.) T. P. Byram to treatment at Naval Hospital, Canacao, P.I.; E. H. Bradley to Destroyer Div. 38; C. M. Garrison to Rec. Ship, San Francisco, Calif.
Lt. Cdr. J. W. Reeves to conn. f.s. U.S.S. Concord and as engineer officer when commd. Lt. K. D. Grant to navy yard, Philadelphia, Pa.
Lt. (j.g.) O. W. Gaines to U.S.S. Williamson. Lt. Cdr. W. J. Riddick, M.C., to Rec. Barracks, Hampton Roads, Va.
Lt. P. M. Albright, M.C., to Destroyer Sqdn., Scouting Fleet.
Lt. E. E. Dockery, M.C., to treatment Naval Hospital, Washington, D.C.
Lt. G. W. Wilson, M.C., to Marine Barracks, Quantico, Va.
Lt. E. B. Howell, D.C., to Naval Hospital, Mare Island, Calif.
Lt. L. Dancer, S.C., to charge of accounts of yard craft, navy yard, Norfolk, Va.
Lt. (j.g.) E. W. Brown, S.C., to Naval Supply Station, Hampton Roads, Va.
Lt. W. A. Maguire, Chaplain C., to U.S.S. Denebola.
Lt. W. O. Hiltabiddle, jr., C.E.C., to public works officer, Naval Station, Guantanamo Bay, Cuba.
Pay Clerk R. C. Ball to Rec. Ship, Puget Sound, Wash.
Dispatch from Cdr.-in-Chief, Asiatic Fleet, April 1.
Lt. A. J. Hayes, Chaplain C., to Rec. Ship, San Francisco, Calif.
Pay Clerk C. J. Buckley to Rec. Ship, San Francisco, Calif.
A. P. Clerk P. M. Vadenais to Naval Station, Olongapo.
A. P. Clerk R. J. Harrell to U.S.S. Black Hawk.

Orders to Officers April 6.

Lt. Cdr. J. W. Reeves to conn. f.s. U.S.S. Concord and as engineer officer when commd. Lt. K. D. Grant to navy yard, Philadelphia, Pa.
Lt. (j.g.) O. W. Gaines to U.S.S. Williamson. Lt. Cdr. W. J. Riddick, M.C., to Rec. Barracks, Hampton Roads, Va.
Lt. P. M. Albright, M.C., to Destroyer Sqdn., Scouting Fleet.
Lt. E. E. Dockery, M.C., to treatment Naval Hospital, Washington, D.C.
Lt. G. W. Wilson, M.C., to Marine Barracks, Quantico, Va.
Lt. E. B. Howell, D.C., to Naval Hospital, Mare Island, Calif.
Lt. L. Dancer, S.C., to charge of accounts of yard craft, navy yard, Norfolk, Va.
Lt. (j.g.) E. W. Brown, S.C., to Naval Supply Station, Hampton Roads, Va.
Lt. W. A. Maguire, Chaplain C., to U.S.S. Denebola.
Lt. W. O. Hiltabiddle, jr., C.E.C., to public works officer, Naval Station, Guantanamo Bay, Cuba.
Pay Clerk R. C. Ball to Rec. Ship, Puget Sound, Wash.
Dispatch from Cdr.-in-Chief, Asiatic Fleet, April 1.
Lt. A. J. Hayes, Chaplain C., to Rec. Ship, San Francisco, Calif.
Pay Clerk C. J. Buckley to Rec. Ship, San Francisco, Calif.
A. P. Clerk P. M. Vadenais to Naval Station, Olongapo.
A. P. Clerk R. J. Harrell to U.S.S. Black Hawk.

Orders to Officers April 7.

Capt. D. W. Blamer to Senior Member, Board of Inspection and Survey, Pacific Coast Section, San Francisco, Calif.
Lt. Cdr. L. Hancock to Naval Air Station, Lakehurst, N.J.
Lt. (j.g.) J. F. Cooper to U.S.S. Procyon.
Lt. (j.g.) H. F. Newton to U.S.S. Omaha.
Cdr. F. G. Abeken, M.C., to Navy Recruiting Station, St. Louis, Mo.
Lt. G. P. Shields, M.C., to Naval Hospital, Washington, D.C.
Lt. J. D. Thompson to U.S.S. New York.
Mach. J. R. Critchfield resignation accepted.
Chief Pay Clerk W. G. Nicol to 11th Naval Dist.
Pay Clerk H. R. Darling to Naval Torpedo Sta., Newport.
Pay Clerk B. Dunham to U.S.S. Florida, duty with supply officer.
Pay Clerk C. J. Thro to Rec. Barracks, Hampton Roads, Va., duty with supply officer.

Marine Corps

Maj. Gen. Commandant J. A. Lejeune.

JUNIOR OFFICERS, MARINE CORPS.

April 11, 1923.

Confirmed. Made Number for Promotion to Rank Indicated.

Col. H. C. Snyder
Lt. Col. C. F. Williams
Maj. H. L. Schmidt
Capt. L. W. Putnam
1st Lt. H. J. Norton
Lt. Col. N. P. Vulte
Maj. H. L. Smith
Capt. C. E. Rice
1st Lt. J. B. Hardie

MARINE CORPS ORDERS.

APRIL 5—Mar. Gunr. C. A. Pennington to Marine Detachment, Naval Prison, Portsmouth, N.H.

APRIL 6—1st Lt. H. W. Bacon appointed an A.A.Q.M.
2d Lt. J. I. Groome honorably discharged from M.C.R.

APRIL 7—The following officers detached 2d Brigade, Marine Corps, Santo Domingo, to Marine Barracks, Quantico, Va.: Capt. W. Sweet and A. Farguharsen, 1st Lts. M. E. Simmons, J. D. Waller, O. Prichard, M. E. Fuller, M. W. Scott, E. A. Fellowes and A. W. Paul, 2d Lts. J. F. Driscoll, B. L. Vogt, H. P. Smith, M. Watchman and G. Hall and Mar. Gunr. C. B. Loring.
The following officers detached 1st Brigade, Marine Corps, to Marine Barracks, Quantico, Va.: Capt. J. F. Duffy, 1st Lts. W. McDonnell, E. H. Leibenperger, A. G. Rome, R. W. Luce and H. M. Goode, 2d Lt. C. H. Hartzel and Q.M. Clik. R. W. Jeter.

Col. C. H. Lyman and 1st Lt. J. W. Flett to Marine Bks., Parris Island.
Capt. C. Kiekman to Marine Bks., Parris Island, S.C.; B. F. Fogg appointed an A.A.Q.M.; W. C. MacCone to Marine Bks., navy yard, New York, N.Y.

1st Lt. C. F. Mertz to Marine Bks., Quantico, Va.
Q.M. Clik. A. R. Schoenfeld to Marine Bks., navy yard, Philadelphia.

APRIL 9—Maj. J. Potts to Hqrs. Marine Corps, Washington.

APRIL 10—2d Lt. A. W. Lindahl honorably discharged from M.C.R.

APRIL 11—The following officers detached Marine Bks., Quantico, to 2d Brigade, Marine Corps, Santo Domingo, D.R.: Capt. J. M. Bain, 2d Lts. McC. Pate, F. O. Hall, W. W. Davies, J. C. Donehue, B. S. Roberts, L. O. Whitaker, W. H. Doyle, F. M. Wulbern and F. M. Birthright.

The following officers detached Marine Bks., Quantico, to 1st Brigade, Marine Corps, Haiti: 2d Lts. O. H. Wheeler, A. W. Cockrell, J. D. Humphrey, R. B. De Witt, E. E. Linsart, D. W. Davis, F. W. Biehl and P. E. Conrad.
Capt. A. T. Lewis and C. T. Beecher to 1st Brigade, Haiti.
Capt. F. Fisk to 2d Brigade, Santo Domingo.

Capt. M. H. Silverthorn to 1st Brigade, Haiti.

1st Lt. E. G. Hagen to Marine Barracks, Naval Station, Guantanamo Bay.

2d Lt. G. W. Kirkman to 1st Brigade, Haiti.
2d Lt. W. N. McKelvy detached M.B., N.T. S., Newport, to 2d Brigade, Santo Domingo.

Mar. Gunr. W. G. Jones to 2d Brigade, Santo Domingo.

Q.M. Clik. C. Wiedmann to 2d Brigade, Santo Domingo.

Coast Guard

Secretary of Treasury, A. W. Mellon.
Assistant Secretary, Col. Edward Clifford.
Rear Adm. W. E. Reynolds, Commandant.

COAST GUARD GAZETTE.

MARCH 29—Lt. (j.g.) (E) A. H. Bixby assigned Haida for special temporary duty.

APRIL 3—Lt. Cdr. LeR. Reinburg assigned Bureau of Supply, Treasury Dept., for duty as Special Assistant to the Director.

MARCH 26—Bttn. (L) D. De Groot to duty as officer in charge of City Point Station, C.B.M. (L) G. B. Nickerson assigned to duty as officer in charge of Old Harbor Station.

COAST GUARD NOTES.

On March 29 the Osagee was breaking ice at Searport, Me., and the Acushnet was assisting schooner Nanticoke ashore East Chop. On April 2 the Mojave searched for missing sampan off Maui. The Cahokia sailed on seal patrol April 2.

The Snuke searched for wreckage off Florida coast April 3. On April 3 the Tampa, upon being relieved by Modoc from ice patrol, made a detour southward to take on board six survivors from the foundered schooner Rita M. Chett, which had been rescued by the S.S. President Fillmore.

Mach. J. H. Jenkins, retired, U.S.C.G., died on March 22, 1923.

RECOMMENDED FOR PROMOTION IN COAST GUARD.

The following names have been submitted to the Division of Appointment for promotion in the Coast Guard:

March 13, 1923—Cdr. F. G. Dodge to be a captain to date from Jan. 12, original vacancy; Lt. Cdr. B. H. Camden to be a commander from Jan. 12, vice Dodge, pro.; Lt. C. G. Roemer to be a lt. cdr. from Jan. 12, vice Camden, pro.; Lt. (j.g.) A. C. Mandeville to be lt. from Jan. 12, vice Roemer, pro.

March 14, 1923—Constr. J. Q. Walton (lt.) to be constr. (cdr.) from Jan. 12.
March 27, 1923—Engr. Corpra. Lt. T. G. Lewton to be lt. cdr. from Jan. 12, vice Coyle, pro.; Lt. L. C. Farwell to be lt. cdr. from Jan. 12, original vacancy; Lt. (j.g.) W. G. Bloom to be lt. vice Lewton, pro.; Lt. (j.g.) R. S. Patch to be lt. vice Farwell, pro.; Lt. (j.g.) W. J. Kossler to be lt. vice Maglathin, pro.; Dist. Supt. (Ens.) F. B. Lincoln to lt. (j.g.) from March 25.

April 3, 1923—Lt. T. A. Shanley to be a lt. cdr. from Jan. 12, extra number; Lt. (j.g.) N. G. Ricketts to be lt. vice Shanley, pro.; Dist. Supt. (Ens.) J. Kelly to lt. (j.g.) from April 1.

TENTATIVE SAILINGS OF U.S. NAVY TRANSPORTS.

Philadelphia to Pacific—Argonne, June 9; New York to Pacific—Chaumont, July 16; Argonne, Oct. 27.

Hampson Roads to Pacific—Jason, April 13; Sirius, May 10; Capella, June 15.

Guantanamo to Norfolk—Proteus, April 21; Rappahannock, April 21.

Hampton Roads to West Indies—Henderson, May 1, June 5; Beaufort May 15, June 29; Kittary, May 9, June 13.

San Francisco to Atlantic—Chaumont, June 5, Nov. 6; Argonne, Sept. 24.

Puget Sound to Atlantic—Pro, April 20. San Francisco to Cavite—Vega, May 20; Chaumont, Aug. 28; Argonne, Nov. 30.

Cavite to San Francisco—Newport News, May 10; Chaumont, Sept. 28.

Hampton Roads to Europe—Trinity, April 20; Patoka, June 15.

Puget Sound to Alaska—Gold Star, May 1.

NAVAL ACADEMY.

Annapolis, Md., April 11, 1923.

Mrs. Cleveland McCauley entertained Friday at a tea in honor of Miss Sybil Carpenter, daughter of Capt. and Mrs. Dudley N. Carpenter, whose marriage to Lt. Carleton Shugl will take place on April 14 at St. Anne's Church, and will be followed by a reception at the residence of the bride's parents, 8 Porter row, Naval Academy.

Mrs. H. S. Nielson, wife of Lt. Nielson, 79

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turned Saturday from New York, where she went to meet her husband, who arrived on the U.S.S. Maryland from Panama on Wednesday. While in New York Mrs. Nielson stopped at the Hotel Commodore.

The midshipmen's dance on Saturday night was a regimental affair and was largely attended, many guests coming from out-of-town. Mrs. Macgillivray Milne received with Mdsn. Kenneth McLaren.

Lt. and Mrs. E. L. Vanderkoot spent the weekend in Washington with Odr. and Mrs. Charles Hinkamp, who gave a dinner on Saturday at Chevy Chase Club in their honor, and also entertained at bridge for them on Friday night. Rear Adm. and Mrs. W. H. Brownson have returned from Florida, where they spent the winter. They are now staying at the Hotel Lafayette, Washington.

SAN DIEGO AND NEARBY BASES.

San Diego, Calif., March 22, 1923.

Incident to the three days' visit here of the Congressional Committee on Appropriations and Arid Lands the local government projects came in for considerable attention. As guests of Rear Adm. Roger Welles, commanding the 11th Naval District, two hours were spent at the destroyer base, after which the visitors went to North Island, where an air review was staged

by the air squadrons of the battle fleet under command of Capt. Albert W. Marshall. The naval air station was inspected, and a luncheon was given by Capt. Thomas T. Craven, O.O. The ladies of the party were guests of Mrs. Craven at lunch at her home. The Congressmen visited the Army air station at Rockwell Field and the new naval hospital in Balboa Park, Capt. Francis W. F. Wieber, O.O. Inspection of the coast defenses of Fort Rosecrans was followed by a scenic drive on Point Loma and a visit to the fuel depot, site of the submarine base, and the new naval training station. Luncheon was served at the new marine base, with Brig. Gen. Joseph H. Pendleton as host. An informal dance was given Monday evening by the officers of the naval air station and Pacific air forces at North Island.

Mrs. Meinrad A. Schur, wife of Ens. Schur, entertained with a St. Patrick's day bridge party, her guests numbering twenty-five. Odr. and Mrs. Norman M. Smith were hosts Saturday at a dinner at Hotel Coronado in honor of Mrs. Carleton Betts of Buffalo.

Mrs. Frank D. Wagner of the Coronado navy circle entertained recently with a bridge party for about thirty. Mrs. Walden L. Ainsworth was hostess at a bridge-tes at her Coronado home, assisted by Mmes. J. W. Backus, Laurence Wild, Francis T. Chew and Frank H. Luckel. Mrs. Felix Johnson gave a bridge-tes Wednesday for a group of Navy women.

THE UNITED STATES FLEET

Admiral H. P. Jones, Commander-in-Chief.

Corrected to April 11.

U.S. FLEET.

Address mail for vessels in Atlantic and European waters in care of Postmaster, New York city.

Adm. Hilary P. Jones, Commander-in-Chief.

Vice Adm. John D. McDonald, commander of Scouting Fleet.

Rear Adm. A. H. Seales, commander of Battleship Division Five.

Rear Adm. Sumner E. W. Kittelle, commander of Destroyer Squadrons.

Antares, Guantanamo.

Arkansas, navy yard, Brooklyn.

Billingsley, Guantanamo, Cuba.

Bobolink, Guacanayabo Bay.

Brazos, Guantanamo, Cuba.

Breck, Guantanamo.

Bridgeport, Guantanamo.

Bridges, Naples, Italy.

Brooks, Guantanamo, Cuba.

Bruce, Guantanamo, Cuba.

Casa, Guantanamo, Cuba.

Chas. Ausburne, Guantanamo.

Chester, New London, Conn.

Childs, Guantanamo, Cuba.

Coghlan, Guantanamo, Cuba.

Converse, Boston, Mass.

Dale, Guantanamo, Cuba.

Delaware, Guantanamo, Cuba.

Denebola, Constantinople.

Florida, Boston Yard.

Flusser, Boston, Mass.

Humphreys, Guantanamo, Cuba.

Isherwood, Guantanamo.

J. K. Paulding, Guantanamo.

Lamson, Guantanamo.

Langley, Pensacola, Fla.

Lardner, Guantanamo.

Lark, Key West, Fla.

Mahan, Mariel, Cuba.

Mallard, Key West, Fla.

Maryland, navy yard, Brooklyn, N.Y.

Maury, Mariel, Cuba.

Mercy, Guantanamo.

North Dakota, Guantanamo.

Osborne, Guantanamo.

Owl, Norfolk, Va.

Preston, Guantanamo.

Proctor, Guantanamo.

Putnam, Brunswick, Ga.

Quail, Canal Zone.

Rail, Guantanamo.

Rappahannock, Guantanamo.

Reid, Guantanamo, Cuba.

Reuben James, Philadelphia, Pa.

Robin, Guantanamo.

Rochester, Guantanamo.

Sandpiper, en r. Cienfuegos, Cuba.

Santa, Guantanamo.

Sharky, Guantanamo.

Shawmut, Key West, Fla.

Swan, Portsmouth, N.H.

Teal, Media Luna Cay, Cuba.

Toucey, Guantanamo.

Utah, Guantanamo.

Vestal, Guantanamo.

Vireo, Guantanamo, Cuba.

Williamson, Philadelphia.

Worden, Guantanamo.

Wright, Mariel, Cuba.

Wyoming, Guantanamo, Cuba.

Charleston, San Diego, Calif.

Chase, en r. San Diego.

Chauncey, en r. San Diego.

Corry, en r. San Diego.

Cuyama, en r. San Diego.

Dolphy, en r. San Diego.

Farenholt, en r. San Diego.

Farragut, en r. San Diego.

Farquhar, en r. San Diego.

Fuller, en r. San Diego.

Gannet, San Diego, Calif.

Hull, en r. San Diego.

Idaho, en r. San Diego.

Jason, Hampton Roads, Va.

J. F. Burns, en r. San Diego.

Kanawha, Port Arthur.

Kennedy, en r. San Diego.

Kidder, en r. San Diego.

Kingfisher, en r. San Diego.

Lapwing, Pearl Harbor, H.T.

La Vallette, en r. San Diego.

Ludlow, Pearl Harbor, H.T.

Macdonough, en r. San Diego.

MacDermott, Mare Island, Calif.

Marcon, en r. San Diego.

Mervine, en r. San Diego.

Melville, en r. San Diego.

Melvin, en r. San Diego.

Mississippi, en r. San Diego.

Mullany, en r. San Diego.

Neches, en r. San Diego.

Nevada, en r. San Diego.

New Mexico, en r. San Diego.

New York, en r. San Diego.

Nicholas, en r. San Diego.

Oklahoma, navy yard, Bremer-

ton, Wash.

Partridge, San Diego, Calif.

Paul Hamilton, en r. San Diego.

Pennsylvania, en r. San Diego.

Perceval, en r. San Diego.

Procyon, San Pedro, Calif.

Prometheus, Balboa to San

Diego.

Rigel, San Diego, Calif.

Relief, Balboa to San Pedro.

Reno, en r. San Diego.

Robert Smith, en r. San Diego.

Selbridge, en r. San Diego.

Shirk, en r. San Diego.

Sloat, en r. San Diego.

Somers, en r. San Diego.

Sumner, en r. San Diego.

S. F. Lee, en r. San Diego.

Stoddert, en r. San Diego.

Tanager, Pearl Harbor, H.T.

Tennessee, en r. San Pedro.

Tern, en r. San Diego.

Texas, San Francisco, Calif.

Thompson, en r. San Diego.

Whippoorwill, Pearl Harbor,

H.T.

William Jones, en r. San Diego.

Wood, en r. San Diego.

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Elcano, Ichang, China.

Finch, Manila, P.I.

Ford, Manila, P.I.

Gen. Alava, en r. Kobe, Japan.

Hart, Manila, P.I.

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Japan.

Isabel, Hankow, China.

John D. Edwards, Cavite to

Yokohama.

Monocacy, Wansien, China.

Noa, Manila, P.I.

Palos, Chungking, China.

Pampanga, Canton, China.

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Peary, Manila, P.I.

Pecos, Cavite, P.I.

Pillsbury, Manila, P.I.

Pope, Manila, P.I.

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Financial Digest

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The statements made herein are based upon information and statistics which we consider reliable. But as not made upon our personal knowledge we do not guarantee their correctness.

By Raymond V. Sykes.

A great deal has been said in this column concerning the tendency toward inflation, and repeated warnings have been sounded that a severe reaction in general business and security prices would follow if a more conservative attitude were not assumed. It is difficult to say just when the line is crossed and inflation is at hand.

If prices should be kept at their present level, business momentum would probably not be checked. It has been the consistent advance, however, that has been alarming. Since the first of January the Irving Fisher copyrighted index has shown an upturn of 6.6 per cent., and, projected for a year, this would mean an advance of 25 per cent. The Bureau of Labor index of wholesale prices shows an advance of 25 per cent. within the last year.

Industrial Leaders Conservative.

Just at the moment there are some rather gratifying signs in the business world. The Federal Reserve has not increased its rediscount rate, but there has been a general belief that an advance would take place, and the effect has been almost as salutary as if an advance had actually taken place.

Industrial leaders have assumed a more conservative attitude in the matter of borrowing, especially for financing speculative purchases of commodities. So far in April commodity prices have not advanced as a whole and there have been a number of declines.

The buying of iron and steel is following a more subdued course, according to the Iron Trade Review. The copper trade is experiencing a lull, and both lead and tin prices are slightly off. A good deal of caution is noted also in the purchase of wool.

Wage Increases Follow High Prices.

A good many comments have been offered here also concerning the effect of advancing prices on labor. An upturn in the cost of living is always reflected by unrest on the part of workers and with the full quota of available labor employed, this restiveness takes the form of demand for wage increases. The result means a decreased margin of profit and many companies which are reporting new high records in sales will show disappointing net earnings on account of high overhead.

The Labor Bureau reports no less than 218 wage increases in March, compared with 86 in January, 59 of the March advances taking place in the textile industry. If commodity prices are held in check, as they may be, wages can be held under control.

Production at Capacity.

There is now no reason for employers to bid against one another for labor, because capacity in nearly all lines is about reached. The Federal Reserve sums up the situation by saying: "When production reaches the limits imposed by the available supplies of labor, plant capacity and transportation facilities—in fact, when the productive energies and resources of the country are employed at full capacity—output cannot be enlarged by an increased use of credit and by further increase in prices."

From this it would be taken that the present boom is close to its peak, but of course may continue at this level for several months, and in fact probably will. The Federal Reserve further states that the aggregate amount of member bank credits now in use is approximately as large as at the peak of credit expansion in 1920. This is food for thought, in that the credit expansion of that period was highly instrumental in bringing about the depression of 1921-22.

Switching from Short- to Long-Term Bonds.
For the foregoing reasons it has been deemed inadvisable to hold high-priced common stocks and this view has been frankly stated for a number of weeks. The moderate reaction which has taken place in the security markets has not modified this opinion. Low priced industrials and the majority of railroad stocks are attractive for long-pull speculative purposes. Advances were given here some time ago to switch from long-term bonds into short-term issues.

The present buyer of bonds should continue to select short-term paper, but later it may be advisable to switch to long-term bonds, this depending upon developments as they occur. For the time being there is no prospect of a material advance in long-term issues.

Subject of Diversification Worth Study.

Diversification of investments is a problem which should be considered seriously by all security holders. Division among a number of issues or even industries is not sufficient to attain the maximum benefits. Business is so interrelated that one enterprise depends upon another and if care is not exercised diversification may be superficial instead of fundamental. For example, a certain railroad may be depending upon a particular coal field and a steel mill may be depending upon the same field for its fuel.

The purchase of securities in both companies would consequently not offer a primary form of diversification. Another point to be considered in bond buying is maturities. Diversification should be exercised here as to the due of payment as well as to companies and industries.

The Guaranty Company of New York has issued a very interesting pamphlet on the subject of diversification which it would pay every investor to read. This firm will review an investors' holdings for the purpose of determining whether or not they are properly diversified and will offer constructive suggestions if the list is not balanced.

FORT CROOK.

Fort Crook, Nebr., April 4, 1923.

Capt. and Mrs. Duke entertained at a bridge party March 23 and March 26. Maj. and Mrs. Bryan and family were dinner guests of Lts. Schaiver and Barlow March 23 at the Officers' Club.

The Officers' Club sponsored a beauty contest dance at the Service Club March 24. Upon a raised platform all the handsome officers of the post passed over and the women were the judges. On slips of paper each lady present wrote her choice, for eyes, hair, complexion, figure and general excellence. Following the dance Maj. and Mrs. Bryan entertained at a hop supper in honor of Mr. and Mrs. Glover and Miss Schneider of Omaha.

The officers on March 28 held a skating party, the first in a month, so the floor was crowded. Following the skating Lt. and Mrs. Howie entertained with a "chili" supper at their quarters. Then the young people danced and sang. Thirty-one guests were present.

Mrs. Shields entertained March 29 at a bridge tea in honor of her mother, Mrs. Brown of Washington, D.C. Guests present were Mes. Bryan, Bucher, Branham, Collette, Duke, Draper, Dye, Greer, Howie, Huston, Johnson, Linnell, Marshall, Moss, Parsons, Rucker, Rogers, Shepherd, Stewart, Sheets, Willis, Misses Rogers and Bryan.

Capt. and Mrs. Frank Linnell and son, Frank Jr., leave April 2 for Washington to visit relatives. Mrs. Linnell will remain all summer.

Lt. and Mrs. Willis entertained April 2 at an April fool's party for Miss Helen Bryan. Only the lieutenants and their wives were invited. Some weeks ago the lieutenants entertained the women by putting on a play mimicking the Ladies' Bridge Club, so last night Mrs. Willis gave to each officer a dish towel, which he had to embroider.

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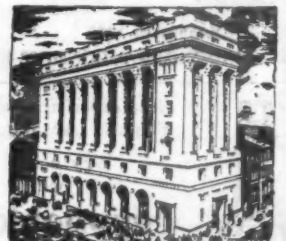
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CAMP LEWIS.

Camp Lewis, Wash., March 26, 1923.

A large bridge party was given at the Officers' Club on March 23, for which the hostesses were Mmes. William S. Harrison, James D. Brown and Jacob L. Hartman.

Col. J. D. Leitch is regaining his health very rapidly following an operation for appendicitis at the Camp Lewis Station Hospital.

The 8th Engineers celebrated Organisation Day with a review and ceremonies appropriate for the occasion. Addresses were made by Brig. Gen. Robert Alexander, Chaplain Albert L. Evans, Tech. Sergt. Thomas B. Dudley and Master Sergt. Louis Brots. The regimental commander talked to the assembly on the spirit of the organization. A holiday was declared in the afternoon.

Lt. and Mrs. Dudley H. Woodin were dinner hosts on March 25 for Mr. and Mrs. Frank S. Baker, Roy R. Gill, Mrs. Woodin's father, Capt. and Mrs. W. I. Green, Capt. George A. Hunt, and Mr. and Mrs. Ross Hibler of Seattle.

Capt. and Mrs. Lloyd Partridge departed from the post on March 24. Capt. Partridge goes to Fitzsimons General Hospital for temporary duty, and Mrs. Partridge will visit relatives in Chicago.

Mrs. C. N. S. Ballou, wife of Lt. Ballou, entertained at bridge recently, assisted by Mrs. R. H. Wilson and Miss Mary Wilson of Seattle. Guests were Mmes. Alexander, Wild, Buchanan, Staples, Boughton, Landis, Ayers, Bowen, Skinner, Savage, Hubbell, McClellan, Holcomb, Denderick, Lucas, Williams, Powell, Shutter, Lufrio, Cross, Swartz, Campbell, Jenks, and Miss Bliss of Seattle.

Army Orders

(Continued from page 805)

mission to apply for an extension of 1 month and to leave U.S.

Maj. R. E. Carmody, Cav., to Fort Riley, Kan., and report to Cavalry School for duty until Sept. 10, and will then report to commandant Cavalry School as student officer, troop officers' course.

Capt. A. J. MacNab, 23d Inf., from assignment to that regiment and is detailed as assistant professor at Syracuse University, N.Y.

Capt. T. H. Cawthorne, 8th Inf., from assignment to that regiment and is detailed as assistant professor of military science and tactics, College of the City of New York.

Capt. O. R. Rhoads, 9th Inf., from assignment to that regiment and is detailed as assistant professor of military science and tactics, Cornell University, Ithaca, N.Y.

Capt. J. W. Thompson, 54th Inf., is detailed as assistant professor at Cornell University, Ithaca, N.Y.

Capt. R. L. Ware, 38th Inf., is detailed as assistant professor at Agricultural and Mechanical College of Texas, College Station.

Capt. G. N. Watson, F.D. Fort Bragg, N.C., to Walter Reed General Hospital for treatment.

Maj. S. Doak, Cav., to Fort Myer, Va., for duty.

Capt. W. E. Durst, Q.M.C., to Denver, Colo., Fitzsimons General Hospital for duty.

Lt. Col. P. W. Corbushier, Cav., from assignment to 2d Div. and is assigned to 4th Cav., Fort Sam Houston, Tex., and will join.

1st Sgt. A. F. Viel, Troop C, 1st Machine Gun Sqn., will be placed upon retired list at Fort Clark, Tex., and sent home.

Mtr. Sgt. A. Brest, O.D., will be placed upon retired list at Fort Winfield Scott Calif., and sent home.

The resignation by Capt. B. Hibbard, M.C., as an officer of the Army, to take effect April 15, is accepted.

Leave for 1 month and 7 days to 1st Lt. N. D. Brophy, A.S., about April 15.

Capt. F. R. Brockschink, Inf., to Walter Reed General Hospital for treatment.

Capt. P. N. Starlings, 26th Inf., is transferred to 22d Inf.

Capt. N. H. Strickland, O.D., to Washington, D.C., to Chief of Ordnance for duty.

1st Lt. W. M. Tow, 38th Inf., from assignment to that regiment and will proceed at proper time to San Francisco and sail about Aug. 11 to Manila for duty with Inf.

1st Lt. W. A. Jackson, 57th Inf., from assignment to that regiment and from duty in Philippines and is assigned to 2d Div., Fort Sam Houston, Tex., for duty with Inf.

1st Lt. R. Lee, O.E., to Fort Riley, Kas., and report not earlier than May 26 for duty with Co. A, 9th Engrs., until Sept. 10, 1923, when Lt. Lee will report to Cavalry School for duty as student officer.

Capt. E. M. P. Sward, M.C., to sail on transport to leave San Francisco about May 29 for Chinwangtao, China, thence to Tientsin, China, and to American forces in China for duty.

Capt. C. C. Mattfeldt, Inf., to Walter Reed General Hospital for treatment.

Capt. A. G. French, 23d Inf., from assignment to that regiment and will proceed to Maxwell Field, Montgomery, Ala., for recruiting duty.

Capt. W. L. Mitchell, Inf., to Walter Reed General Hospital for treatment.

Army Fd. Clk. R. W. Hettinger will sail on first available transport for Panama for duty at headquarters.

Army Fd. Clk. C. S. Burnett, Berkeley, Calif., to San Francisco for duty at headquarters.

Army Fd. Clk. W. P. Twitchell to Fort Hayes, Ohio, for duty at headquarters.

Chaplain E. C. Sliney to N.Y. city and sail about April 27 for San Francisco and proceed to Philippines on transport to leave about May 29 for duty.

1st Lt. G. W. Morris, S.C., to N.Y. city and sail about April 27 for San Francisco and proceed to Philippines on transport to leave about May 29 for duty with Signal Corps.

Lt. Col. J. L. Long, O.A.C., to leave N.Y. city about April 27 for San Francisco and proceed to Philippines on transport to leave about May 29 for duty.

A board to consist of Lt. Col. W. R. Gibson, Q.M.C.; Lt. Col. E. Davis, Cav.; Maj. H. P. Carter, M.C.; Maj. H. D. Higley, F.A., and Maj. L. P. Ford, Inf., is appointed to meet in Washington April 15 for preparing a course on "Organization" for use of all branches in the

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S.O. 85, APRIL 11, 1923, W.D.

The following Infantry captains are transferred to Q.M. Corps: R. M. Hare and T. C. Knight.

The following 2d lts. of Cavalry are promoted 1st lt.: D. W. Sawtelle and I. P. Swift.

The following Cavalry officers to Cavalry School: Capt. J. C. Ward, W. F. Saportas, C. Pickett and 2d Lt. R. M. Eichelsdoerfer.

1st Lt. P. McD. Robinette, Cav., transferred to 3d Cav., Fort Myer, Va.; also 2d Lt. T. E. Whitehead, Cav.

1st Lt. J. G. Burr, D.O., to Washington, D.C., and appear before board to determine fitness for promotion.

The promotion of Chaplain H. D. Southard from 1st lt. to capt. is announced.

The following promotions are announced: Capt. G. Packard, O.A.C., to maj.; Maj. J. G. Winter, Cav., to lt. col.; 1st lt. D. Grove, Q.M.C., to capt.

Capt. K. M. Halpin, Inf., to San Francisco, sailing July 10 for Honolulu.

Capt. A. J. McMullin, 21st Inf., transferred to 3d Inf., Fort Snelling, Minn.

On completion of their present tour of foreign service in Alaska the following officers will report by letter to commanding general 9th Corps Area for assignment to duty with Inf. organization of 3d Div.: Capt. A. O. Gorder and 1st Lt. P. R. Goode, 7th Inf.

Capt. V. N. Cordero, Inf., on completion of course at Infantry School to temporary duty at Camp Meade, Md., on completion of which he will proceed to New York, sailing Aug. 9 for Porto Rico.

Capt. H. G. Holt, Cav., at end of present school term at Cavalry School is assigned to duty with School Detachment.

Capt. H. S. Beecher, Cav., is assigned to 14th Cav., Fort Des Moines, Iowa.

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Orders to Officers April 9.

Capt. J. Halligan to connection f.o. U.S.S. Detroit.

Lt. Cdr. B. V. McCandlish to connection f.o. U.S.S. Milwaukee.

Lt. (j.g.) R. Highleyman to connection f.o. U.S.S. Richmond.

Ens. A. L. Hamlin and M. N. Little to U.S.S. Omaha.

Ens. J. G. Wiam to connection f.o. S-13.

Medical Corps—Cdr. J. A. Murphy to U.S.S. Mississippi; Lt. Cdr. W. E. Findeisen to Rec. Ship at San Francisco, and A. E. Younie to Navy Recruiting Station, Kansas City; Lts. E. S. Cook to U.S.S. Henderson, and R. B. Storey to Rec. Bks., Hampton Roads.

Dental Corps—Lts. R. M. Askin to continue duty U.S.S. Maryland, S. O. Olney to U.S.S. Wyoming, and F. W. Mitchell to U.S.S. Charleston.

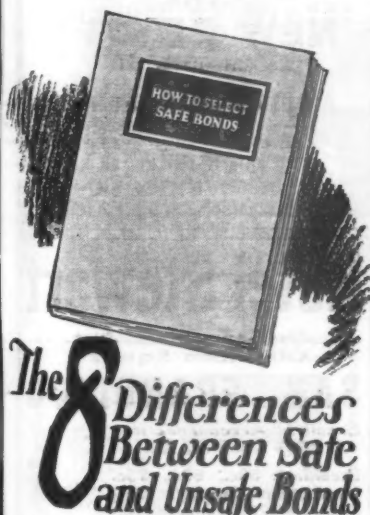
Chief Bten. M. J. Bresnahan to U.S.S. Colorado.

Bten. H. Plander to U.S.S. Concord.

Pay Clerk J. F. Wilson to U.S.S. Rigel.

Chief Mach. E. O. Davis to continue duty U.S.S. Jason.

Chief Carp. C. S. Taylor to continue treatment at Naval Hospital, San Diego.



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SCHOFIELD BARRACKS.

Schofield Barracks, H.T., March 18, 1923.

Miss Lucille Lipscomb was a bridge-tee hostess for thirty-eight on March 17. The 21st Infantry Bridge Club was entertained March 15 by Mrs. Peter J. Lloyd. Maj. and Mrs. H. Bernard McMurdo on March 15 entertained at dinner for Cdr. Worrall R. Carter, Maj. and Mrs. Clyde Abraham and Capt. and Mrs. Peter J. Lloyd. Lt. and Mrs. H. J. Thornton had five tables of bridge on March 15.

Gen. and Mrs. Charles T. Menoher had as dinner guests March 13 Gen. and Mrs. Joseph E. Kuhn, Grote Hutcheson, Richmond P. Davis, Gen. Helmick, Col. and Mrs. H. R. Perry, Lt. Col. and Mrs. L. J. Owen, J. P. Barney and Maj. and Mrs. A. F. Dannemiller. Lt. and Mrs. A. J. Russell gave a bridge-supper on March 16. Capt. and Mrs. Ned Bair entertained at dinner March 15 for Mr. and Mrs. C. S. Stevens, Capt. and Mrs. Charles N. Stevens and Miss Marjorie Booth of Honolulu.

Bobby Brewer celebrated his birthday anniversary on March 15 with a party. Among his small guests were Jerry Quintard, Mary S. Quintard, Cora Polly Kinnard, Ada Horn, Billie Hughes, Carroll Clappitt, Billie Clappitt, Billie Murray, Buddie and Walter Eisenhardt, Harless Parmelee and Genedick Clarke.

Capt. and Mrs. Edgar J. Tulley entertained at dinner March 15 for Maj. and Mrs. S. I. McCants and Capt. and Mrs. G. A. Miller. The 19th Infantry Bridge Club was entertained on March 15 by Mrs. Clarence Fenn. Capt. and Mrs. Fenn were hosts at a hop-supper on March 16.

Capt. and Mrs. Harry Collins on March 12 entertained at dinner for Capt. and Mrs. Steele, passengers on the Thomas en route to the Philippines.

Lt. and Mrs. C. D. Calley entertained at a mah jong party on March 18. The Air Ser-

vice Bridge Club was entertained March 15 by Mrs. Hiram Sheridan. Capt. and Mrs. Patrick McKenzie had thirteen tables of bridge on March 16.

Capt. and Mrs. Harry Collins had as their dinner guests on March 16 Col. and Mrs. R. M. Brambila, Lt. Col. and Mrs. Wallace McNamara, Maj. and Mrs. Clyde Abraham, H. B. McMurdo, Falkner Heard, Mrs. F. D. Sharp, Capt. and Mrs. Homer F. Tate, Andrew Knight, Clarence Fenn and Lt. W. W. Christian.

The officers and ladies of the 19th Infantry on March 16 gave a regimental dinner at the Officers' Club. During the dinner a silver cake plate was presented to Mrs. Gilmer Bell, whose wedding took place recently.

Maj. and Mrs. B. G. Ferris entertained at dinner March 16 at the Haleiwa Hotel. Maj. and Mrs. Clyde Eisenhardt on March 14 entertained at dinner for Capt. and Mrs. Leslie Connitt and Lt. and Mrs. Riley F. Ennis.

Mrs. Charles R. Carlson was a bridge-tee hostess on March 13. Mrs. F. D. Sharp gave a bridge party on March 13. Capt. and Mrs. Ercel Porter had nine tables of bridge on March 16. The Tuesday Bridge Club was entertained on March 13 by Mrs. Iverson B. Summers. Maj. and Mrs. James A. Gillespie gave a bridge-dinner March 16.

Mrs. O'Reilly recently gave a bridge-luncheon at the Haleiwa Hotel for Mrs. Frederick D. Sharp, sr., of Denver.

CORREGIDOR NOTES.

Fort Mills, P.I., March 5, 1923.

Mmes. Francis C. Beebe, D. W. Hickey, Philip Biehl and R. A. Dingeman returned on the President Jackson from Hong Kong, where they spent two weeks. Mmes. Beebe and Hickey also visited Canton.

Mrs. W. G. Reyer, mother of Capt. Reyer, has arrived for a visit with Capt. and Mrs. Reyer. Mrs. Reyer entertained with a bridge luncheon in honor of her mother, Friday. Mrs.

Andrew Hero, jr., had a table of bridge Thursday for Mmes. Long, Kessler, Ohstad and Cox.

Mrs. Hugh Lehman gave a birthday party for her little son, Hugh Lehman, on Thursday. Miss Katherine Dennis, who has been visiting her brother, Maj. Dennis, left on the President McKinley for Shanghai, where she will visit before leaving for the States.

Capt. and Mrs. Francis C. Beebe were week-end guests of Capt. and Mrs. C. D. Hilton in Manila. Among bridge hostesses this week were Mmes. E. H. Thompson, M. H. Sliney, B. J. Weir, G. W. Reyer, R. F. Cox, R. E. McGarraugh and D. W. Hickey.

Parties have been given for Mrs. R. V. Love, who leaves on the Chaumont for the States, by Mmes. McGarraugh, Cox, Hickey, Rinearson, Munford, Mead and Davis.

Maj. and Mrs. Albright were hosts at dinner for Col. and Mrs. Kessler, Maj. and Mrs. Marshall, Capt. and Mrs. F. C. Beebe, Capt. and Mrs. Farnsworth entertained at dinner on Friday for Col. and Mrs. Long, Mrs. Charles Long, Maj. and Mrs. Thompson and Knight.

Lt. and Mrs. Dodge and Lt. J. L. Harbaugh were dinner guests of Capt. Marvil Armstrong on Friday.

5TH CAVALEY NOTES.

Fort Clark, Texas, March 21, 1923.

The fortnightly dances have been temporarily abandoned and a post bridge club formed, meeting every other Thursday evening. The odd Thursday evenings will be given over to the usual post bridge parties. Mrs. Beylard and Mrs. Snyder were hostesses on March 8.

Col. and Mrs. Forsyth had as dinner guests on March 8 Maj. and Mrs. Harris. Capt. Cameron of Camp R. E. L. Michie was Maj. and Mrs. Kelly's guest for dinner March 8. Mrs. G. H. Unger had two tables of bridge on March 16.

Mrs. S. H. Wheeler, who was Mrs. Kelly's guest, has returned to her home in San Antonio. Mrs. C. H. Houghton gave a bridge-tee on March 12.

Dr. Simpson of Laredo, Texas, has recently been the guest of his daughter, Mrs. Stovall.

Mrs. Wynne gave a bridge-luncheon on March 16 for Mmes. Forsyth, Harris, Kelly, Haverfield, O'Connell, Barnhart, Patters, Fabri, Bruck, Melvin, Ingram, Fredericks, Beylard, Raycroft, Unger, Houghton, Stewart, Welles, Ireland, Stovall, Sheehan, Rawlins, Misses Folks, Mrs. Lane, Mrs. McCabe and Mrs. Mills of Brackettville.

Capt. and Mrs. Barnhart entertained on March 16, celebrating the birthday anniversary of Capt. Ligon.

Maj. and Mrs. Kelly have as their guest Mrs. Kelly's mother, Mrs. Fryor of San Antonio.

Mrs. Beylard gave a bridge-tee on March 19. Mrs. Stewart on March 20 entertained at bridge and tea.

FORT LEAVENWORTH.

Fort Leavenworth, Kas., March 25, 1923.

Maj. and Mrs. John H. Stutesman honored Col. and Mrs. John Morgan with a dinner at the Officers' Club, having as their guests Col. and Mrs. Jenks, Gardenhire and Lear, Maj. and Mrs. McEroy, Fuller, F. Smith and Somerville. During the dinner Mrs. Smith and Mrs. Stutesman and Col. Jenks sang, accompanied by Mrs. Morgan.

Mrs. Joseph Sheets of Fort Sill, Okla., is the guest of her mother, Mrs. E. C. Davis of Leavenworth. Mrs. Kent of San Francisco, Calif., is the guest of her son and daughter, Col. and Mrs. Gilbert Allen.

Col. and Mrs. O. A. McGee honored their guests, Misses Fuller of Topeka, Kas., with a dinner on Friday. Mrs. Frederick Bolman was hostess for the Monday Bridge Luncheon Club this week.

Lt. and Mrs. Neely Todd entertained with a dinner on March 19 for Maj. and Mrs. H. A. Flint, Capt. and Mrs. Huthstetter and Wilder.

Maj. and Mrs. Howard Snyder gave a large dinner on Saturday preceding the Dramatic Club plays. Mrs. C. A. Thuis has as her guest Mrs. Potts of Kansas City, Mo. Mrs. Charles Thuis honored her guest, Mrs. Potts, with a luncheon for twenty on March 21 at the Officers' Club.

Mrs. Samuel Mackall gave a tea on Thursday to celebrate the birthday anniversary of her mother, Mrs. Travis.

Col. Louis J. Van Schaick has recently been appointed secretary and executive officer of the General Service School, succeeding the late Col. A. M. Ferguson.

The Dramatic Club on March 24 presented two plays, which were exceedingly good and cleverly played. The first play was given by the chairman's group and called "Just Folks," by Zona Gale. Those in the cast were Mmes. Gilbert Allen, D. I. Sultan, F. B. Wilby, C. E. Hathaway, A. M. Milton and R. E. Gibbs, Lt. F. D. Ross and Chaplain F. C. Rideout. The second play was given by Mrs. B. B. Somerville's group and called "The Playgoers," by Arthur Pinero. The cast: Mmes. T. M. Chase, Walter Prosser, H. H. Broadhurst, J. H. Stutesman, J. A. Stevens, Miss Lottie Fuller, Maj. W. C. Miller and Capt. R. T. Hayes.

Mrs. Henry Fleet entertained with a four-table bridge party on Thursday. Mrs. Walter A. Goodwin has as her guest her sister, Mrs. Barnes of Boonville, Mo. Col. Barnes has charge of the Kemper Hall Military Academy.

Maj. and Mrs. B. M. Bailey gave a dinner on March 23 for Gen. and Mrs. H. E. Ely, Col. and Mrs. J. D. Taylor, Maj. and Mrs. T. B. Catron, Cortland Parker, Phelps, Huntley, Philipson, Johnson, Dillman, Hensley, Vertebaker, Pickering, Thuis, Richardson, King, Maj. R. E. Lee, Doug's Potts, C. C. Stokely, Mrs. Stokely, Mr. Stokely and Capt. and Mrs. C. J. Wilder.

Maj. and Mrs. H. R. Smalley entertained with a dinner on March 25 for Col. and Mrs. Ben Lear, Maj. and Mrs. A. D. Chaffin, Maj. and Mrs. W. Overton and Capt. and Mrs. Wilder.

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GOVERNORS ISLAND.

Governors Island, N.Y., April 10, 1923.

Mrs. Early entertained at a buffet supper and bridge on April 7 in honor of Maj. Early's birthday. Among the guests were Gen. and Mrs. Graves, Col. and Mrs. Gerhardt of Fort Jay, Col. and Mrs. Conrad and Mrs. Harman, Mrs. Early's sister-in-law, and other officers and ladies of the garrison numbering about thirty.

Lt. and Mrs. Siler entertained at a dinner of eight covers last week for Capt. and Mrs. Neal C. Johnson. The young people's party at the club on Friday night was a delightful affair. Mrs. Turnbull and Mrs. Pittz gave the party for about thirty young people of the post and their friends from New York. Mrs. Joyce entertained them at dinner before the dance. Maj. Gullion was decorated on Friday evening at the Town Hall, New York, by Gen. Bullard with the D.E.M.

Announcement is made of an officers' mess to be opened soon at the Governors Island club house.

FORT TOTTEN.

Fort Totten, N.Y., March 23, 1923.

A reception and dance were given on March 19 by the officers and ladies of the garrison in honor of Brig. Gen. and Mrs. Drum. In the receiving line were Gen. and Mrs. Drum, Col. and Mrs. Mitchell, Mrs. Mitchell, sr., Col. and Mrs. Hilton, Col. Duval, Miss Duval, Maj. and Mrs. Stovall and Maj. and Mrs. Kimmel. Before the hop Col. and Mrs. Mitchell entertained at dinner for Gen. and Mrs. Drum, and Mr. and Mrs. Steppens of New York. Mrs. Maxwell entertained at a bridge-luncheon for her mother, Mrs. Chapin of Hollywood, Calif., recently.

Mrs. Flagg, who has been quite ill for two weeks, is much improved. Lt. and Mrs. Read have as their guest Lt. Read's sister, Mrs. Hall of Winchester, Mass. Miss Barbara Burgess, daughter of Col. Burgess, is the guest of Lt. and Mrs. Fitzpatrick.

Mrs. Woodbury on Friday entertained with six tables of bridge. Dinner guests of Maj. and Mrs. Stovall on Thursday were Gen. and Mrs. Drum, Col. and Mrs. Hilton, Maj. and Mrs. Kimmel, Miss Reed and Capt. Cravens.

Lt. and Mrs. Fitzpatrick sail from New York April 25 for their new station in the Philippines. Mr. C. C. Rose and Miss Frances Rose of Little Rock, Ark., were luncheon guests of Lt. and Mrs. Moss on Tuesday. Capt. and Mrs. Brotherton spent the week-end at West Point as guests of Maj. and Mrs. Gatchell. Miss Helen Reed was the weekend guest of Maj. and Mrs. Nichols at West Point.

Capt. and Mrs. Gallagher entertained ten tables of bridge on Saturday. Mrs. Brotherton and Mrs. Read entertained on Thursday with thirteen tables of military bridge.

Questions and Answers

Questions having to do with military or naval matters will be answered in this department as soon as possible after their receipt. Communications must in all cases be signed, giving the correct name and address of the inquirer.

A. S. H.—Rear Adm. F. R. Harris is public works officer, 4th Naval District and navy yard, Philadelphia, Pa.

K. B. P.—Fort H. G. Wright is on Fishers Island, eight miles across the sound from New London, Conn. Troops stationed there are 43d, 100th, 181st, 132d and 133d Cos., C.A.C.; detachments of F.D., Med. Ord., and Q.M.C. Fort Terry is thirteen miles from New London. Has only a caretaking detachment, C.A.C., and detachments Med. and Ord. No post near Bridgeport.

J. D. asks: When double time was counted toward retirement, did sailing time count double toward retirement to and from San Francisco, Calif., and the Philippine Islands?

Answer: No.

E. J. R. asks: (1) Are Reserve commissions in the Pay Department of the U.S. Navy being granted to qualified civilians or ex-Servicemen? If so, to whom and through what channels are applications made? (2) Are Reserve commissions in the Marine Corps being granted to qualified civilians or ex-Servicemen? If so, to whom and through what channels are applications made?

Answer: (1) Pending reorganization of the Naval Reserve Force, the Navy Department is commissioning as Reserves in the Pay Corps none but those men who have had previous commissioned service. Applications should be made through the Bureau of Navigation. (2) The Marine Corps is granting Reserve commissions only to those men who had previous commissioned service in the corps and those who had passed for a commission while in France.

LT. FINANCE O.R.C.—Letter in response to your contribution headed "Wishes to Get Back Into the Army," and published March 17, is at the A. and N.J. office. Please send your present address.

W. C.—Pay of ordnance sergeants retired before the World War is as follows: Port ordnance, \$94.50; sgt. 1st class ordnance, \$83.25; sgt. ordnance, \$66.37.

DECISIONS OF THE COMPTROLLER GENERAL.

A captain of Engineers presented a claim for commutation of quarters, by reason of an abode maintained for a dependent mother while he was undergoing a course of instruction at Camp Humphreys, Va. While at the Engineers' School he was assigned to and occupied bachelor quarters. He claimed that while Camp Humphreys was a permanent post, suitable quarters were not available for his

mother, and he maintained personal quarters for her elsewhere, and was entitled to commutation by reason thereof.

The Comptroller General says: "It is unnecessary to decide whether the mother was his dependent within the meaning of the act of 1912, for claimant was not on duty without the territorial jurisdiction of the United States, and duty at Camp Humphreys was not field duty within the meaning of the statute. Also claimant was not entitled to commutation of quarters in his own right, for he was furnished quarters in kind."

Counting Longevity for Navy Enlisted Man.

A man was discharged from the Navy for convenience of the Government three months before expiration of his term of enlistment. The question was put to the Comptroller as to whether those three months may be counted as service in computing longevity pay. His answer is that "longevity service now authorized is to be counted for actual service only, and is not dependent on discharge or upon its taking place at expiration of a 4-year period, nor at any other particular time. A discharge when it occurs confers no added right for longevity, but by terminating the service the man is then rendering, the running of the existing right to it stops—that of accumulating during said enlistment further actual service to be counted for the purpose."

Transportation of Dependents.

A medical officer of the Navy was ordered from recruiting duty in Illinois to duty on board ship at Boston, the ship's home yard. The ship was then at Charleston, S.C., and the claimant states that it was generally known to the Service that the ship would remain in Charleston Harbor for an indefinite length of time. Claimant did not request transportation for his dependents until more than a year after the orders assigning him to the ship, and upon refusal of the Navy disbursing officer, due to lack of funds, to furnish same, he paid from personal funds for transportation of dependents from Illinois to Boston. Claimant states that he could not obtain suitable accommodations in Charleston; that efforts exerted from Charleston to locate quarters for them in Boston were futile, and that his wife could not be expected to travel from Illinois to Boston with four children, one of whom was only four years old, and locate quarters.

The Comptroller General says: "Right to transportation for dependents accrues on the effective date of orders to change station, and until modified by decision of Aug. 23, 1921, the requirement was that the journey be made within a reasonable time, not exceeding sixty days, unless prevented by sickness, or by lack of quarters at the new station. There was no right to transportation at public expense of dependents to Charleston, for under the statute the station of a person serving aboard ship is the home yard or home port of the ship, which in this case was Boston. Delay of claimant in locating quarters in Boston, or inconvenience that might have been incurred by his wife, does not justify the delay in traveling."

An officer of the Navy ordered from New Orleans to New London, to report Sept. 27, 1922, sent two of his children from New Orleans to school, one to Boston and one to Lakemont, Ga., prior to the effective date of his transfer order. His claim for transportation expenses of these two children is denied by the Comptroller General, such travel having been made for the personal convenience of the claimant, and not incident to his permanent change in station.

Enlisted Travel Pay on Discharge.

A man originally enlisted at Brooklyn and was discharged at Camp Travis, Texas, and re-enlisted at Camp Travis. Was later discharged at Camp Travis. The Comptroller General says that he is not entitled to any travel pay on the second discharge, because Congress by the act of Sept. 22, 1922, took away the option to receive travel pay to one of two places granted by the previous law, and limited computation of allowance from the place of discharge to the place of acceptance for enlistment, enrollment, or muster into the Service. The latter in the case of this man having been Camp Travis he is not entitled to travel allowance in any amount, for place of acceptance and place of discharge happen to be the same.

Officer Service Not Counted for Enlisted Longevity.

Replying to the question as to whether enlisted men of the Navy are entitled to count service rendered by them during the World War as temporary officers of the Navy, or as officers in the Naval Reserve Force, in computing their longevity pay under the act of June 10, 1922, the Comptroller General says: "Enlisted service is service rendered under and by virtue of an appointment. The service rendered by an enlisted man as a temporary officer or as an officer of the Reserve was under and by virtue of his appointment and not his enlistment. Service as a temporary or Reserve officer is therefore not enlisted service. "The effect of the provision in the act of May 22, 1917, was that such service as a temporary officer was to be taken and considered as the equivalent of enlisted service so far as it affected the rights, benefits, privileges and gratuities of such enlisted man under the then existing laws, but it has no application to rights and benefits created by subsequent laws, which are determined by the terms of the laws creating such rights and benefits."

"Likewise the act of July 11, 1919, had the effect of preserving the continuity of service of an enlisted man, but it has no application as to what service shall be counted for computing longevity pay of enlisted men in the Navy under the act of June 10, 1922, which is not dependent upon continuous service. "As the prior service rendered by an enlisted man as a temporary officer or as an officer in the Naval Reserve Force during the World War is not 'enlisted service,' such service may not be included in computing the longevity pay of enlisted men in the Navy under the act of June 10, 1922."

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To the Directors of the Pelman Institute:

"Dear Sirs—

"I feel I must write and give you a hearty appreciation of the results of the Pelman Course. May I first be permitted to make a few observations regarding its application to my own personal case?

"Born in 1890, my preliminary education was spread over three or four private schools, whose combined efforts just succeeded in pushing me into the Navy, in 1905, where I remained until there was a prospect of specializing. The possibilities of the air attracted me, and, after overcoming sundry difficulties, I succeeded in being selected for the 2d Naval Aviation Course at Eastchurch in September, 1911.

"The outbreak of war found me completing a period as assistant to the Director of the Air Department at the Admiralty, and on August 11 I was appointed to fit out and take command of some of the cross-Channel steamers in order to enable them to take on board seaplanes to carry out aerial work in the North Sea.

The Cuxhaven Raid

"The outstanding feature of this work was the famous raid on Cuxhaven on Christmas Day, 1914. After a varied war experience in many theaters of war, from the North Sea to Aden, sometimes experiencing success, sometimes encountering failure, my peregrinations found me once again in London in January, 1917. Then it was that, through a friend, I discovered Pelmanism.

"Luckily, just after that time, through a difference of opinion with the existing authorities, I was enabled to go for a six months' 'change of air' in H.M.S. Lion, the flagship of the Battle Cruiser Force with the Grand Fleet.

"Whilst no one will deny the difficulties and strenuous nature of naval life, compared to other forms of warfare, it certainly provides periods of comparative calm and periods when it is possible to put in good solid study, and in this respect, therefore, Pelmanism was enabled to get a good six months' footing.

"One can only judge by results. From my own experience I am quite satisfied that the work done and progress made in the last two years has amply repaid the moderate investment expended in undergoing the Pelman Course.

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"The successive stages, which were undeniably satisfactory, prove, without doubt, that there must be something in the Pelman Idea, because on December 23, 1918, less than two years later, one of its youngest students found himself in the House of Commons, with the addition of many other responsibilities and duties.

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"The War use manifests itself in the results achieved by officers and men who have undertaken the Pelman Course, in the field, either by acts of gallantry, or in overcoming fear, in stimulating personal energy and courage, in enduring hardships, and thwarting apparently insurmountable difficulties with unflinching persistence and undaunted will-power.

"The Personal use manifests itself in the advanced positions obtained by Pelmanists in the vast field of 'Professionalism' throughout which the Pelman Idea has permeated. This covers the wide range from the office boy, whose ambition, goal and desire it is to become a junior clerk, up to the managing director of a great financial combine, whose ambition is to control three-quarters of the globe rather than nearly one-half.

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"Can anyone imagine a more anomalous policy? And what is the reason for it? It is because people have never taken the trouble to think. They have never considered the fact that a great many laws of common sense apply as much to the human being as they do to the world of business.

"No one can go through the Pelman Course without being compelled to face boldly the hard facts of this life, and to erect and at least visualize mentally the goal-posts of this short mortal life. No one can over-estimate the



GENERAL FREDERICK MAURICE

"The PELMAN System is not cram or trick, but a scientific method of training which has proved its value to the soldier in war, and it would, I am certain, be of the greatest benefit if it were adapted to Army training generally."

Major General Sir FREDERICK MAURICE,
K.C.M.G., C.B.

benefits of such a course, and if we succeed in erecting a chain of concentric goal-posts, if we can successfully formulate some of the general aims of this life, some broad purpose for existence, much good will have been done.

"That is the outstanding result of Pelmanism as I see it. No one can go through the Pelman Course without realizing the matter vividly. Some people may be against materialism, but if they are afraid to oppose materialism because they oppose bare facts, surely they are lacking in moral courage.

As Wonderful as the Wireless

"Let us just consider whether there is not a single materialistic explanation, for Pelmanism is no magic Elixir. If we take the human being and analyze it, we can divide it into three broad general divisions, which are:—

- (1) Physical.
- (2) Moral and Intuitive.
- (3) Intellectual.

"These are the three predominant components of the Human Structure. Each of these compartments is developed and exploited by the Pelman Course.

"In my opinion, Pelmanism is only the most elementary lesson in a great new educational movement—a movement which will bring to our knowledge of psychological research, psychology, and the Why and Wherefore of this life, a resulting effect on civilization akin and analogous to the effect of Wireless Telegraphy upon Communication, or Air Navigation upon Transportation.

"Whatever may be your work, whatever may be your daily task, be it great or small, whatever may be your ambition, your aims, your goals, your purposes in life, nothing is more beneficial from every point of view than a clarifying of the reason for your existence, why you are here, and at least an elementary knowledge of the cogs which compositely comprise the Human Machine, and why they turn.

"This is the vista which Pelmanism opens up to you!

"I am, yours faithfully,

"CECIL L'ESTRANGE MALONE, M.P.

"The House of Commons, S.W."

The testimony of Colonel Malone is also the testimony of thousands of other members of England's air, land and sea forces. Major General Sir Frederick Maurice and Admiral Lord Beresford, forced to study Pelmanism because of its rapid spread in the Army and Navy, both gave the course public and unqualified endorsement.

Pelmanism is neither an experiment nor a theory. For twenty years it has been teaching people how to think, how to use fully the powers of which they are conscious: how to discover and to train the powers of which they have been unconscious. Pelmanism is merely the science of thinking; the science of putting right thought into successful action; the science of that mental team play that is the one true source of efficiency, the one master key that opens all doors to advancement.

With its record of 650,000 successes in the British Empire, this famous course in mind training has been Americanized and is now operated by Americans in America for forward-looking American men and women. Plans, methods and principles remain the same, but the foremost psychologists have adapted the lessons to bear directly upon American needs, and American instructors, carefully trained, pass upon every work sheet.

No Mental Teeth

The trouble with the majority of people to-day is that they express themselves in day dreams and not in action. When analyzed, this is seen to be a misfortune, not a fault. How can they listen when they have never been taught concentration? How can they have initiative and originality, when our educational system tries its best to turn pupils into parrots and have them all uniform in type? How can they have purpose, and hold to it, when our life ignores the fundamental truth that the human mind has got to be exercised in order to be fit and stay fit? As a matter of fact, the majority of people are doomed to day dreams because their training, or lack of it, has robbed them of their mental teeth. They can't take hold and hang on. The mind, unused to continued effort, tires quickly and jumps from one thing to another like a grasshopper.

PELMANISM does the simple, obvious thing. First of all, it teaches self-realization. Very few people really know themselves. They imagine they are this or that, and blunder through life the victims of their own ignorance. In the second place, Pelmanism trains the mind, exercising it scientifically, meeting its new strengths with new tests, until, at the end, there is perfect balance, full power, and an amazing endurance.

Life's Master Words

INITATIVE! Imagination! Personality! Good judgment! Originality! These are the master words of modern life, and it is precisely these qualities that Pelmanism develops, strengthens and directs. It opens your mind for inspection, letting you see wherein you are strong, wherein you are weak; and, even as it adds strength, so does it correct weakness.

There is no "magic" or "mystery" about it. It is not "learned in an evening." Brains are not evolved by miracles. Just as the arms stay weak, or grow flabby, when not used, so does an unexercised mind stay weak or grow flabby.

You can take a pill for a sluggish liver, but all the patent medicines in the world can't help a sluggish mind. Pelmanism is not a "pill" system. It proceeds upon the scientific theory that there is no law in nature that condemns the human mind to permanent limitations. It develops the mental faculties by regular exercise, just as the athlete develops his muscles. It gives the mind a gymnasium to work in; it prescribes the work scientifically and skilled educators superintend the work.

It teaches how to develop personality, how to build character, how to strengthen individuality. Instead of training memory alone or will-power alone, or reasoning power alone, it recognizes the absolute interdependence of these powers and trains them together.

It is not, however, an educational machine for grinding out standardized brains, for it realizes that there are wide differences in the minds and problems of men. It develops individual mentality to its highest power.

How to Become a Pelmanist

MAKE yourself a Pelmanist. Do for yourself what 650,000 other men and women have done—put yourself in a mental position not alone to grasp opportunity when it comes, but to make opportunity come to you.

Pelmanism is taught entirely by correspondence. There are twelve lessons—twelve "Little Gray Books." The course can be completed in three to twelve months, depending entirely upon the amount of time devoted to study. Half an hour daily will enable the student to finish in three months.

"**MIND AND MEMORY**" is the name of the booklet which describes Pelmanism down to the last detail. It is fascinating in itself with its wealth of original thought and incisive observation. It has benefits of its own that will make the reader keep it.

"Mind and Memory" is free. Use the coupon to-day—NOW. This is your opportunity.

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